



Ready, set, go! Profiling teachers' readiness for online teaching in secondary education

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Ready, set, go! Profiling teachers' readiness for online teaching in secondary education

In a very short time, secondary school education across the globe transitioned to online learning and teaching, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. This study aims at identifying teacher profiles in secondary education to better understand perceptions of both individual and institutional readiness to transition to online teaching. To do this, the current study grouped teachers on the basis of their TPACK self-efficacy beliefs, online presence and perceived institutional support for online teaching. To date, data has been collected from teachers ($N = 222$) from 20 countries. The data was submitted to latent profile analysis to identify readiness profiles. The added value of the current study lies in the combined view of individual and institutional readiness and the uniqueness of the dataset. It provides a large-scale international perspective and a wide range of possible experiences. Findings inform how education institutions can personalize and support transitions to online teaching.

Keywords: K-12 education; online teaching; TPACK; online presence; teacher readiness; institutional readiness; COVID-19

Introduction

Online teaching and learning have been commonly used for almost two decades in higher education (Martin, Budhrani, & Wang, 2019). The various tools and platforms available to support online interactions, such as discussions, assessment, sharing and interaction have been well developed, tested and have reached a relatively high level of acceptance. However, adoption in school education has been slower. With students and teachers all co-located teaching has been able to happen face-to-face. Research suggests that where online learning has been implemented (aside from distance education), it is actually blended learning where only a portion of the learning is online and in the student's control (Pulham & Graham, 2018).

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3 However, in the first half of 2020, schools across the world were forced to shift
4 to fully online teaching and learning in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. In many
5 instances, this was a sudden shift in delivery of learning. School teachers, many of
6 whom had never taught online, were expected to redesign their programs to support
7 their students in a 100% online environment. This required a full shift in pedagogical
8 approach to teaching and learning, and the use of a range of new technologies (e.g.
9 Gurley, 2018).

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11 In the following discussion, we aim to explore teachers' perceived readiness to
12 shift their teaching from face-to-face to fully online in response to the COVID-19
13 pandemic. Readiness is examined in relation to perceptions of how well they felt they
14 were prepared for this change and how well they felt their institutions were prepared.
15 Research has shown that both individual and institutional factors influence teachers'
16 capacity to take up new digital practices (e.g. Ertmer & Ottenbreit-Leftwich, 2010;
17 Author/s, 2019). Therefore, we argue that it is necessary to consider teachers'
18 perceptions of both their own readiness and that of their institution, to gain a full view
19 of their position. This combined approach can provide a clearer picture of what support
20 may be needed, either in terms of training or school agenda setting, to support the
21 transition to online teaching.

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23 To do this, we present an international questionnaire designed to capture
24 teachers' general teaching characteristics and experience, self-efficacy teaching online,
25 fostering online presence and institutional support transitioning to online teaching as a
26 result of COVID-19. Latent profile analysis was conducted to identify teacher profiles
27 of readiness to transition to online learning. Profiles provide a way to consider a range
28 of heterogeneous experiences in a given situation (Asendorpf, 2015), from which a
29 more effective person-centred approach to support can be designed. Implications for
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3 practice, school leadership supporting change and future online teaching and learning
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5 will be explored through the results.
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9 ***What is online learning?***

11 The term *online learning* is often used interchangeably with distinct and
12 overlapping terms such as distance learning, blended learning and e-learning. Over the
13 past three decades, online learning has become a significant part of education,
14 internationally (Singh & Thurman, 2019). It is necessary to understand expectations of
15 online learning, to understand the practice of online teaching (i.e. the design and deliver
16 of learning online). However, what comprises online learning and how to develop it to
17 support online learning continues to be a vague area of education and educational
18 research.
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29 One reason for this issue is our understanding of 'What is *online learning*?'
30 Singh and Thurman (2019) identified 46 different definitions of online learning, which
31 mostly come from the higher education context. There are a few commonly agreed
32 elements in online learning, they are often interpreted differently and they have changed
33 over time, as digital technologies supporting online learning have developed. Common
34 elements identified were: Technology, Time, Distance, Interactivity and Educational
35 context (Singh & Thurman, 2019). Interestingly, definitions of online learning did not
36 include *learning* as a concept. A lack of a clear definition in the field limits the
37 possibility of clear articulation in teaching, identification of exemplars and guidance on
38 how to address design (Singh & Thurman, 2019). Therefore, schools adopting online
39 learning are left with limited guidance about how teachers can be supported or what
40 may be an appropriate vision for online learning.
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Transition to online teaching

On 30 January, the Covid-19 virus was declared a Public Health Emergency by the World Health Organization (WHO). On 11 March 2020, the WHO declared COVID-19 as a global pandemic (Cucinotta & Vanelli, 2020). On 13 March countries began to implement *lockdowns*, which meant shutting down parts of the economy (Hirsch, 2020). In many places, people were ordered to stay home or at least limit activity outside the home. This included stopping travel, public gatherings and many businesses from trading. It also included moving many forms of work and education into the home. For schools and universities this initiated a rapid transition to fully online teaching and learning occurred around the globe. Suddenly, teachers had to provide fully online teaching, which created an alien situation for themselves and their students (Ferdig et al., 2020). At the time of writing, in many places face-to-face teaching had resumed in schools, but how long schools would stay open is uncertain.

The transition to online teaching for secondary teachers and students was sudden and chaotic. Given that online learning has not been not clearly defined (e.g. Singh & Thurman, 2019) and it is highly variable (Chigeza & Halbert, 2014). In part, the lack of clarity resulted in limited evidence of good practice available to guide the transition. Further, in many cases teachers do not possess knowledge about online pedagogies or how to support learning online, as it is not included in many teacher training programs (McAllister & Graham, 2016). Therefore, many school teachers have limited knowledge of and experience with online learning and teaching.

Areas of teacher knowledge needing development may include knowing which digital online technologies to use and which types of tasks should be included in online learning (e.g., asynchronous discussion tasks, online research tasks, video lectures or live video discussions). In regard to online teaching, questions may include how to be provide clear instruction, how to most effectively communicate and how to most

effectively assess learning (Gurley, 2018). Therefore, to be able to learn from teachers' experiences in the rapid transition to online teaching during the COVID-19 pandemic, it is necessary to investigate how prepared teachers felt they were for online teaching and to understand how they experienced the rapid transition to online learning, so schools can draw on these experiences to prepare for future online and blended learning.

Readiness to teach online

Teaching online requires technological skills, but also different pedagogical approaches than teaching face-to-face, to support learning online (Gurley, 2018). However, the question is to what extent teachers in secondary schooling are prepared to teach online.

We argue that readiness to teach online should include considerations across both individual teachers and their institutions. Several studies have explored teacher readiness characteristics that can be associated with the implementation of online teaching and learning (for an overview see Phan & Dang, 2017). However, these studies have focused only on individual educator characteristics and higher education (e.g., Martin, Budhrani, & Wang, 2019).

Individual characteristics affecting online teaching

TPACK self-efficacy

Online teaching self-efficacy can be considered a key component of educators' readiness to teach online (Hung, 2016). Teachers' self-efficacy to teach and support learning has been explored through the lens of the Technological Pedagogical and Content Knowledge (TPACK) framework (Koehler, Mishra, Kereluik, Shin, & Graham, 2014). TPACK comprises several knowledge domains, including domain-general and technology-specific aspects, that are relevant for teachers to implement technology in

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3 teaching and learning processes (Author/s, 2013). Use of the TPACK framework can
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5 provide a focus on learning and pedagogy, that is typically missing from conceptions of
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7 online learning.
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10 The following dimensions are key to the framework (Author/s, 2018b): TPACK—
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12 “knowledge about the complex relations among technology, pedagogy, and content that
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14 enable teachers to develop appropriate and context-specific teaching strategies”
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16 (Koehler, et al., 2014, p. 102); TPK—knowledge about the use of ICT to implement
17
18 instructional practices, principles, and strategies; TCK—knowledge about how the
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20 subject matter can be represented with the help of technology; TK—knowledge of and
21
22 about technology. TPACK, TPK, and TCK represent the key pedagogical and didactical
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24 aspects of TPACK, while TK represents a purely technological domain (Schmidt et al.,
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26 2009). This distinction was evidenced empirically by studies showing that the factor
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28 structure of TPACK self-efficacy scales was composed of a general TPACK factor and
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30 a specific TK factor (Author/s, 2018b; Author/s, 2017).
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38 Archambault and Crippen (2009) argue that the concept of TPACK is
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40 particularly relevant in the context of online learning. According to these authors, the
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42 focus becomes more centered around how the online course is designed, with special
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44 emphasis on the online teaching materials. At the same time, some studies show a lack
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46 of integration between teachers’ pedagogical and technological knowledge in the
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48 context of online teaching (e.g., Benson & Ward, 2013; Brinkley-Etzkorn, 2018). To
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50 illustrate, Benson and Ward (2013) created profiles based on the professor's degree of
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52 Technological, Pedagogical and Content knowledge in online higher education. They
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54 conclude that the knowledge domains interact in unique patterns and that a balanced
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3 integration of TPACK is unlikely when instructors are not able to verbalize their
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5 pedagogical reasoning behind their decisions to teach online. Also, Brinkley-Etzkorn
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7 (2018) found that integrating technology and pedagogy is difficult when training new
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9 online educators. Therefore, understanding teachers' TPACK self-efficacy can be a
10
11 useful approach to identifying readiness to teach online.
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17 *Online teaching presence*

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19 As stated earlier, teaching in an online space differs from face-to-face teaching, because
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21 of the separation from students by distance and time (Gurley, 2018). In online teaching,
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23 depth of learning in the an online space is related to presence. These can be
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25 conceptualized as social, cognitive, and teaching presence (Law, Geng & Li, 2019;
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27 Wilson & Stacey, 2004). Online teacher presence emphasizes educators' responsibilities
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29 of design, organization, facilitation, and instruction in the online learning space so that
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31 educational purposes can be fulfilled while learners and teachers are not co-located or
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33 working at the same time (Martin, Budhrani, & Wang, 2019). This is in line with the
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35 definition of Arbaugh and Hwang (2006), stating that teaching presence refers to “the
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37 design, facilitation, and direction of cognitive social processes for the purpose of
38
39 realizing personally meaningful and educationally worthwhile learning outcomes” (p.
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41 10). Key components of teaching presence are active communication, providing
42
43 feedback, and learner-learner interaction (Wilson & Stacey, 2004). Gurley (2018)
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45 explored the components of teacher presence in relation to teachers' behaviours in
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47 blended and online learning environments. Behaviours related to Feedback, Clear
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49 instruction and Assessment were found to relate to teachers' perceptions of high
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51 teaching presence.
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Institutional support

The rapid transition to online learning, which occurred in schools all around the world in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, pushed fast consideration of how teachers were trained to teach online (if it was possible in the timeframe), if schools had a pedagogical vision about online teaching and learning, how to support students to learn online, etc. Studies show that the success of online teaching can also be affected by institutional characteristics, such as technical support, pedagogical support, or the school vision about the implementation of online or/and blended learning (see Almpanis, 2015; Bao, 2020). While institutional support is crucial for the successful implementation of online education, some studies suggest that it is often insufficient (e.g., Palloff & Pratt, 2013). The level of institutional support largely affects how online courses learning can be implemented and sustained (see e.g., McGee et al., 2017), but it remains unclear whether or not schools actually meet the needs of the teachers to support online learning.

Perceptions of institutional support, particularly values and beliefs of the institution, also serve an important role in change processes (e.g., Ertmer & Ottenbreit-Leftwich, 2010). School leadership, and even leadership in a subject area, can strongly affect how a teacher perceives and values educational and technological-change (Hargreaves & Goodson, 2006). Importantly, strong leadership and clear support to integrate new technologies and practices in teaching and learning can motivate teachers to change, while a lack of commitment to change at an organizational level can demotivate teachers and limit change (Author/s, 2019). To support online learning, several aspects of institutional support, including the schools' vision and professional development for online teaching need to be addressed. In this respect, Author/s (2019b) found that it was not enough to provide training programs to prepare educators to teach online, institutions also need a clear vision and goals related to online teaching and

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3 learning. Teachers' perceptions of institutional support and related goals and vision in
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5 view of online education will have an impact on their overall conception of readiness
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7 and ability to teach online (e.g. Author/s, 2018). Therefore, to fully understand teachers'
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9 perceptions of readiness to engage in technology-related change initiative, it is
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11 necessary to examine both individual readiness and beliefs about the readiness of their
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13 institution.
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16 17 18 **Purpose of the study** 19

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21 The main aim of the current study is to identify teacher profiles in secondary education
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23 based on their perceptions of readiness to transition to online teaching as a result of
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25 COVID-19, in regard to their own readiness and that of their institution. Importantly,
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27 teachers' individual and institutional perceptions of readiness are considered together,
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29 given that both are influential in teacher change and adoption of new practices related to
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31 digital technologies. The research question address is:
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35 1. What are teachers' profiles of readiness to teach online?
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38 To address this question, the current study examines whether teachers can be
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40 grouped on the basis of their TPACK self-efficacy beliefs, their online presence and
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42 institutional support for online learning. A latent profile analysis was conducted, which
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44 represents a person-centred approach (Asendorpf, 2015). While the variable-centered
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46 approach is concerned with information about the trait, its structure, stability, and
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48 validity for an average person (Bergman & Wångby, 2014), the person-centred
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50 approach is considered more holistic in which the persons are regarded dynamic
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52 systems of interwoven components (Magnusson, 1988). As each person is considered a
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54 functioning totality in the person-centered approach (Bergman & Wångby, 2014), it is
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56 often studied by analysing typical patterns, for instance shared by a group/subsample,
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58 and not separate variables. Hence, in this study we conduct latent profile analysis to
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3 make visible different groups of teachers, better understand their profiles, and
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5 consequently be better prepared to develop and provide adequate training for online
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7 teaching and learning.
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10 11 **Materials and methods**

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13 In the current study we define *online teaching* and *learning* as: delivering
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15 learning content, materials and creating experiences using online platforms or tools, e.g.
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17 learning management system, for 80% or more of a subject (Rogers, Berg, Boettcher,
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19 Howard, Justice & Schenk, 2009)). This is a technology-focused definition and clearly
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21 focusing on delivery in the online space. The definition does not prioritize particular
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23 online learning practices related to time or interaction. To be inclusive of a range of
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25 educational contexts, it does not emphasize distance as a requisite.
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32 33 **Sample and Procedure**

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35 Between March and May 2020, we launched an online survey via Google
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37 Forms® that was aimed at assessing educators' readiness for online teaching around the
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39 world in response to the COVID-19 pandemic ("So, we're all online?: Readiness for
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41 online learning"). The questionnaire was distributed via several social media channels,
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43 institutions for higher and continuing education. Participants were fully informed about
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45 the intentions of the research before providing tacit consent (by clicking through to the
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47 questionnaire) for their data to be included in the study. All data were de-identified
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49 before analysis. As of 31 May 2020, the data set comprised 1144 educators in 64
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51 countries, across primary, secondary and higher education. For the current analysis,
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53 only those identifying as secondary school teachers were included ($n = 222$; 68.8 %
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55 women) and represented 20 countries. On average, teachers were 43.5 years old ($SD =$
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3 10.7, range: 23-74) and had 15.3 years of teaching experience ($SD = 10.1$, range: 1-42)
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5 across a broad range of subjects (i.e., Arts & Humanities, Social Sciences, Science,
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7 Business).

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10 The teachers reported an average of 4.5 years of experience with online teaching
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12 in total, but only 34.5 % indicated that they taught online prior to the COVID-19
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14 pandemic. The shift to online teaching was mandatory for 68.1 % of the teachers, and it
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16 was expected but not mandatory for 24.4 % of the teachers, and for 7.5 % of the
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18 teachers the shift was neither mandatory nor expected. Similarly, most teachers
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20 indicated that they had to transfer all their teaching to an online mode (67.6 %), while
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22 some indicated that only some (27.9 %) or none of their teaching (4.5 %) went online.
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24 On average, teachers were given 4.3 days to prepare for the shift to online teaching and
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26 learning. Please find more details about the sample characteristics in the Supplementary
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28 Material S1.
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38 **Measures**

39 In the present study, we measured teachers' readiness for online teaching by
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41 three key components: TPACK self-efficacy (supporting learning), perceived online
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43 teaching presence (time and distance), and perceived institutional support (educational
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45 context) using scales and standalone items.
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50 **Teachers' background variables.**

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52 To characterize and explain the profiles, we assessed the following variables:
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54 teachers' age (in years), gender ($0 = Male$, $1 = Female$), teaching experience (in years),
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56 online teaching before the COVID-19 pandemic ($0 = No\ prior\ experience$, $1 = Yes$,
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58 *teachers had prior experience*), days to prepare for online teaching after the decision for
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3 the shift (in days), days into online teaching after the shift (in days), degree of the shift
4 to online teaching ($0 = \text{No, none of it}$, $1 = \text{Some of my teaching}$, $2 = \text{Yes, all of it}$),
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6 degree of the institutional decision to shift to online teaching ($0 = \text{It was mandatory}$, 1
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= *It was expected*, $2 = \text{It was mandatory}$).

TPACK self-efficacy.

We focused on the three dimensions TPCK, TPK, and TCK to represent the pedagogical and content-related aspects of online teaching readiness. To assess these dimensions, we administered the validated TPACK self-efficacy scale presented by Archambault and Crippen (2009), which was adapted to the online teaching context. The respective stimulus, “I am confident in my ability to...”, introduced two TCK items (e.g., “...implement curriculum in an online environment.”), four TPK items (e.g., “...implement different methods of teaching online.”), and four TPCK items (e.g., “...use technology to predict students’ skills/understanding of a particular topic.”). Participants responded on a 5-point agreement scale ranging from 0 (*strongly disagree*) to 4 (*strongly agree*). The internal consistencies of the overall scale were high, Cronbach’s Alpha = 0.93, McDonald’s Omega = 0.95.

Perceived online teaching presence.

We assessed teachers’ perceptions of their online presence through three key dimensions (Gurley, 2018): online teaching presence for clear instruction (POPCLA; e.g., “Overall, I can clearly communicate important course goals”; 4 items), student feedback and assessment (POPFED; e.g., “Overall, I provide feedback in a timely fashion”; 4 items), and cognitive activation (POPCOG; e.g., “Overall, I help to keep course participants on a task in a way that helps students to learn”; 5 items). Teachers indicated their agreement with these statements on a 5-point scale ranging from 0

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3 (*strongly disagree*) to 4 (*strongly agree*). The resultant three subscales showed
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5 sufficiently high internal consistencies (POCLA: $\alpha = 0.90$, $\omega_t = 0.92$; POPFED: $\alpha =$
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7 0.82, $\omega_t = 0.87$; POPCOG: $\alpha = 0.90$, $\omega_t = 0.93$).
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10 11 **Perceived institutional support.**

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13 We assessed teachers' perceptions of the institutional support for online teaching
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15 using six items of the scale proposed by Philipsen (2018). These items addressed
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17 several aspects of institutional support, including the schools' vision and professional
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19 development for online teaching (e.g., "In my institution, there is a supportive
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21 environment as regards professional development for online learning", "In my
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23 institution, there are clear objectives as regards online learning"). Participants indicated
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25 their agreement with the six items on a 6-point scale ranging from 0 (*strongly disagree*)
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27 to 5 (*strongly agree*), and the internal consistency was high, Cronbach's Alpha = 0.95,
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29 McDonald's Omega = 0.96. Given that this scale addressed the general institutional
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31 support independent of the COVID-19 pandemic, we further added two standalone
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33 items that assessed teachers' perceptions of the technical and pedagogical support
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35 specific to the transition to online teaching during the COVID-19 pandemic (Stimulus:
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37 "If your institution has asked you to transition your teaching from face-to-face to online,
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39 have you been provided with the following..."; item PISCO1: "Additional technical
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41 support has been provided to transition face-to-face teaching to online because of
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43 COVID-19"; item PISCO2: "Additional pedagogical support has been provided to
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45 transition face-to-face teaching to online because of COVID-19").
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58 **Statistical Analyses**

Confirmatory Factor Analysis.

To identify unobserved (latent) profiles of teachers with respect to their readiness for online teaching, we first examined the psychometric quality of the scales measuring their TPACK self-efficacy, perceived online presence, and institutional support. Specifically, we evaluated their factor structures conducting confirmatory factor analysis (Brown, 2015). For all scales, we specified a single-factor model as a baseline model, modified it following our hypotheses on the specific structure of the scale (e.g., assuming multiple factors instead of a single factor), and evaluated the model fit utilizing goodness-of-fit indices (for an acceptable fit: $CFI \geq .95$, $RMSEA \leq .08$, $SRMR \leq .10$; e.g., Hu & Bentler, 1999). Once we had identified a well-fitting factor model, we extracted the respective factor scores and used them as observed (manifest) representatives of the scale. To accommodate possible deviations from the assumption of multivariate normality for the items within a scale, we used robust maximum-likelihood (MLR) estimation and derived robust standard errors of all model parameters. Consequently, model comparisons were based on the Satorra-Bentler adjusted chi-square (SB-) difference test (Satorra & Bentler, 2010). We performed all analyses in the R packages 'lavaan' version 0.6-6 (Rosseel, 2012) and 'psych' version 1.9.12.31 (Revelle, 2019), utilizing the full-information-maximum-likelihood procedure to handle missing item responses (Enders, 2010). Please find all details of these analyses in the Supplementary Material S1.

Latent Profile Analysis (LPA)

As a second step, we performed latent profile analysis using the factor scores of TPACK self-efficacy (gTPACK), the three dimensions of perceived online presence

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3 (POPCLA, POPFED, POPCOG), perceived institutional support (gPIS), and the two
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5 standalone items asking teachers about the perceived support for online teaching during
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7 the COVID-19 pandemic (PISCO1 and PISCO2). LPA represents a person-centered
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9 approach that identifies homogeneous groups in a sample based on a set of profile
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11 indicators (Lubke & Muthén, 2005) and offers a more flexible and model-based
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13 approach to identifying groups than cluster analysis (Marsh, Lüdtke, Trautwein, &
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15 Morin, 2009). Furthermore, LPA offers relative fit indices, such as the Akaike
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17 information criterion [AIC], the Bayesian information criterion [BIC], and the sample-
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19 size-adjusted BIC [aBIC], allowing researchers to compare different assumptions on the
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21 number of profiles, their shape, and sizes.
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29 Typically, identifying the number of latent profiles in a sample follows a
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31 rigorous procedure in which a series of LPAs are conducted with varying numbers of
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33 profiles (Masyn, 2013). The resultant models are then compared via the adjusted Lo-
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35 Mendell-Rubin [LMR] and the Vuong-Lo-Mendell-Rubin [VLMR] likelihood-ratio
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37 tests [LRT], information criteria, and the entropies, that is, an indicator of classification
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39 accuracy with acceptable values above .70 (Jung & Wickrama, 2008). However, the
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41 optimal profile solution should reveal conceptually meaningful and interpretable
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43 profiles of substantial size (Marsh et al., 2009). We performed the LPA with the
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45 software package *Mplus* version 8.3 (Muthén & Muthén, 1998-2017), using MLR
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47 estimation. Please find the details in the Supplementary Material S2.
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55 Results

56 Descriptive Statistics, Measurement Models, and Correlations

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3 The descriptive statistics for the variables we submitted to LPA (i.e., the profile
4 indicators) did not indicate any ceiling or floor effects, and the respective items only
5 marginally deviated from an optimal normal distribution (see Supplementary Material
6 S1). Table 1 exhibits the respective statistics and the correlation matrix.
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13 <Insert Table 1 here>
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18 Profile indicators were positively and significantly correlated, with high
19 correlations among indicators representing the subscales of the same construct and low
20 to moderate correlations among indicators of different constructs. The full item-level
21 correlation matrix is presented in Supplementary Material S3.
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27 Next, we inspected the measurement models of the scales (see Supplementary
28 Material S1). The model describing *TPACK self-efficacy* contained a general TPACK
29 factor and four residual covariances among items that addressed the same concepts or
30 similar formulations, $SB-\chi^2(31) = 43.8, p = .064, CFI = 0.988, RMSEA = 0.043, SRMR$
31 $= 0.031$. Neither a single-factor model without residual covariances nor a model
32 distinguishing between TPCK, TPK, and TCK as three correlated factors exhibited good
33 fit to the data. The latter showed factor correlations between $\rho = 0.95$ and $\rho = 0.98$.
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Perceived institutional support was represented by a single factor and a residual
covariance between two item. The respective model showed excellent fit to the data,
 $SB-\chi^2(8) = 11.4, p = .179, CFI = 0.996, RMSEA = 0.044, SRMR = 0.015$. Finally, the
measurement model distinguishing between three factors of *perceived online teaching*
presence (i.e., POPCLA, POPFED, POPCOG) exhibited a good fit to the data ($SB-\chi^2$
[60] $= 84.4, p = .021, CFI = 0.981, RMSEA = 0.043, SRMR = 0.034$) and resulted in

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3 factor correlations between $\rho = 0.68$ and $\rho = 0.84$. Two residual covariances were part
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5 of this model (see Supplementary Material S1).
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9 **Latent Profile Analysis**

11 **Identifying the number of profiles.**

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14 Table 2 shows the resultant log-likelihood values, the information criteria,
15
16 entropies, and the likelihood-ratio tests comparing the model with k profiles to the
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18 model with $k-1$ profiles.
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21 <Insert Table 2 here>
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28 Increasing the number of profiles decreased the log-likelihood values and
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30 information criteria and indicated a better fit of the LPA models with more profiles. At
31
32 the same time, the likelihood-ratio tests suggested that this decrease was no longer
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34 statistically significant when adding one more profile to the three-profile solution—
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36 however, the extant literature discusses these tests controversially, especially because
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38 they only test global model fit differences and may not have sufficient power to detect
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40 the correct number of profile in situations with a highly separability of the profiles
41
42 (Tein, Coxe, & Cham, 2013). In this sense, these tests should not serve as the only
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44 source for determining the profiles. Examining the information criteria, we also found
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46 an elbow in their decrease between three and four profiles. Finally, the entropy was the
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48 highest for the five-profile model. We further examined the profile sizes and their
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50 shapes and found that very small and hardly distinguishable profiles occurred for more
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52 than four profiles (see Table 2). Although the three-profile model exhibited well-
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54 interpretable profiles with consistently low, medium, or high values of the profile
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3 indicators, adding one more profile identified a group of teachers with a pattern that
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5 could be clearly distinguished from these three standard profiles. Considering the high
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7 entropy (0.924), the preference over the three-profile model according to the
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9 information criteria, the sufficiently large profile sizes, and the interpretability of the
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11 profiles, we accepted the LPA model with four profiles as the final model.
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16 To further back this decision, we examined whether the four profiles differed
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18 significantly in the profile indicators using a multivariate analysis of variance. The
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20 overall, multivariate test of mean differences between the four profiles was statistically
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22 significant (Pillai's trace $V = 0.56$, $F[7, 212] = 38.7$, $p < .001$) and explained about 57
23
24 % of the variance in the profile indicators. Further post-hoc tests revealed significant
25
26 profile differences in all profile indicators ($F_s > 12.99$, $p_s < .001$), explaining between
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28 5.6 % (PISCO1) and 50.0 % (POPGEN) of variation. These findings support the
29
30 distinction between the four profiles.
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36 Considering the heterogeneous nature of the sample, we also tested for possible
37
38 country effects. To do this, we extended the LPA to multilevel LPA with countries as
39
40 cluster units and tested for significant between-country variation in the profile
41
42 membership probabilities. The comparison between the LPA model with predictors at
43
44 the individual level and its multilevel extension did not reveal any significant variation
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46 between countries (Likelihood-ratio test: $\chi^2[6] = 3.9$, $p = .69$). Hence, we did
47
48 not have evidence for country effects.
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54 **Characterizing the profiles.**

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57 The characteristics of teachers in the four profiles are presented in Table 3. The four
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59 profiles are presented in Figure 1. It is observed that Profile 3 has the largest
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1
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3 membership with 46.6 % of the sample ($n = 103$) and the smallest being Profile 4 with
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5 13.5 % ($n = 30$).
6

7
8 Figure 1 presents the factor means of each profile for teachers' perceptions of
9
10 their own readiness (gTPACK, POPCLA, POPFED & POPCOG) and readiness of their
11
12 institution (gPIS, PISCO1 & PISCO2). Strong correlations (see Table 1) between
13
14 gTPACK and gPIS are reflected in Profiles 2-4, and strong correlations among
15
16 subfactors of both gTPACK and gPIS are observed in all four profiles. On teachers'
17
18 perceptions of their individual readiness to teach online, Profiles 3 and 4 both reflect
19
20 teachers' positive perceptions, resulting in 59.9 % of participants reporting positive
21
22 perceptions about their readiness to teach online. This is particularly interesting, given
23
24 the majority of the sample reported having not previously taught online. It can also be
25
26 noted that teachers in Profile 4 had more days to prepare to teach online (see Table 3).
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30 Profiles 1 and 2 both reflect negative perceptions; variance on all factors was
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32 less in Profiles 3 and 4 than Profiles 1 and 2 (see SupplementaryMaterial-S4).
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34
35 <Insert Table 3 here>
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37
38 <Insert Figure 1 here>
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42 On teachers' perceptions of their institution's readiness to teach online, the
43
44 pattern changes slightly. Profiles 1, 3 and 4, comprising 83.3% of the sample, reflect
45
46 positive perceptions about institutional readiness. Profile 2 is the only group to report
47
48 negative perceptions of institutional readiness. Results suggest these are strongly
49
50 negative perceptions across all three institutional factors. Teachers in Profile 1 and 2
51
52 had similar perceptions of their individual readiness, but analysis of background
53
54 variables relating to institutional experiences suggests participants were more likely to
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56 be members of Profile 1 ($B = -0.40$, $SE = 0.19$, $p < .039$, $OR = 0.67$) if the transition to
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3 online teaching in response to COVID-19 was not made mandatory in their institution
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6 or if they did not have to transition all of their teaching (see Table 3).
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8 In summary, four profiles were identified. These can be classified as
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10 representing 'High' perceptions of readiness' (Profile 4), 'Medium' perceptions (Profile
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12 3), 'Low' perceptions' (Profile 1) and 'Mixed' perceptions (Profile 2). It can be observed
13
14 that the four-profile solution does indeed provide a theoretically meaningful
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16 representation of teachers' perceptions. This also highlights the importance of
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18 institutional readiness, particularly for teachers with lower perceptions of their own
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20 readiness to teach online. Implications and scenarios will be considered in the next
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22 section.
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30 **Discussion, implications and future research**

31 The main aim of the current study is to identify teacher profiles in secondary
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33 education based on their perceptions of readiness to transition to online teaching as a
34
35 result of COVID-19, in regard to their own readiness and that of their institution.
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37 Addressing the research question, the main contribution of this paper is the
38
39 identification of four profiles based on combined individual and institutional factors. In
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41 the following discussion, we explore the implications of individual and institutional
42
43 perceptions of each profile in regard to the COVID-19 transition to online teaching and
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45 how these findings can inform future change initiatives.
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51 First, we consider implications of Profiles 3 and 4, Medium and High
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53 perceptions of readiness for online teaching, respectively. While both of these groups
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55 are positive, the nature of their perception are quite different. Primarily, the Medium
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57 group is only weakly positive, and significantly lower than the High group. As a result,
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2
3 the level of support to transition to online teaching between these two sets of teachers
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5 would vary significantly. In particular, the Medium group would likely benefit from
6
7 direct support on how to facilitate learning (gTPACK), create clear instruction
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9 (POPCLA), provide feedback (POPFED) and keep students engaged (POPCOG). Given
10
11 the Medium group has generally expressed positive perceptions, the teachers would
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13 likely feel positively about online teaching and learning and be receptive to targeted
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15 support to develop their online teaching (Almpanis, 2015; Bao, 2020). Given the very
16
17 positive perceptions and higher experience with online teaching in the High group.
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19 These teachers could be used in a school to support their peers to design and implement
20
21 online learning.
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28 In terms of institutional support, given the strong correlation between
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30 perceptions of Institutional Support (gPIS) and support for the COVID-19 transition
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32 (PISCO1 & PISCO2), it is unsurprising that teachers in the Medium group felt their
33
34 institutions had less overall support for online learning. The transition to online learning
35
36 was also less likely to be mandatory for teachers in the Medium group (see Table 3).
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38 However, it is necessary to consider possible effects of the relationship between their
39
40 individual perceptions and what they perceive as support at their institution. Teachers in
41
42 the Medium profile reported their institutions were only weakly supporting them
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44 technologically and pedagogically to transition to online learning, this is likely to affect
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46 how they perceive their own readiness (e.g. Chandra & Mills, 2015; Ertmer &
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48 Ottenbreit-Leftwich, 2010). A perceived lack of support or a weakly positive perception
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50 of support in relation to variables, such as professional development, clear objectives
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52 and an institutional strategy will affect how teachers approach online learning, what
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3 they feel are the objectives and how they design interactions. For teachers with only
4
5 weak positive perception of their own readiness, it would actually be more important for
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7 institutions to have a strong vision and clear goals for online teaching and learning
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9 (Hargreaves & Goodson, 2006; Author/s, 2019). A lack of consistency across an
10
11 institution will also affect the experiences of their students, which in secondary
12
13 education may then be highly variable across their different subjects (e.g. McGee et al.,
14
15 2017). For teachers in the High profile, they reported very positive perceptions of their
16
17 institutional readiness. However, while not statistically significantly different in the
18
19 sample, the technological support was higher than pedagogical support. For teachers
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21 with more experience in online teaching, ongoing pedagogical support would be
22
23 important for them to continue professional learning and experimenting with new online
24
25 learning approaches (e.g. Philipsen et al., 2019). This should be a consideration for high
26
27 performing teachers in change initiatives. However, during the rapid shift to online
28
29 teaching during the COVID-19 pandemic, it would be unlikely this group would be
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31 engaging in training. They would be able to instead provide necessary 'just-in-time'
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33 institutional support for other teachers, and support through communities of practice
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35 beyond their schools, to support a consistent vision of online learning and teaching (e.g.
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37 Author/s, 2018).

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48 Teachers in the Low and Mixed profiles, Profiles 1 and 2 respectively, reported
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50 negative perceptions of their individual readiness to teach online. The difficulty of this,
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52 in the rapid transition to online learning in the COVID-19 pandemic, is that there was
53
54 little time to provide teachers with the necessary professional development. In this case,
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56 how institutions approach the rapid transition to support teachers is even more
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3 important than usual. With this in mind, we consider the split between Low and Mixed
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5 groups on institutional readiness and implications for institutional responses during the
6
7 rapid transition..
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10 The Low group also reported very negative perceptions of their institution's
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12 readiness, while the Mixed group was positive. First, it is quite possible that the Low
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14 group's strong negative perceptions of their institutions affected their perceptions of
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16 readiness, their engagement in teaching online and designing online learning (e.g.
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18 Hargreaves & Goodson, 2006). Further, the finding that teachers in the Low group were
19
20 less likely to have a mandatory online transition in their institution, combined with their
21
22 negative perceptions, suggests they may have experienced a more chaotic approach to
23
24 the transition to online teaching. In contrast, the Mixed group was actually more
25
26 positive about their institutional readiness than the Medium group. Positive perceptions
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28 of their institution would have a positive effect on their individual readiness (Ertmer &
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30 Ottenbreit-Leftwich, 2010). While the Mixed teachers might not have felt confident,
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32 they would be more likely to be motivated to teach online if their institutions created a
33
34 clear vision and provided the necessary support (Author/s., 2018).
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43 Institutional responses at times of rapid changes in teaching and learning could
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45 possibly compensate for a lack of time and/or training for teachers to appropriately
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47 prepare for changes. For teachers with a Low or Mixed profile, a strong institutional
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49 response to change could significantly improve their experience and the experiences of
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51 their students. This is particularly important for changes initiatives around online
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53 learning, where there is not a clear understanding of what this comprises (Singh &
54
55 Thurman, 2019) or disciplinary expectations in secondary education. Future research
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3 will explore some of the implications of interactions between individual and
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5 institutional readiness. While participating teachers represented 20 different countries in
6
7 the sample, there was no country effect in profile membership. However, given the
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9 small sample size ($N = 222$), the results should be considered exploratory, rather than
10
11 generalizable. Therefore, teachers' qualitative responses will be analysed to better
12
13 understand their experience transitioning to online teaching, in relation to the specific
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15 factors (e.g. TPACK, online presence and institutional readiness) to gain a better
16
17 understanding of the profiles, where educational context affects teachers' experiences
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19 and what type of support may be appropriate for each group.
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26 A limitation of the study is distribution through social media and other online
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28 channels. This potentially exclude teachers who are not active online and would
29
30 potentially have a different experience in online learning. However, a reasonable way to
31
32 access international teachers who are/were transitioning to online teaching, but not
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34 participating in social media, does not exist. Moreover, while distribution through social
35
36 media afforded access to teachers across 20 countries, there were only 1-2 teachers from
37
38 many of those contexts. This limits the ability to test for differences between countries.
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41 A second issue is the absence of an outcome variable to understand the implications of
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43 profile membership on design of online learning and results of their transition. A
44
45 significant proportion of teachers have agreed to a follow up study where the results of
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47 rapid transition and online teaching, both of these issues will be addressed by further
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49 exploring a range of countries and contexts to better understand the online learning and
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51 teaching outcomes for each profile.
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Conclusions

The rapid transition from face-to-face teaching to online in secondary education, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, was unprecedented. The short timeframe to transition to online teaching and learning resulted in limited time for teachers to upskill and prepare. Therefore, the role of the institution had an important responsibility to provide support and a common view of expectations for online learning and teaching, to compensate for individual perceptions of readiness. Clearly from the four profiles how this happened across the 20 countries was quite variable. While the immediate transition from face-to-face teaching has passed, and many students and teachers across the world have returned to the classroom, teaching practice in schools will forever be changed. Change is likely to be on-going, given the need to prepare for possible similar events in the future, but also to continue to integrate some of the new and useful practices teachers have learned and adopted in this time. Findings from this study provide important insights into four profiles of readiness that can guide institutions and teachers to support on-going development of online pedagogies, teaching and learning. Importantly, the individual and the institution need to be considered together, to better understand teachers' experiences, their need for support and the need for a clear understanding of online learning and teaching.

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For Peer Review Only

Table 1

Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals

Variable	<i>M</i>	<i>SD</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6
1. gTPACK	0	0.80						
2. gPIS	0	1.18	.36** [.24, .47]					
3. PISCO1	2.60	1.62	.34** [.22, .45]	.71** [.64, .77]				
4. PISCO2	2.08	1.54	.37** [.25, .48]	.72** [.65, .78]	.68** [.60, .74]			
5. POPGEN	0	0.75	.66** [.58, .73]	.35** [.23, .46]	.32** [.19, .43]	.33** [.21, .45]		
6. POPCLA	0	0.65	.62** [.53, .69]	.36** [.24, .47]	.34** [.22, .45]	.28** [.15, .39]	.74** [.68, .80]	
7. POPFED	0	0.68	.65** [.56, .72]	.36** [.24, .47]	.33** [.21, .44]	.33** [.21, .44]	.91** [.88, .93]	.82** [.78, .86]

Table 3

Teacher Characteristics within the Four Profiles

Teacher characteristics	Profile 1 (<i>n</i> = 37)	Profile 2 (<i>n</i> = 52)	Profile 3 (<i>n</i> = 103)	Profile 4 (<i>n</i> = 30)
<i>Background variables</i>				
Age <i>M</i> (<i>SD</i>) in years	41.9 (9.3)	44.9 (11.3)	43.5 (11.2)	42.6 (9.3)
Gender				
Women	21.6 %	36.5 %	33.0 %	27.6 %
Men	78.4 %	63.5 %	67.0 %	72.4 %
Teaching experience <i>M</i> (<i>SD</i>) in years	14.9 (10.2)	15.5 (11.0)	15.3 (10.3)	15.2 (8.1)
<i>Online teaching and learning</i>				
Prior online teaching experience				
Yes	10.8 %	17.3 %	27.2 %	53.3 %
No	89.2 %	82.7 %	72.8 %	46.7 %
Days of preparation for online teaching <i>M</i> (<i>SD</i>)	3.6 (4.4)	2.4 (3.7)	3.9 (5.1)	9.5 (27.4)
Shift to online teaching due to COVID-19				
No, none of the teaching was shifted.	2.7 %	9.6 %	2.9 %	3.3 %
Some of the teaching was shifted.	27.0 %	19.2 %	32.0 %	30.0 %
Yes, all of the teaching was shifted.	70.3 %	71.2 %	65.1 %	6.7 %
Days into online teaching after the shift <i>M</i> (<i>SD</i>)	1.4 (0.7)	1.5 (1.1)	1.8 (1.3)	1.6 (1.5)
Institutional decision of the shift				
It was not mandatory.	13.9 %	6.2 %	6.0 %	6.9 %
It was expected, but not mandatory.	27.8 %	27.1 %	24.0 %	17.2 %
It was mandatory.	58.3 %	66.7 %	70.0 %	75.9 %

Table 2

Information criteria, entropies and results of the likelihood-ratio tests for the LPA models with one to six profiles

Model	LL	Npar	SCF	AIC	BIC	aBIC	Entropy	$p(\text{VLMR-LRT})$	$p(\text{LMR-LRT})$	Description
One profile	-2139.006	14	1.0201	4306.012	4353.649	4309.282	1.000	-	-	Baseline model
Two profiles	-1888.273	29	1.1282	3834.547	3933.224	3841.321	0.857	0.3061	0.309	Two profiles with high vs. low scores
Three profiles	-1731.877	44	0.8431	3551.753	3701.471	3562.031	0.921	0.0461	0.0474	Three profiles with high, medium, and low scores
Four profiles	-1642.848	59	0.8146	3403.695	3604.453	3417.477	0.924	0.2398	0.2413	Suggested solution
Five profiles	-1549.075	74	0.9864	3246.150	3497.948	3263.436	0.935	1.0000	1.0000	Smallest group: $n = 11$, two very similar profiles
Six profiles	-1482.811	89	0.8325	3143.622	3446.460	3164.412	0.926	1.0000	1.0000	Smallest group: $n = 10$, three very similar profiles, convergence issues

Note. LL = Log-likelihood value, Npar = Number of parameters, SCF = Scale correction factor, AIC = Akaike’s Information Criterion, BIC =

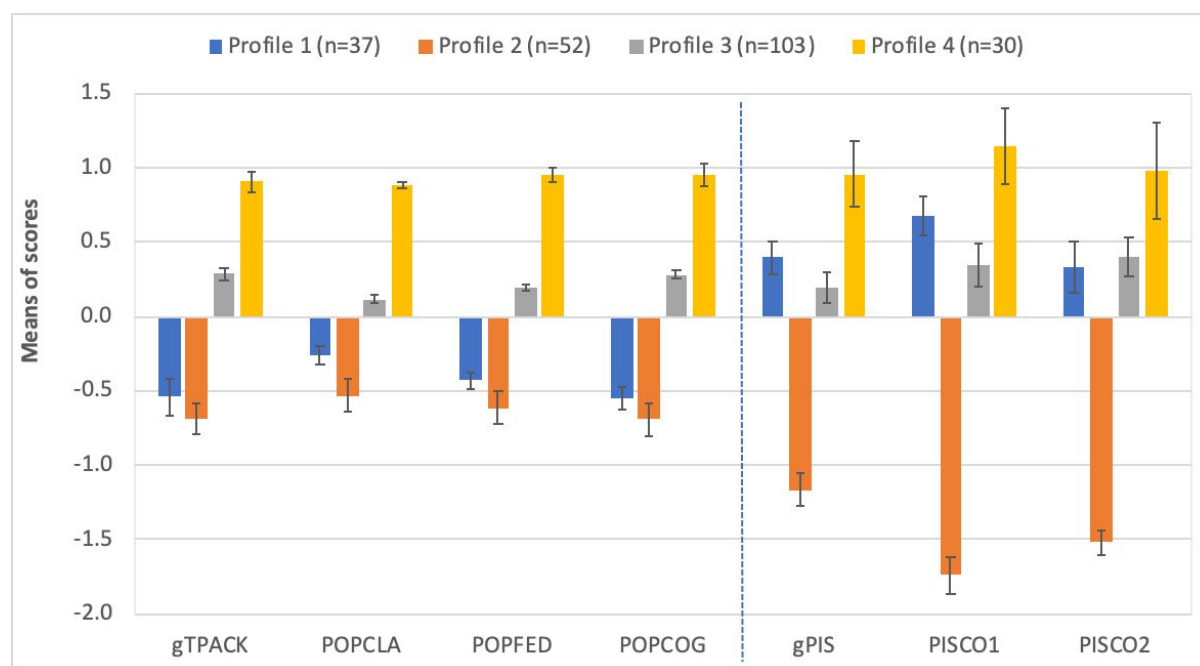
Bayesian Information Criterion, aBIC = Sample size-adjusted BIC, $p(\text{VLMR-LRT})$ = p -value of the Vuong-Lo-Mendell-Rubin (VLMR)

likelihood-ratio test, $p(\text{LMR-LRT})$ = p -value of the Lo-Mendell-Rubin (LMR) likelihood-ratio test. The suggested number of profiles is

highlighted in gray.

Figure 1

Profiles describing secondary school teachers' readiness for online teaching



Note. gTPACK = TPACK self-efficacy, POPCLA = Perceived online teaching presence: Clarity of instruction, POPFED = Perceived online teaching presence: Feedback to and assessment of students, POPCOG = Perceived online teaching presence: Cognitive activation, gPIS = Perceived institutional support in general, PISCO1 = Perceived institutional support: Technical support during COVID-19, PISCO2 = Perceived institutional support: Pedagogical support during COVID-19.

Appendix A

TPACK self-efficacy scale

Technological Content Knowledge

(o) My ability to use technological representations (i.e. multimedia, visual demonstrations, etc.) to demonstrate specific concepts in my content area.

(t) My ability to implement district curriculum in an online environment.

(v) My ability to use various courseware programs to deliver instruction (e.g., Blackboard, Centra).

Technological Pedagogical Knowledge

(h) My ability to create an online environment which allows students to build new knowledge and skills.

(l) My ability to implement different methods of teaching online

(n) My ability to moderate online interactivity among students

(p) My ability to encourage online interactivity among students

Technological Pedagogical Content Knowledge

(e) My ability to use online student assessment to modify instruction

(k) My ability to use technology to predict students' skill/understanding of a particular topic

(w) My ability to use technology to create effective representations of content that depart from textbook knowledge

(x) My ability to meet the overall demands of online teaching

Adapted from Archambault and Crippen (2009).

Appendix B

Online teaching presence scale

1. Overall, I clearly communicate important course topics.
2. Overall, I clearly communicate course goals.
3. Overall, I provide clear instructions on how to participate in course learning activities.
4. Overall, I clearly communicate important due dates/time frames for learning activities.
5. Overall, I am helpful in identifying areas of agreement and disagreement on course topics that help students to learn.
6. Overall, I am helpful in guiding the class towards understanding course topics in a way that helps students clarify their thinking.
7. Overall, I help to keep course participants engaged and participating in productive dialogue.
8. Overall, I help keep the course participants on task in a way that helps students learn.
9. Overall, I encourage course participants to explore new concepts in courses.
10. Overall, my actions reinforce the development of a sense of community among course participants.
11. Overall, I help to focus discussion on relevant issues in a way that helps students to learn.
12. Overall, I provide feedback that helps students understand their strengths and weaknesses relative to the course's goals and objectives.
13. Overall, I provide feedback in a timely fashion.

Adapted from Gurley (2018).

1
2
3
4 **Appendix C**
5

6 Institutional support for online learning
7

8

9 Completely disagree	10 Disagree	11 Disagree more than agree	12 Agree more than disagree	13 Agree	14 Completely agree
15 0	16 1	17 2	18 3	19 4	20 5

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In our institution ...

1. there is a clear vision towards OL.
2. there is a supportive environment as regards professional development for OL.
3. there are clear objectives as regards OL.
4. the current ICT-possibilities and infrastructure as regards OL are taken into account.
5. attention is paid to the teacher change processes inherent to changing to online or blended learning.
6. there is a professional development strategy towards OL.

Adapted from Philipsen (2018).

Ready, set, go! Profiling readiness for online teaching

Supplementary Material S1: Descriptive Statistics, Scales, and Measurement Models

02 July 2020

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Preparation

Install and load relevant R packages

```

8 # Install R packages (if needed)
9 # install.packages("lavaan")
10 # install.packages("semPlot")
11 # install.packages("psych")
12 # install.packages("corrplot")
13 # install.packages("ggplot2")
14 # install.packages("ggpubr")
15 # install.packages("ggrepel")
16 # install.packages("apaTables")
17 # install.packages("PerformanceAnalytics")
18 # install.packages("polycor")
19 # install.packages("tidyLPA")
20 # install.packages("dplyr")
21
22 ## Load relevant libraries
23 library(lavaan)
24 library(psych)
25 library(semPlot)
26 library(corrplot)
27 library(ggplot2)
28 library(ggpubr)
29 library(ggrepel)
30 library(apaTables)
31 library(PerformanceAnalytics)
32 library(polycor)
33 library(tidyLPA)
34 library(dplyr)

```

Data input

```

39 ## Read the data
40 covid19otlc.tpe <- read.csv2("COVID19OTLC-30052020-TPE.csv")
41 head(covid19otlc.tpe , 5)
42
43 ##   COUNTRYID COHORTID PERSONID UNPERSID REGIONID EDUCATION AGE FEMALE TEACHEXP
44 ## 1         36         4        30     4030         2         3  40         0         5
45 ## 2         36         4       312     4312         2         3  64         1        23
46 ## 3         36         4        26     4026         2         3  31         1         7
47 ## 4         36         4        28     4028         2         3  37         1         7
48 ## 5         36         4        32     4032         2         3  37         1         7
49 ##   SUBJECT ONTEACHEXP OTLEXP ONTEACHPER OTLPREP OPLAT OTLSHIFT OTLDAYS INSTDEC
50 ## 1      NA          NA      0         NA         0      NA         2         1         2
51 ## 2      NA           6      1         0.4        0         5         2         1         2
52 ## 3      NA          NA      0         NA         0      NA         2         1         1
53 ## 4      NA          NA      0         NA         0      NA         2         0         2
54 ## 5      NA          NA      0         NA         2      NA         2         1         2
55 ##   TCK1 TCK2 TPK1 TPK2 TPK3 TPK4 TPCK1 TPCK2 TPCK3 TPCK4 POTP1 POTP2 POTP3 POTP4
56 ## 1     2     2     2     2     1     2     2     1     2     1     3     2     2     3
57
58
59

```



```

1
2
3 ## 2 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 4 2 3 3 3 3
4 ## 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3
5 ## 4 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 3 3 3 3
6 ## 5 3 4 4 3 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4
7 ## POTP5 POTP6 POTP7 POTP8 POTP9 POTP10 POTP11 POTP12 POTP13 PIS1 PIS2 PIS3 PIS4
8 ## 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 2 0 1 2
9 ## 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 2 2 2 1
10 ## 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
11 ## 4 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 4 4 4
12 ## 5 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 2 3 2 3
13 ## PIS5 PIS6 PISC01 PISC02 GII GII21 GII22 GII23 GII31 GII73 SELF TEAM
14 ## 1 1 0 0 1 50.3 61 50.6 61.4 89 39.5 12.69386 11.19544
15 ## 2 0 0 0 1 50.3 61 50.6 61.4 89 39.5 12.69386 11.19544
16 ## 3 2 3 2 2 50.3 61 50.6 61.4 89 39.5 12.69386 11.19544
17 ## 4 2 4 3 2 50.3 61 50.6 61.4 89 39.5 12.69386 11.19544
18 ## 5 2 2 1 3 50.3 61 50.6 61.4 89 39.5 12.69386 11.19544
19 ## PORGIN STRATIO PREPICKT PRACICT PDICT COOP WELS PDI IDV MAS UAI
20 ## 1 12.30725 12.9719 1.241755 2.00287 1.473027 9.888961 9.445077 38 90 61 51
21 ## 2 12.30725 12.9719 1.241755 2.00287 1.473027 9.888961 9.445077 38 90 61 51
22 ## 3 12.30725 12.9719 1.241755 2.00287 1.473027 9.888961 9.445077 38 90 61 51
23 ## 4 12.30725 12.9719 1.241755 2.00287 1.473027 9.888961 9.445077 38 90 61 51
24 ## 5 12.30725 12.9719 1.241755 2.00287 1.473027 9.888961 9.445077 38 90 61 51
25 ## LTO IVR
26 ## 1 21 71
27 ## 2 21 71
28 ## 3 21 71
29 ## 4 21 71
30 ## 5 21 71

```

Descriptive Statistics of Variables

Teacher Background Variables

```

38 #####
39 ## Sample size
40 nrow(covid19otlc.tpe)
41
42 ## [1] 222
43 #####
44 ## Countries
45 table(covid19otlc.tpe$COUNTRYID)
46
47 ##
48 ## 36 56 76 203 276 300 356 392 422 484 528 554 566 578 620 704 710 792 826 840
49 ## 46 124 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 5 1 2 17 3 1 5 1 4 2
50
51 prop.table(table(covid19otlc.tpe$COUNTRYID))
52
53 ##
54 ## 0.207207207 0.558558559 0.004504505 0.004504505 0.009009009 0.004504505
55 ## 0.009009009 0.009009009 0.004504505 0.004504505 0.022522523 0.004504505
56
57
58
59

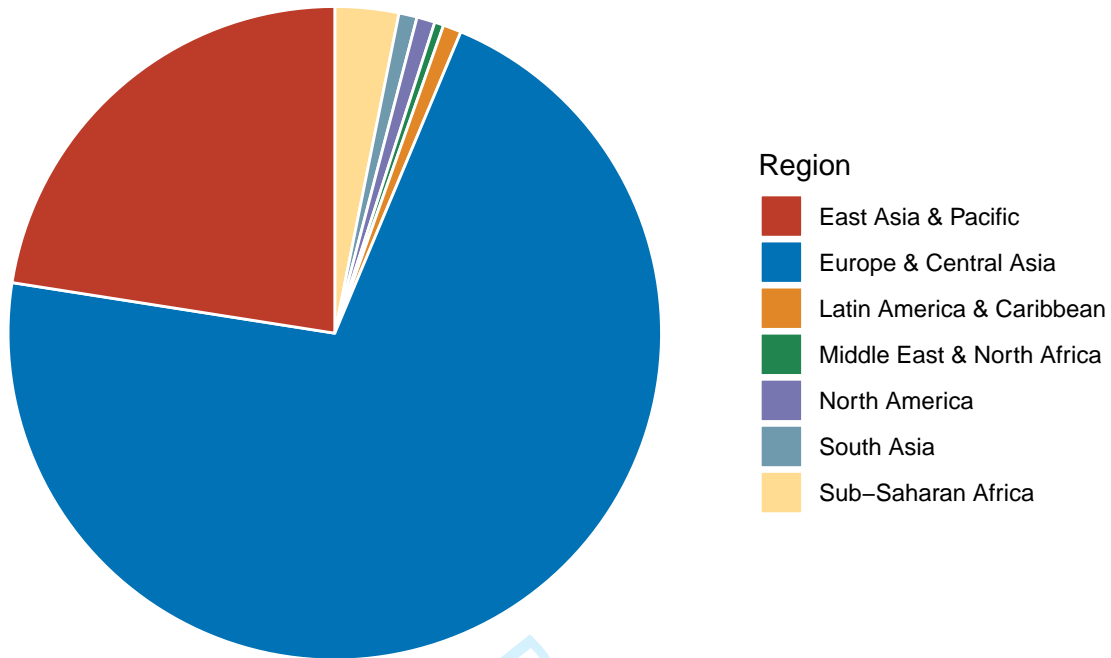
```

```

1
2
3      ##           566           578           620           704           710           792
4      ## 0.009009009 0.076576577 0.013513514 0.004504505 0.022522523 0.004504505
5      ##           826           840
6      ## 0.018018018 0.009009009
7
8      nrow(table(covid19otlc.tpe$COUNTRYID))
9
10     ## [1] 20
11     #####
12     ## Regions
13     table(covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID)
14
15     ##
16     ##   1   2   3   4   5   6   7
17     ## 158 50  2   1   2   2   7
18     prop.table(table(covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID))
19
20     ##
21     ##           1           2           3           4           5           6
22     ## 0.711711712 0.225225225 0.009009009 0.004504505 0.009009009 0.009009009
23     ##           7
24     ## 0.031531532
25     ## Make the dataframe
26     rid <- data.frame(c("Europe & Central Asia",
27                       "East Asia & Pacific",
28                       "Latin America & Caribbean",
29                       "Middle East & North Africa",
30                       "North America",
31                       "South Asia",
32                       "Sub-Saharan Africa"),
33                       table(covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID))
34     colnames(rid) <- c("Region", "REGIONID", "Frequency")
35
36     ## Pie chart
37     ggpie(rid, "Frequency",
38           label = "Region",
39           fill = "Region",
40           percent = TRUE,
41           color = "white",
42           palette = "nejm",
43           label.size = 3,
44           title = "Distribution of World Regions in the Sample",
45           facet.label.size = 11,
46           ggtheme = theme_pubr()) +
47     theme_void()
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60

```

Distribution of World Regions in the Sample



```
## Add a new variable indicating the region as being in Europe or not
covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE <- NA
covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE[covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID=="1"] <- 1
covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE[covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID=="2"] <- 0
covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE[covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID=="3"] <- 0
covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE[covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID=="4"] <- 0
covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE[covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID=="5"] <- 0
covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE[covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID=="6"] <- 0
covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE[covid19otlc.tpe$REGIONID=="7"] <- 0

## Check the data
table(covid19otlc.tpe$EUROPE)
```

```
##
## 0 1
## 64 158
```

```
#####
## Age (in years)
summary(covid19otlc.tpe$AGE)

##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.    NA's
## 23.00  35.00  43.50  43.46  51.00  74.00     2

table(covid19otlc.tpe$AGE)
```

```
##
## 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48
##  1  1  6  3  2  3  7  7  6  6  3  6  6  4  9  4 13  4  4  7  8 11  5  8  5 10
## 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 74
##  8  7 10  2  3  2  1  6  8  2  4  6  2  1  2  3  2  1  1
```

```
1
2
3
4 which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$AGE))
```

```
5
6 ## [1] 28 35
```

```
7
8 sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$AGE))
```

```
9
10 ## [1] 2
```

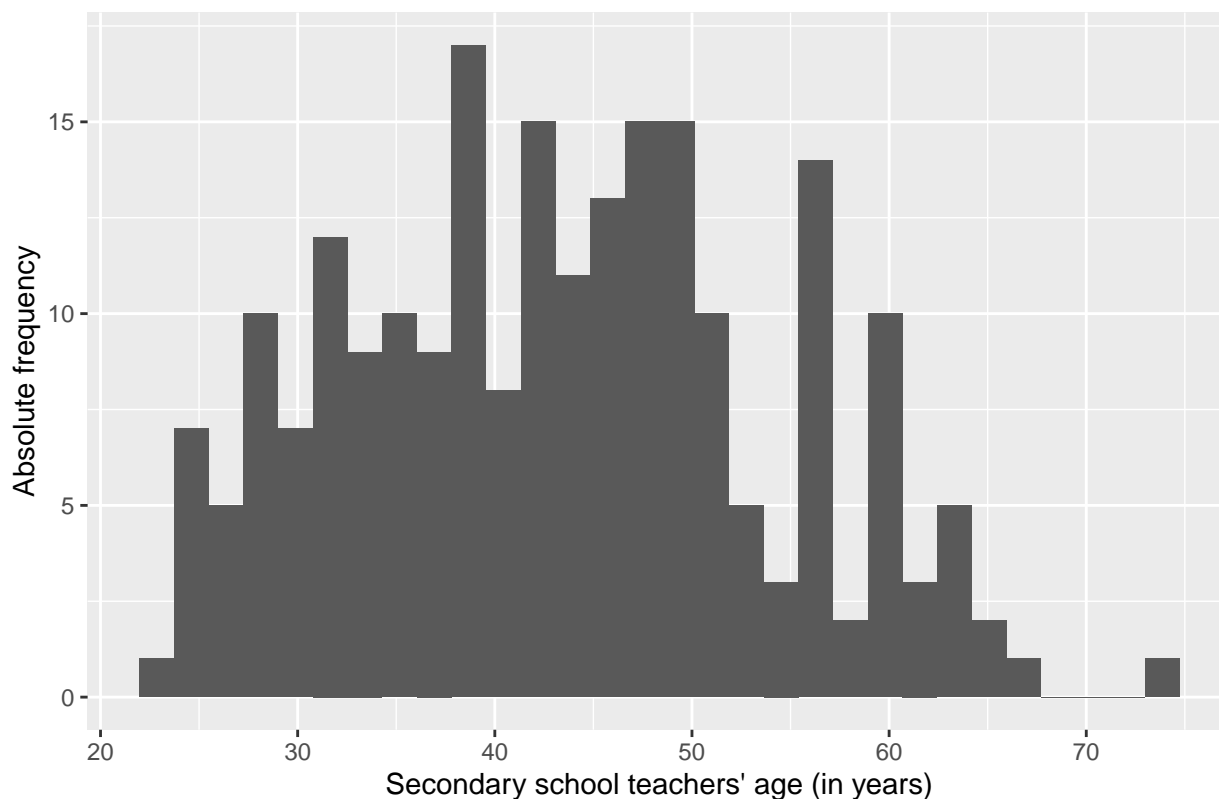
```
11 ## Histogram
```

```
12 qplot(covid19otlc.tpe$AGE, geom = "histogram",
13       main = "Age distribution in the sample",
14       xlab = "Secondary school teachers' age (in years)",
15       ylab = "Absolute frequency")
```

```
16 ## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

```
17 ## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

Age distribution in the sample



```
45 #####
```

```
46 ## Gender
```

```
47 table(covid19otlc.tpe$FEMALE)
```

```
48
49 ##
```

```
50 ## 0 1
```

```
51 ## 69 152
```

```
52
53 prop.table(table(covid19otlc.tpe$FEMALE))
```

```
54
55 ##
```

```
56 ## 0 1
```

```
## 0.3122172 0.6877828
```

```
#####
```

```
## Teaching experience (in years)
```

```
summary(covid19otlc.tpe$TEACHEXP)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
```

```
##      0.00   7.00   15.00   15.27   21.00   42.00     1
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$TEACHEXP)
```

```
##
```

```
##  0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
```

```
##  2 12  6  9  8 10  7  7  4  4 16  7  8  4  5  9  8  3  6  7 18  8  7  3  3  5
```

```
## 26 27 28 29 30 31 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 42
```

```
##  4  5  3  2  6  1  2  1  2  1  1  1  4  2
```

```
which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$TEACHEXP))
```

```
## [1] 187
```

```
sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$TEACHEXP))
```

```
## [1] 1
```

```
## Histogram
```

```
qplot(covid19otlc.tpe$TEACHEXP, geom = "histogram",
```

```
      main = "Distribution of teaching experience",
```

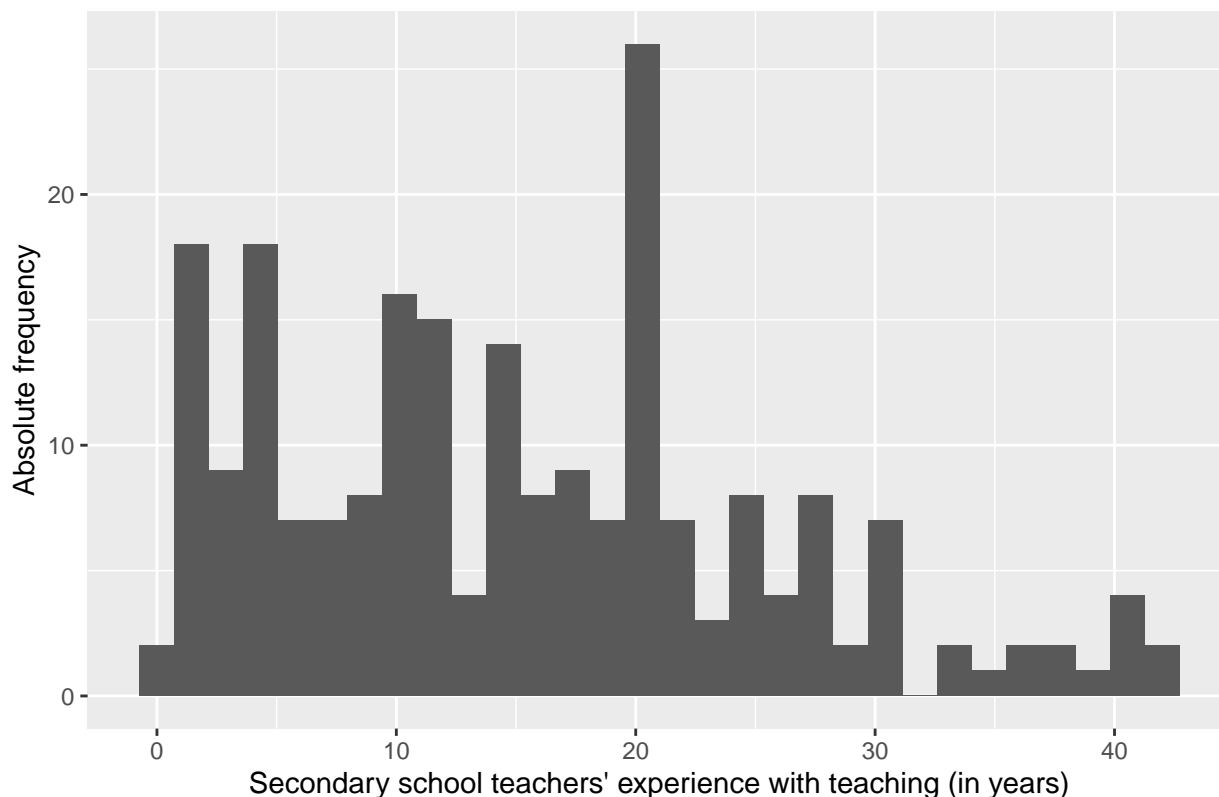
```
      xlab = "Secondary school teachers' experience with teaching (in years)",
```

```
      ylab = "Absolute frequency")
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

Distribution of teaching experience



```
#####
## Main subject domain
summary(covid19otlc.tpe$SUBJECT)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
##      1.00   3.00   5.00   4.19   5.00   6.00   201
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$SUBJECT)
```

```
##
##  1  2  3  5  6
##  2  2  3 11  3
```

```
which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$SUBJECT))
```

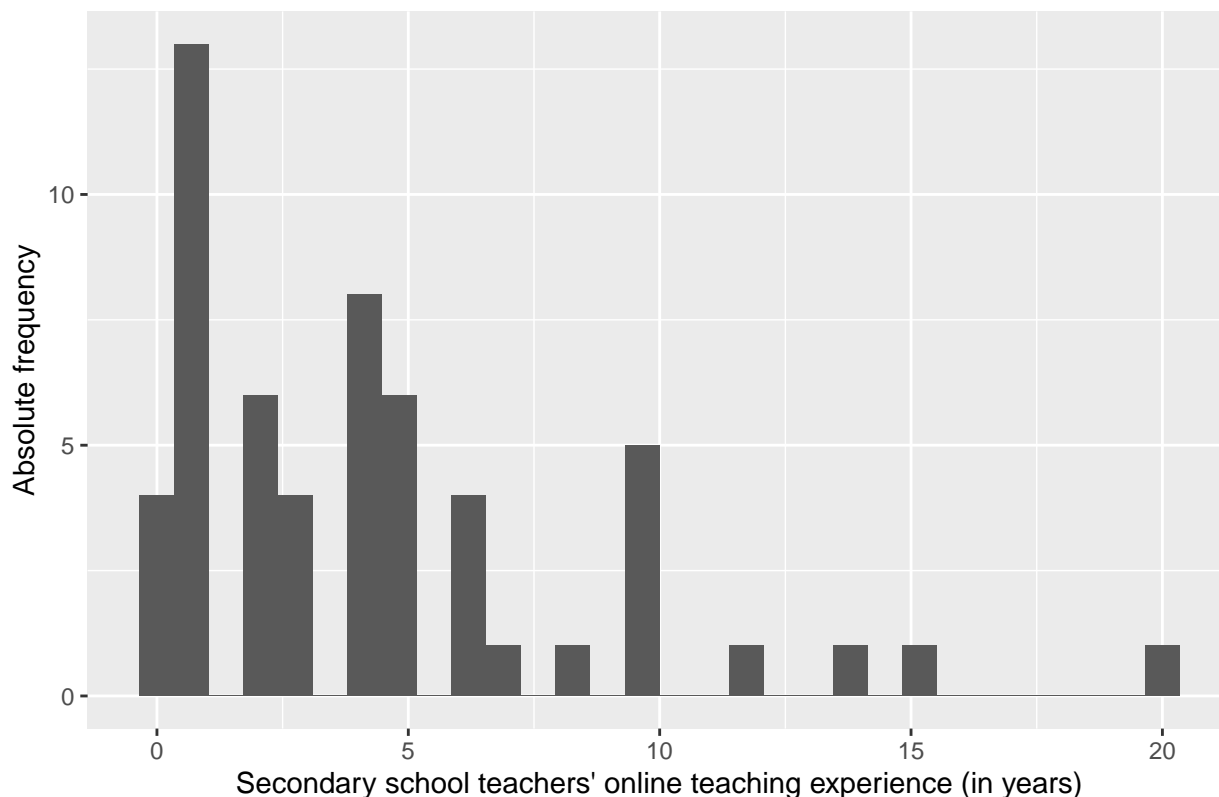
```
##      [1]  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
##      [19] 19 20 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
##      [37] 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56
##      [55] 57 58 59 60 61 62 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 73 74 75 76
##      [73] 78 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 98
##      [91] 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 108 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119
##     [109] 120 121 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 138 139 140
##     [127] 141 142 143 144 145 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 157 158 159 160
##     [145] 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 178 179
##     [163] 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 188 189 190 192 193 194 195 197 198 199 200
##     [181] 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218
##     [199] 219 221 222
```

```

1
2
3
4 sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$SUBJECT))
5
6 ## [1] 201
7 ## Exclude due to too many missings
8
9 #####
10 ## Online teaching experience (in years)
11 summary(covid19otlc.tpe$ONTEACHEXP)
12
13 ##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.    NA's
14 ##  0.000  1.000   4.000   4.446  6.000  20.000   166
15 table(covid19otlc.tpe$ONTEACHEXP)
16
17 ##
18 ##  0  1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8 10 12 14 15 20
19 ##  4 13  6  4  8  6  4  1  1  5  1  1  1  1
20 which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$ONTEACHEXP))
21
22 ##      [1]      1      3      4      5      8     11     12     14     15     17     18     22     25     29     31     32     34     35
23 ##     [19]     36     37     40     41     43     49     50     51     54     55     56     59     60     61     62     63     64     65
24 ##     [37]     66     67     68     69     70     72     79     80     81     82     83     84     85     86     87     88     89     90
25 ##     [55]     91     92     93     94     95     96     97     98     99    100    101    102    103    104    105    106    107    108
26 ##     [73]    109    110    111    112    113    114    116    117    118    119    120    121    122    123    124    125    126    127
27 ##     [91]    128    131    132    133    134    135    136    137    138    139    140    141    142    144    145    146    148    149
28 ##    [109]    150    151    152    153    154    155    157    158    159    160    162    163    164    165    166    167    169    170
29 ##    [127]    173    174    175    176    177    178    179    181    182    183    184    185    187    190    191    192    193    194
30 ##    [145]    195    198    199    200    201    202    203    204    205    206    208    209    211    213    214    215    216    217
31 ##    [163]    218    219    220    222
32 sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$ONTEACHEXP))
33
34 ## [1] 166
35 ## Exclude due to too many missings
36
37 ## Histogram
38 qplot(covid19otlc.tpe$ONTEACHEXP, geom = "histogram",
39       main = "Distribution of the online teaching experience in the sample",
40       xlab = "Secondary school teachers' online teaching experience (in years)",
41       ylab = "Absolute frequency")
42
43 ## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
44 ## Warning: Removed 166 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
45
46
47
48
49
50
51
52
53
54
55
56
57
58
59
60

```

Distribution of the online teaching experience in the sample



```
#####
## Online teaching before COVID-19
table(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLEXP)
```

```
##
## 0 1
## 165 57
```

```
prop.table(table(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLEXP))
```

```
##
## 0 1
## 0.7432432 0.2567568
```

```
#####
## Online teaching preparation
summary(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLPREP)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
## 0.000 1.000 2.000 4.286 4.000 150.000 12
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLPREP)
```

```
##
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 12 14 15 20 21 25 30 150
## 35 31 44 43 14 10 2 11 1 2 1 6 3 1 3 1 1 1
```

```
which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLPREP))
```

```
## [1] 47 49 62 67 83 86 95 102 128 163 179 212
```



```
sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLPREP))
```

```
## [1] 12
```

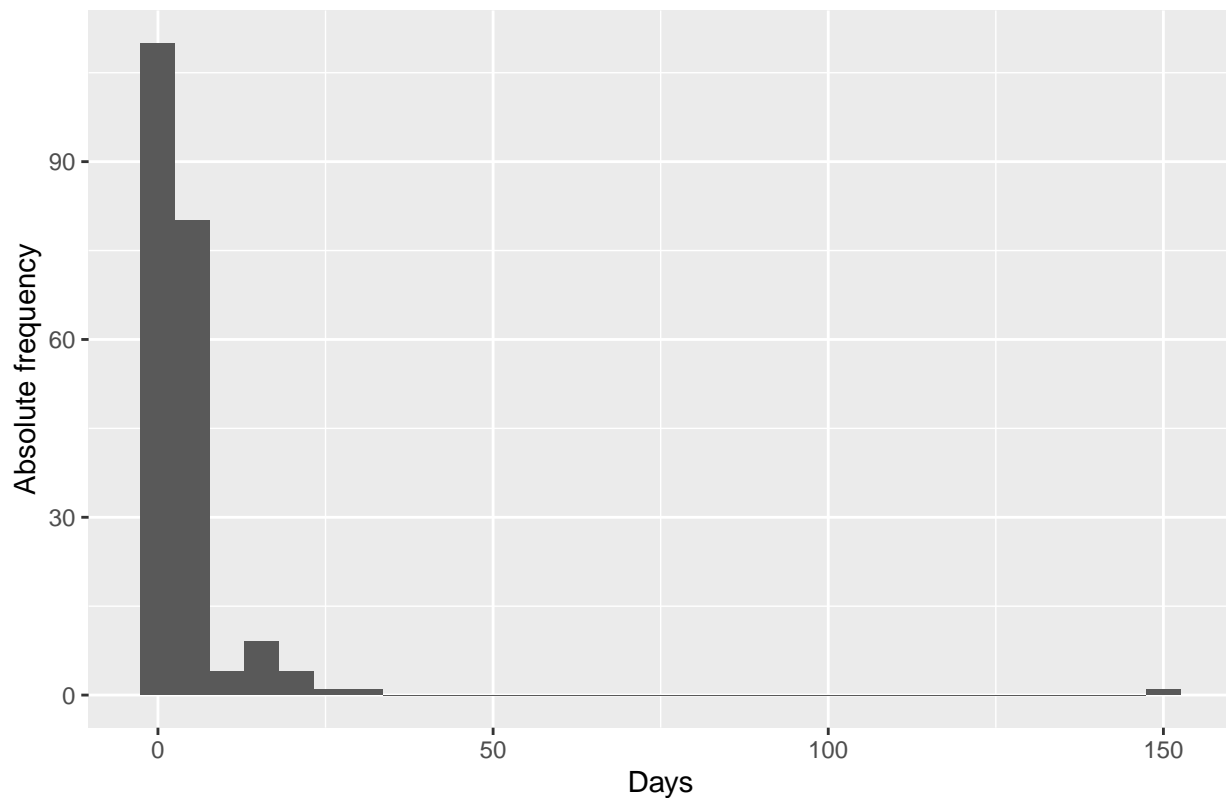
```
## Histogram
```

```
qplot(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLPREP, geom = "histogram",
      main = "Days teachers were given to prepare for online teaching",
      xlab = "Days",
      ylab = "Absolute frequency")
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

```
## Warning: Removed 12 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

Days teachers were given to prepare for online teaching



```
#####
```

```
## Online platform
```

```
summary(covid19otlc.tpe$OPLAT)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
##      1.000  5.000   5.000  5.564  8.000  10.000   167
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$OPLAT)
```

```
##
##  1  3  4  5  6  8 10
##  4  7  1 17  9 16  1
```

```
which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$OPLAT))
```

```
##      [1]  1  3  4  5  8 11 12 14 15 17 18 21 22 25 29 31 32 34
```

```

1
2
3   ## [19] 36 37 40 41 43 49 50 51 54 55 56 59 60 61 62 63 64 65
4   ## [37] 66 67 68 69 70 72 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90
5   ## [55] 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108
6   ## [73] 109 110 111 112 113 114 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127
7   ## [91] 128 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 144 145 146 148 149
8   ## [109] 150 151 152 153 154 155 157 158 159 160 162 163 164 165 166 167 169 170
9   ## [127] 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 181 182 183 184 185 187 190 191 192 193 194
10  ## [145] 195 196 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 208 209 211 213 214 215 216
11  ## [163] 217 218 219 220 222

```

```
sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$OPLAT))
```

```
## [1] 167
```

```
## Exclude due to too many missings
```

```
#####
```

```
## Online teaching shift
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLSHIFT)
```

```
##
```

```
## 0 1 2
```

```
## 10 62 150
```

```
prop.table(table(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLSHIFT))
```

```
##
```

```
## 0 1 2
```

```
## 0.04504505 0.27927928 0.67567568
```

```
#####
```

```
## Days into online teaching
```

```
summary(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLDDAYS)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
```

```
## 0.000 1.000 2.000 1.627 2.000 6.000 10
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLDDAYS)
```

```
##
```

```
## 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
```

```
## 43 50 85 21 7 2 4
```

```
which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLDDAYS))
```

```
## [1] 47 49 62 67 86 102 128 163 179 212
```

```
sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLDDAYS))
```

```
## [1] 10
```

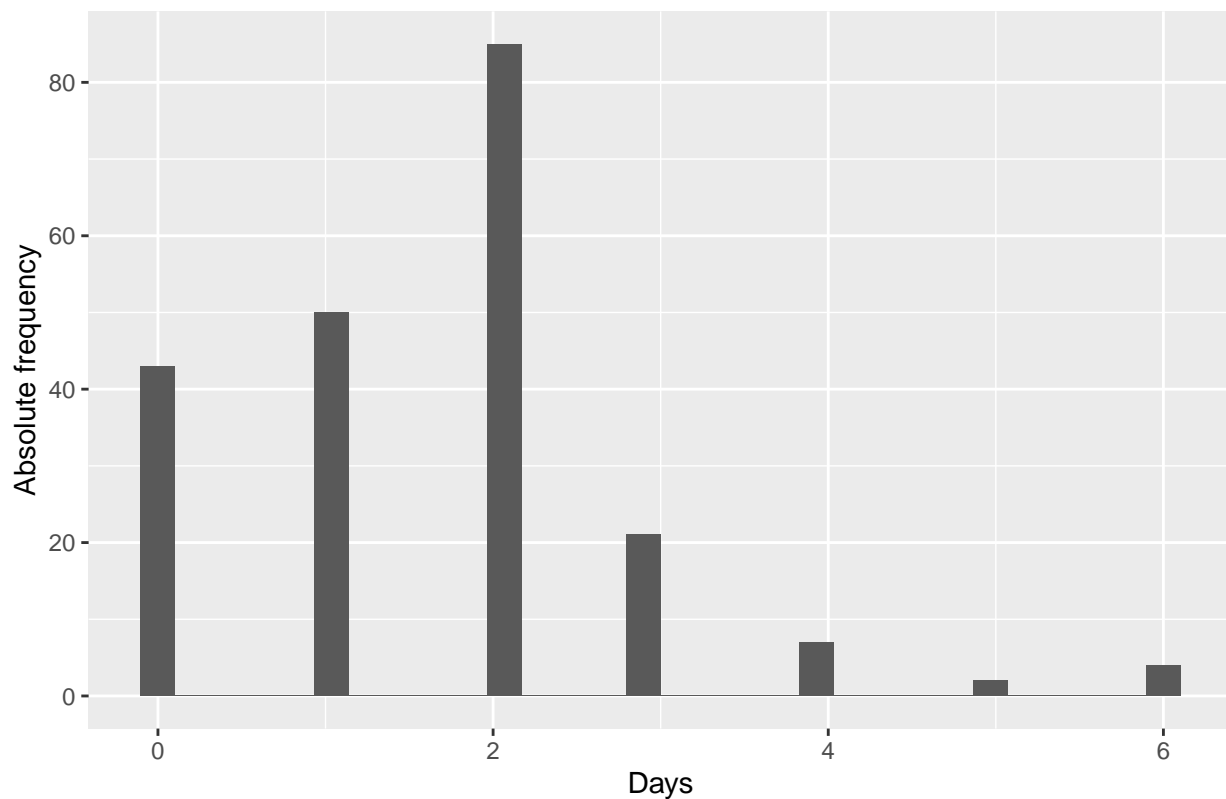
```
## Histogram
```

```
qplot(covid19otlc.tpe$OTLDDAYS, geom = "histogram",
      main = "Days teachers were into online teaching",
      xlab = "Days",
      ylab = "Absolute frequency")
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

```
## Warning: Removed 10 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```

Days teachers were into online teaching



```
#####
```

```
## Institutional decision
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$INSTDEC)
```

```
##
```

```
## 0 1 2
```

```
## 16 52 145
```

```
prop.table(table(covid19otlc.tpe$INSTDEC))
```

```
##
```

```
## 0 1 2
```

```
## 0.07511737 0.24413146 0.68075117
```

```
#####
```

```
## Perceived institutional support during COVID-19
```

```
# Technical support (PISCO1)
```

```
summary(covid19otlc.tpe$PISCO1)
```

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
```

```
## 0.000 1.000 3.000 2.602 4.000 5.000 1
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$PISCO1)
```

```
##
```

```
## 0 1 2 3 4 5
```

```
## 32 35 26 51 50 27
```

```
which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$PISCO1))
```

```
## [1] 94
```

```
sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$PISC01))
```

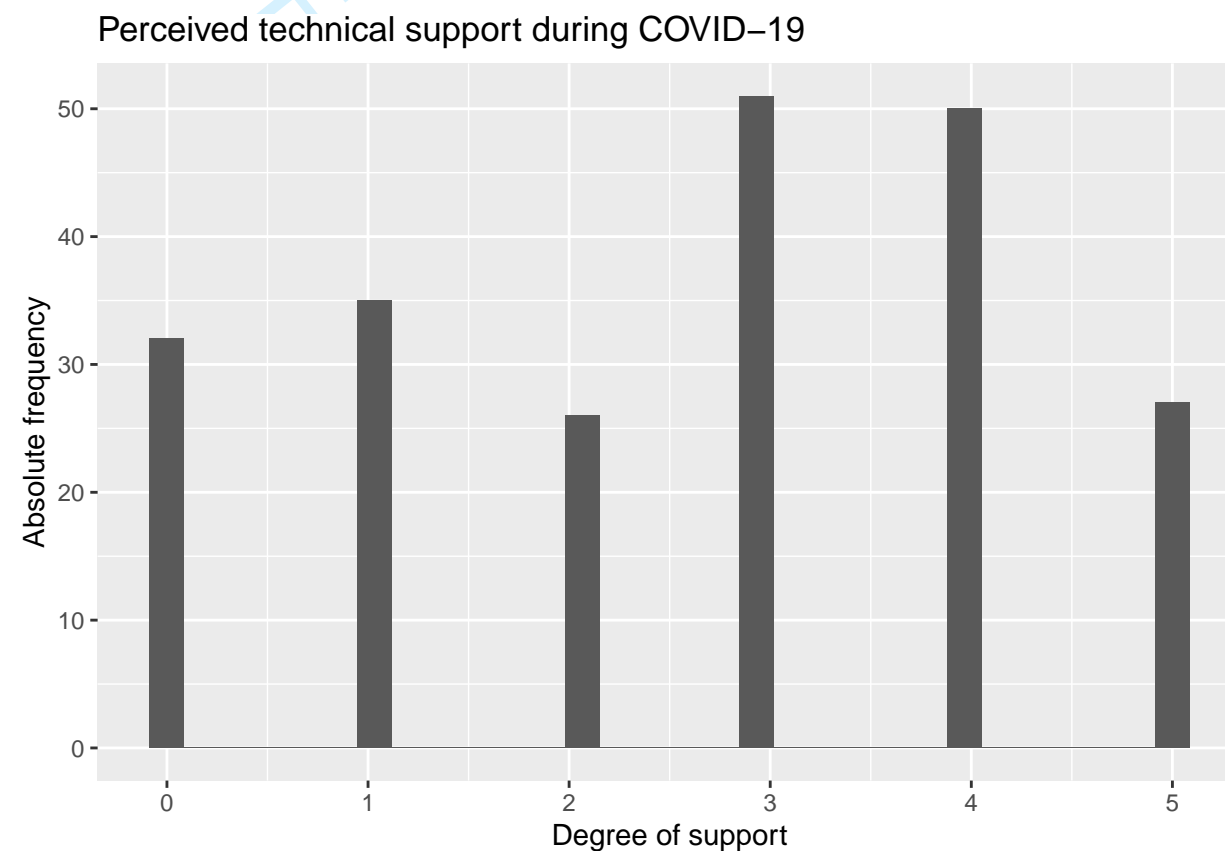
```
## [1] 1
```

```
## Histogram
```

```
qplot(covid19otlc.tpe$PISC01, geom = "histogram",
      main = "Perceived technical support during COVID-19",
      xlab = "Degree of support",
      ylab = "Absolute frequency")
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```



```
# Pedagogical support (PISC02)
```

```
summary(covid19otlc.tpe$PISC02)
```

```
##      Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.   NA's
## 0.000  1.000   2.000  2.077  3.000   5.000     2
```

```
table(covid19otlc.tpe$PISC02)
```

```
##
```

```
##  0  1  2  3  4  5
```

```
## 39 55 39 40 31 16
```

```
which(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$PISC02))
```

```
## [1] 64 94
```

```
sum(is.na(covid19otlc.tpe$PISC02))
```

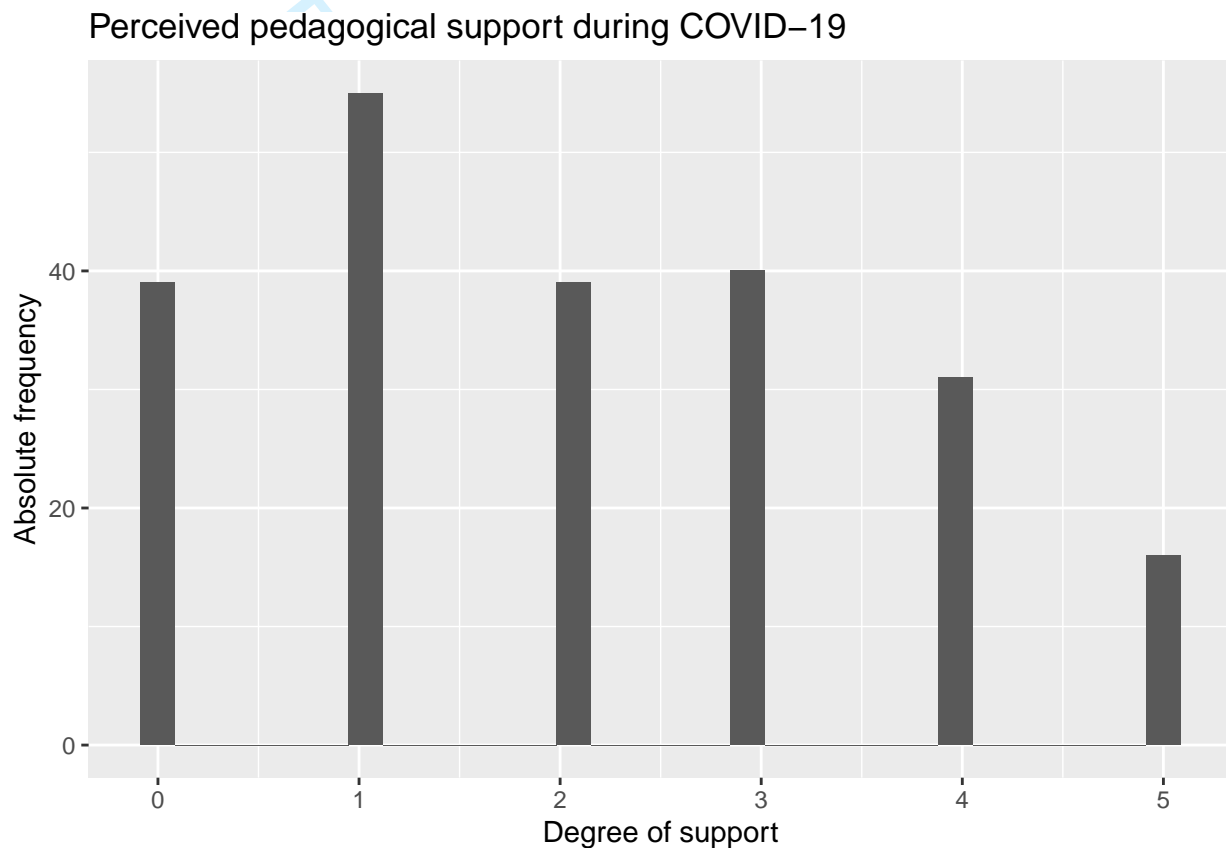
```
## [1] 2
```

```
## Histogram
```

```
qplot(covid19otlc.tpe$PISC02, geom = "histogram",
      main = "Perceived pedagogical support during COVID-19",
      xlab = "Degree of support",
      ylab = "Absolute frequency")
```

```
## `stat_bin()` using `bins = 30`. Pick better value with `binwidth`.
```

```
## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing non-finite values (stat_bin).
```



```
## Correlation
```

```
pisco.temp <- data.frame(covid19otlc.tpe$PISC01, covid19otlc.tpe$PISC02)
cor(pisco.temp, use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
```

```
##               covid19otlc.tpe.PISC01 covid19otlc.tpe.PISC02
## covid19otlc.tpe.PISC01             1.0000000             0.6785038
## covid19otlc.tpe.PISC02             0.6785038             1.0000000
```

```
#####
```

Scales and measurement models

TPACK self-efficacy

```
#####
## Select the data
tpack.var <- c("UNPERSID", "TCK1", "TCK2", "TPK1",
              "TPK2", "TPK3", "TPK4", "TPCK1",
              "TPCK2", "TPCK3", "TPCK4")
# Subset the data
tpack <- covid19otlc.tpe[tpack.var]
head(tpack)
```

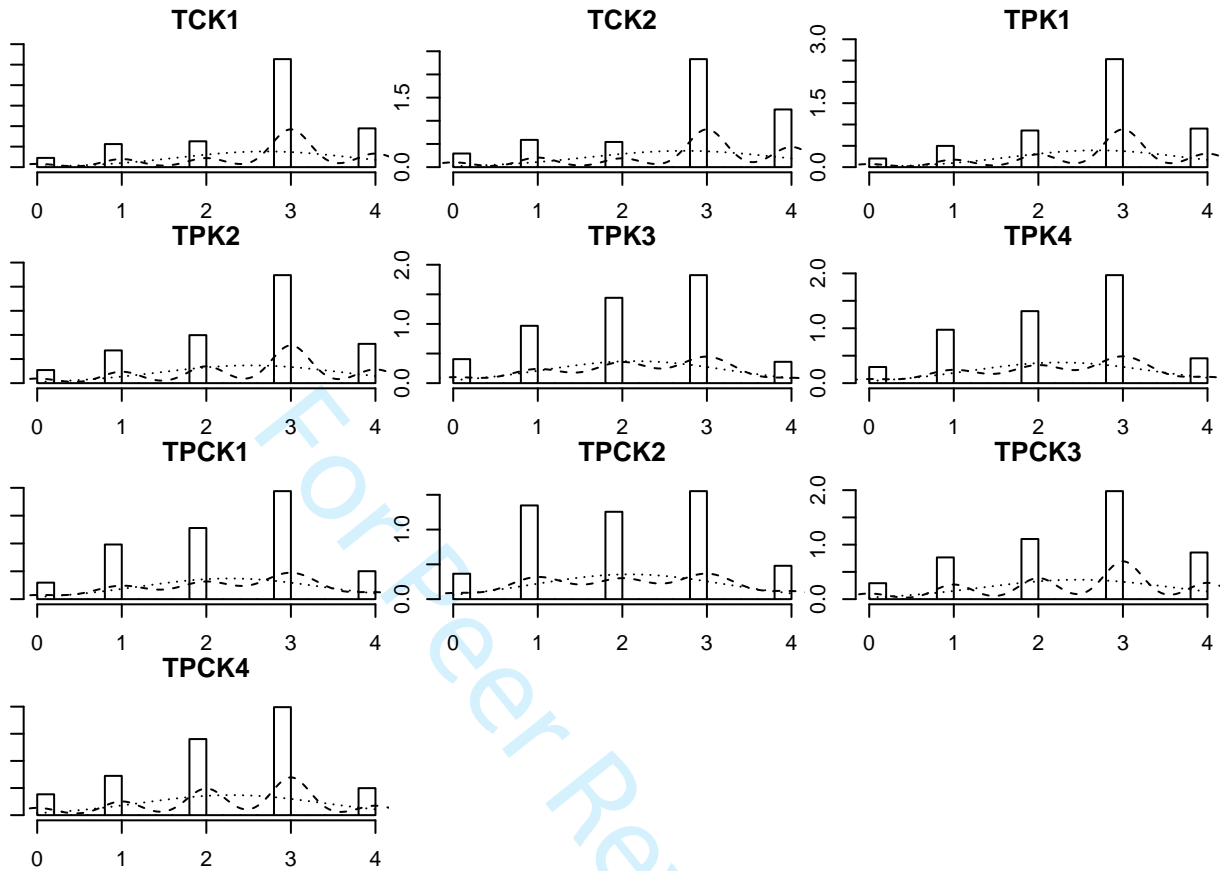
Descriptive scale statistics and correlation matrix

```
## UNPERSID TCK1 TCK2 TPK1 TPK2 TPK3 TPK4 TPCK1 TPCK2 TPCK3 TPCK4
## 1 4030 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 1
## 2 4312 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 4 2
## 3 4026 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 2
## 4 4028 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1
## 5 4032 3 4 4 3 2 2 2 3 3 3
## 6 4338 1 1 3 1 3 3 2 1 3 0
```

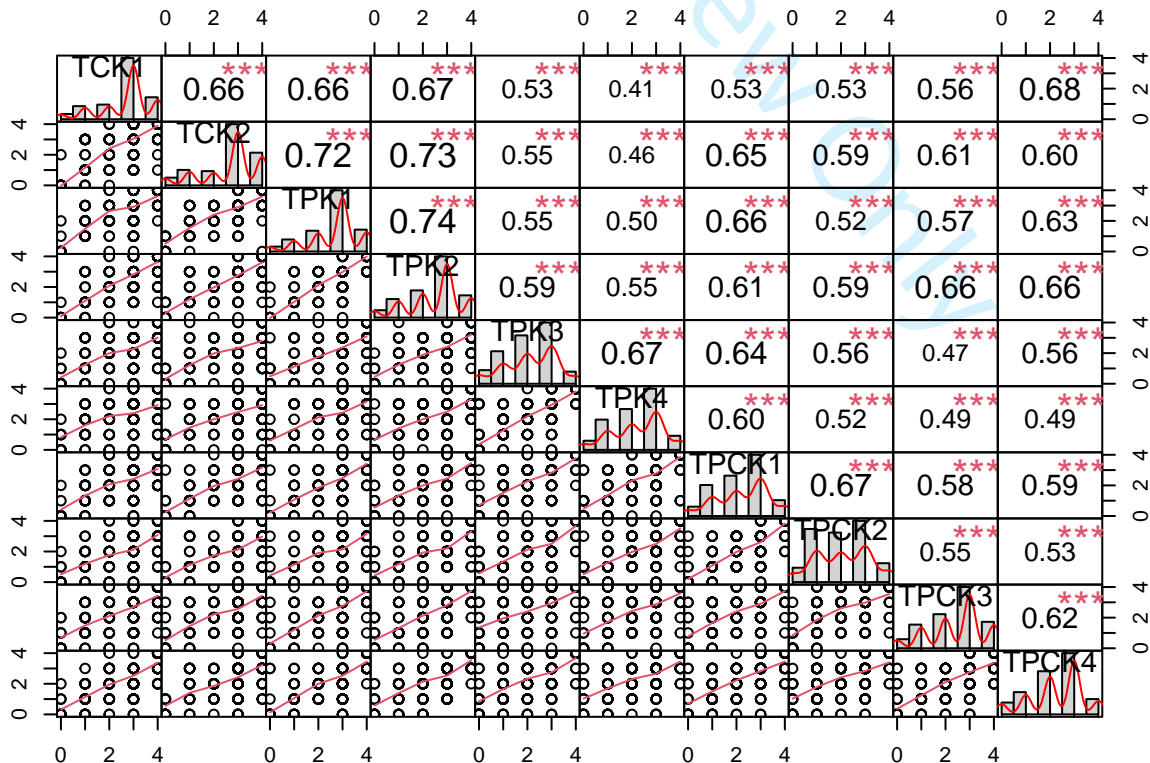
```
#####
## Descriptive statistics
describe(tpack[,-1])
```

##	vars	n	mean	sd	median	trimmed	mad	min	max	range	skew	kurtosis	se
## TCK1	1	222	2.70	1.04	3	2.81	0.00	0	4	4	-0.94	0.31	0.07
## TCK2	2	221	2.73	1.14	3	2.86	1.48	0	4	4	-0.90	0.00	0.08
## TPK1	3	221	2.69	1.01	3	2.79	0.00	0	4	4	-0.87	0.35	0.07
## TPK2	4	221	2.53	1.09	3	2.60	1.48	0	4	4	-0.65	-0.28	0.07
## TPK3	5	222	2.15	1.07	2	2.20	1.48	0	4	4	-0.35	-0.66	0.07
## TPK4	6	221	2.26	1.06	2	2.29	1.48	0	4	4	-0.37	-0.63	0.07
## TPCK1	7	219	2.27	1.07	2	2.29	1.48	0	4	4	-0.36	-0.67	0.07
## TPCK2	8	219	2.09	1.12	2	2.08	1.48	0	4	4	-0.07	-0.93	0.08
## TPCK3	9	222	2.47	1.12	3	2.53	1.48	0	4	4	-0.51	-0.54	0.08
## TPCK4	10	221	2.30	1.08	2	2.34	1.48	0	4	4	-0.50	-0.43	0.07

```
## Distributions
multi.hist(tpack[,-1], density = TRUE)
```



```
## Correlation chart
chart.Correlation(tpack[, -1], method = c("pearson"))
```



```
#####
```

```
## Correlation matrix
```

```
## APA format
```

```
apa.cor.table(tpack[,-1], filename="Table_TPACK.doc", table.number=1)
```

```
##
```

```
##
```

```
## Table 1
```

```
##
```

```
## Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals
```

```
##
```

```
##
```

Variable	M	SD	1	2	3	4	5
1. TCK1	2.70	1.04					
2. TCK2	2.73	1.14	.66**				
			[.58, .73]				
3. TPK1	2.69	1.01	.66**	.72**			
			[.58, .73]	[.65, .78]			
4. TPK2	2.53	1.09	.67**	.73**	.74**		
			[.59, .74]	[.67, .79]	[.67, .79]		
5. TPK3	2.15	1.07	.53**	.55**	.55**	.59**	
			[.42, .61]	[.45, .64]	[.45, .64]	[.50, .67]	
6. TPK4	2.26	1.06	.41**	.46**	.50**	.55**	.67**
			[.29, .51]	[.35, .56]	[.39, .59]	[.46, .64]	[.60, .74]
7. TPCK1	2.27	1.07	.53**	.65**	.66**	.61**	.64**
			[.43, .62]	[.57, .72]	[.58, .73]	[.51, .68]	[.55, .71]
8. TPCK2	2.09	1.12	.53**	.59**	.52**	.59**	.56**
			[.43, .62]	[.50, .67]	[.41, .61]	[.50, .67]	[.46, .64]
9. TPCK3	2.47	1.12	.56**	.61**	.57**	.66**	.47**
			[.46, .64]	[.52, .68]	[.48, .66]	[.58, .73]	[.36, .56]
10. TPCK4	2.30	1.08	.68**	.60**	.63**	.66**	.56**
			[.60, .74]	[.50, .68]	[.54, .70]	[.58, .73]	[.46, .65]

```
## 6 7 8 9
```

```
##
```

```
##
```

```
##
```

```
##
```

```
##
```

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##
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##
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##
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##
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```
##
```

```
##
```

```
##
```



```

1
2
3 ##
4 ##
5 ##
6 ##
7 ##
8 ##
9 ## .60**
10 ## [.51, .68]
11 ##
12 ## .52** .67**
13 ## [.42, .61] [.59, .74]
14 ##
15 ## .49** .58** .55**
16 ## [.38, .58] [.48, .66] [.45, .64]
17 ##
18 ## .49** .59** .53** .62**
19 ## [.38, .59] [.50, .67] [.43, .62] [.53, .69]
20 ##
21 ##
22 ## Note. M and SD are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively.
23 ## Values in square brackets indicate the 95% confidence interval.
24 ## The confidence interval is a plausible range of population correlations
25 ## that could have caused the sample correlation (Cumming, 2014).
26 ## * indicates p < .05. ** indicates p < .01.
27 ##

```

```

28 ## Extract the Pearson correlation matrix
29 tpack.cor <- cor(tpack[,-1], method = "pearson",
30 use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
31 tpack.cor
32

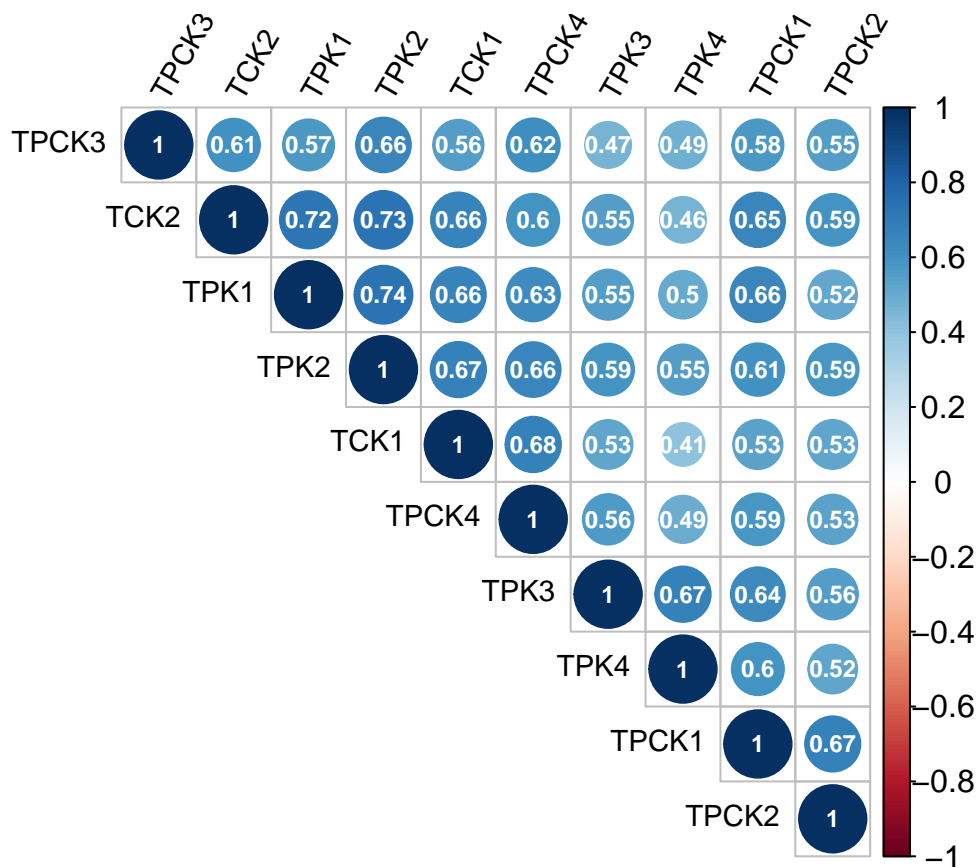
```

```

33 ##          TCK1      TCK2      TPK1      TPK2      TPK3      TPK4      TPCK1
34 ## TCK1  1.0000000  0.6606659  0.6645667  0.6729717  0.5257304  0.4067114  0.5340474
35 ## TCK2  0.6606659  1.0000000  0.7219284  0.7344307  0.5530358  0.4630667  0.6533737
36 ## TPK1  0.6645667  0.7219284  1.0000000  0.7387180  0.5526445  0.5007214  0.6591281
37 ## TPK2  0.6729717  0.7344307  0.7387180  1.0000000  0.5929535  0.5548643  0.6057073
38 ## TPK3  0.5257304  0.5530358  0.5526445  0.5929535  1.0000000  0.6743857  0.6383886
39 ## TPK4  0.4067114  0.4630667  0.5007214  0.5548643  0.6743857  1.0000000  0.5979701
40 ## TPCK1 0.5340474  0.6533737  0.6591281  0.6057073  0.6383886  0.5979701  1.0000000
41 ## TPCK2 0.5291322  0.5901395  0.5180802  0.5890999  0.5590229  0.5244939  0.6711717
42 ## TPCK3 0.5574571  0.6067277  0.5746924  0.6598349  0.4667902  0.4877856  0.5762563
43 ## TPCK4 0.6758138  0.5962837  0.6272555  0.6594856  0.5612072  0.4920041  0.5899081
44 ##          TPCK2      TPCK3      TPCK4
45 ## TCK1  0.5291322  0.5574571  0.6758138
46 ## TCK2  0.5901395  0.6067277  0.5962837
47 ## TPK1  0.5180802  0.5746924  0.6272555
48 ## TPK2  0.5890999  0.6598349  0.6594856
49 ## TPK3  0.5590229  0.4667902  0.5612072
50 ## TPK4  0.5244939  0.4877856  0.4920041
51 ## TPCK1 0.6711717  0.5762563  0.5899081
52 ## TPCK2 1.0000000  0.5538564  0.5347493
53 ## TPCK3 0.5538564  1.0000000  0.6198639
54 ## TPCK4 0.5347493  0.6198639  1.0000000
55
56
57
58
59
60

```

```
## Correlogram
corrplot(tpack.cor, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
  tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
  addCoef.col = "white",
  number.cex = 0.75,
  cl.cex = 1,
  tl.cex = 0.9)
```



```
## Extract the polychoric correlation matrix
tpack.pcor <- polychoric(tpack[, -1])
```

```
## Warning in matpLower(x, nvar, gminx, gmaxx, gminy, gmaxy): 45 cells were
## adjusted for 0 values using the correction for continuity. Examine your data
## carefully.
```

```
tpack.pcor$rho
```

```
##          TCK1      TCK2      TPK1      TPK2      TPK3      TPK4      TPCK1
## TCK1  1.000000  0.689503  0.676160  0.671023  0.531664  0.411825  0.530453
## TCK2  0.689503  1.000000  0.736662  0.756382  0.550878  0.484282  0.668312
## TPK1  0.676160  0.736662  1.000000  0.751607  0.572128  0.507931  0.679281
## TPK2  0.671023  0.756382  0.751607  1.000000  0.617992  0.581078  0.632212
## TPK3  0.531664  0.550878  0.572128  0.617992  1.000000  0.689733  0.648907
## TPK4  0.411825  0.484282  0.507931  0.581078  0.689733  1.000000  0.619855
## TPCK1  0.530453  0.668312  0.679281  0.632212  0.648907  0.619855  1.000000
## TPCK2  0.556413  0.619386  0.552659  0.618469  0.579213  0.550914  0.690016
## TPCK3  0.581792  0.642412  0.637272  0.684306  0.498682  0.507958  0.609493
## TPCK4  0.684753  0.622872  0.661673  0.677690  0.585471  0.511581  0.606488
```

```

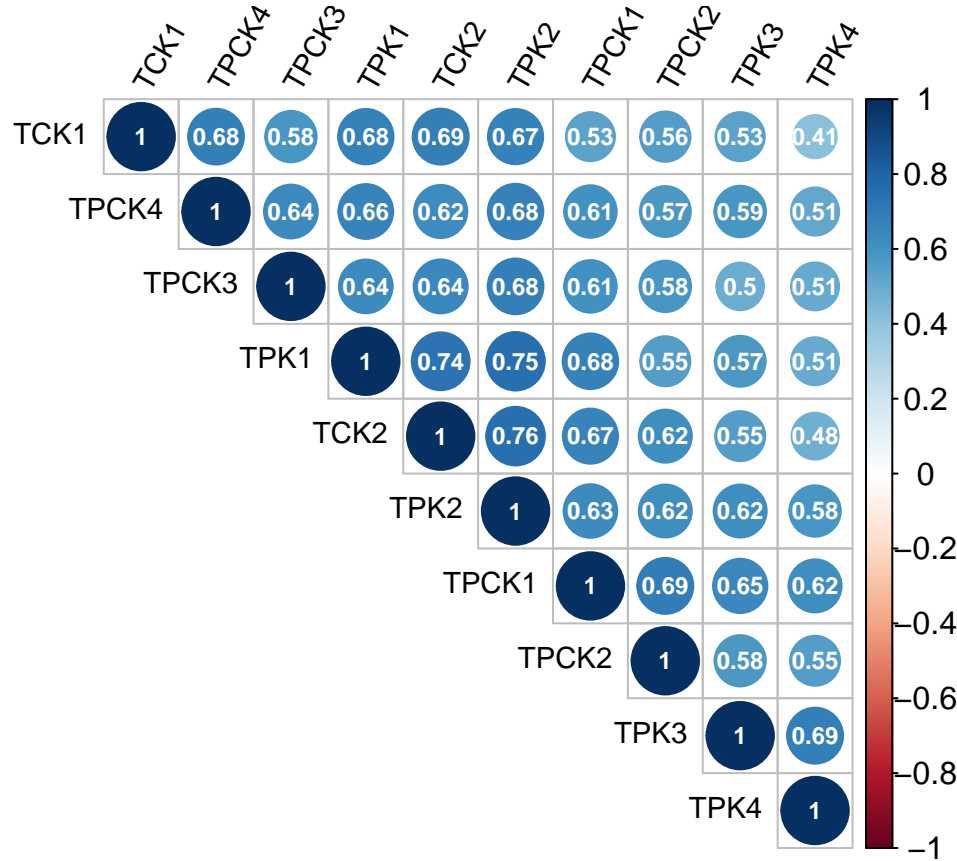
##          TPCK2      TPCK3      TPCK4
## TCK1  0.5564135  0.5817922  0.6847534
## TCK2  0.6193860  0.6424128  0.6228728
## TPK1  0.5526595  0.6372721  0.6616732
## TPK2  0.6184694  0.6843066  0.6776908
## TPK3  0.5792137  0.4986829  0.5854715
## TPK4  0.5509144  0.5079580  0.5115811
## TPCK1 0.6900166  0.6094933  0.6064883
## TPCK2 1.0000000  0.5828841  0.5711546
## TPCK3 0.5828841  1.0000000  0.6377252
## TPCK4 0.5711546  0.6377252  1.0000000

```

```

## Correlogram
corrplot(tpack.pcor$rho, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
         tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
         addCoef.col = "white",
         number.cex = 0.75,
         cl.cex = 1,
         tl.cex = 0.9)

```



```

## Absolute difference between the two matrices
tpack.pcor$rho-tpack.cor

```

```

##          TCK1      TCK2      TPK1      TPK2      TPK3
## TCK1  0.00000000  0.028837064  0.011593955  -0.001948156  0.005934180
## TCK2  0.028837064  0.000000000  0.014734172  0.021952120  -0.002157421
## TPK1  0.011593955  0.014734172  0.000000000  0.012889845  0.019483912
## TPK2  -0.001948156  0.021952120  0.012889845  0.000000000  0.025038574

```

```

1
2
3  ## TPK3  0.005934180 -0.002157421 0.019483912  0.025038574  0.000000000
4  ## TPK4  0.005114307  0.021215850 0.007209679  0.026213978  0.015348079
5  ## TPCK1 -0.003594420  0.014938402 0.020153339  0.026505465  0.010519163
6  ## TPCK2  0.027281244  0.029246562 0.034579324  0.029369505  0.020190831
7  ## TPCK3  0.024335044  0.035685157 0.062579677  0.024471728  0.031892714
8  ## TPCK4  0.008939652  0.026589171 0.034417694  0.018205244  0.024264244
9  ##          TPK4          TPCK1          TPCK2          TPCK3          TPCK4
10 ## TCK1  0.005114307 -0.00359442 0.02728124 0.02433504 0.008939652
11 ## TCK2  0.021215850  0.01493840 0.02924656 0.03568516 0.026589171
12 ## TPK1  0.007209679  0.02015334 0.03457932 0.06257968 0.034417694
13 ## TPK2  0.026213978  0.02650546 0.02936951 0.02447173 0.018205244
14 ## TPK3  0.015348079  0.01051916 0.02019083 0.03189271 0.024264244
15 ## TPK4  0.000000000  0.02188543 0.02642047 0.02017238 0.019577007
16 ## TPCK1 0.021885429  0.00000000 0.01884486 0.03323698 0.016580138
17 ## TPCK2 0.026420472  0.01884486 0.00000000 0.02902767 0.036405295
18 ## TPCK3 0.020172377  0.03323698 0.02902767 0.00000000 0.017861271
19 ## TPCK4 0.019577007  0.01658014 0.03640530 0.01786127 0.000000000

```

```

20 max(tpack.pcor$rho-tpack.cor)

```

```

21 ## [1] 0.06257968

```

```

22 #####

```

```

23 ## Reliability coefficients (overall scale)

```

```

24 omega(tpack[, -1])

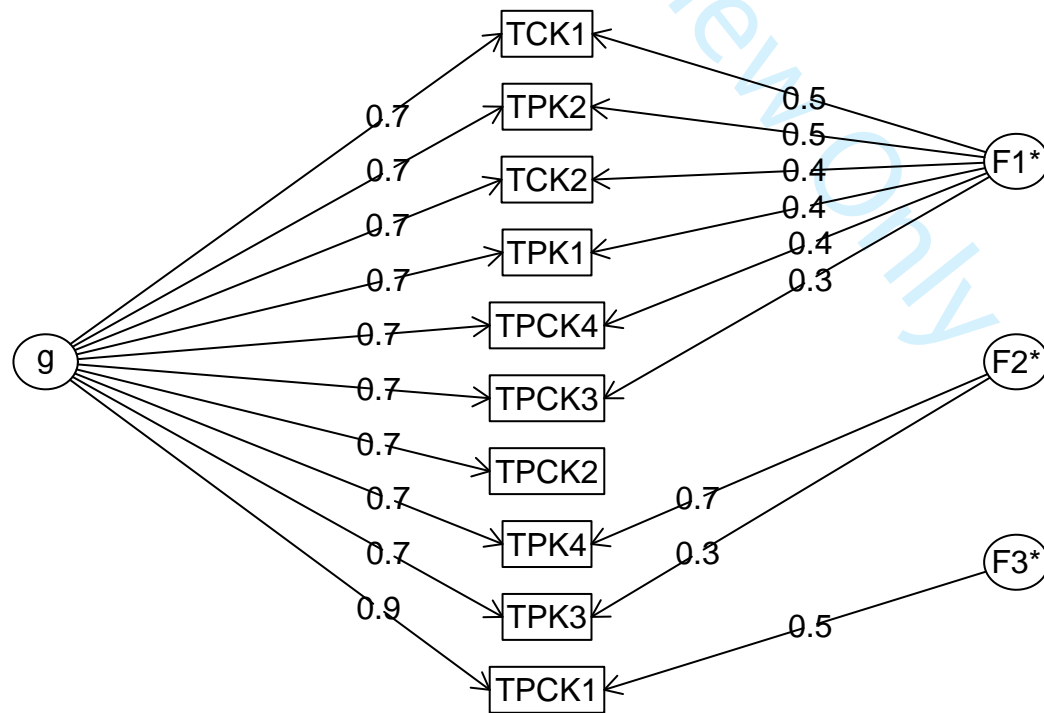
```

```

25 ## Loading required namespace: GPArotation

```

Omega



```

26 ## Omega

```

```

1
2
3  ## Call: omegah(m = m, nfactors = nfactors, fm = fm, key = key, flip = flip,
4  ##   digits = digits, title = title, sl = sl, labels = labels,
5  ##   plot = plot, n.obs = n.obs, rotate = rotate, Phi = Phi, option = option,
6  ##   covar = covar)
7  ## Alpha:                0.93
8  ## G.6:                  0.94
9  ## Omega Hierarchical:   0.79
10 ## Omega H asymptotic:   0.83
11 ## Omega Total           0.95
12 ##
13 ## Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
14 ##      g  F1*  F2*  F3*  h2  u2  p2
15 ## TCK1 0.65 0.48                0.66 0.34 0.65
16 ## TCK2 0.72 0.41                0.70 0.30 0.75
17 ## TPK1 0.72 0.40                0.68 0.32 0.76
18 ## TPK2 0.74 0.46                0.77 0.23 0.72
19 ## TPK3 0.69          0.30        0.60 0.40 0.80
20 ## TPK4 0.69          0.67        0.92 0.08 0.52
21 ## TPCK1 0.85                0.52 1.00 0.00 0.73
22 ## TPCK2 0.68                0.54 0.46 0.86
23 ## TPCK3 0.65 0.34                0.54 0.46 0.78
24 ## TPCK4 0.68 0.39                0.62 0.38 0.75
25 ##
26 ## With eigenvalues of:
27 ##   g  F1*  F2*  F3*
28 ## 5.04 1.09 0.56 0.32
29 ##
30 ## general/max 4.63  max/min = 3.38
31 ## mean percent general = 0.73  with sd = 0.09 and cv of 0.13
32 ## Explained Common Variance of the general factor = 0.72
33 ##
34 ## The degrees of freedom are 18 and the fit is 0.18
35 ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 38.23 with prob < 0.0036
36 ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.02
37 ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.03
38 ## RMSEA index = 0.071 and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.039 0.103
39 ## BIC = -59.02
40 ##
41 ## Compare this with the adequacy of just a general factor and no group factors
42 ## The degrees of freedom for just the general factor are 35 and the fit is 1.01
43 ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 219.24 with prob < 1.5e-28
44 ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.12
45 ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.13
46 ##
47 ## RMSEA index = 0.154 and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.135 0.174
48 ## BIC = 30.15
49 ##
50 ## Measures of factor score adequacy
51 ##
52 ##      g  F1*  F2*  F3*
53 ## Correlation of scores with factors 0.92 0.73 0.85 0.77
54 ## Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.84 0.53 0.72 0.60
55 ## Minimum correlation of factor score estimates 0.69 0.06 0.45 0.20
56 ##
57 ## Total, General and Subset omega for each subset
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3      ##                                g  F1*  F2*  F3*
4      ## Omega total for total scores and subscales    0.95 0.92 0.84 1.00
5      ## Omega general for total scores and subscales  0.79 0.71 0.57 0.73
6      ## Omega group for total scores and subscales    0.13 0.21 0.28 0.27
7

```

```
#####
```

```

10
11  ## Model specification
12  ## Three factors
13  tpack.cfa3 <- '
14      # TPACK specific factors
15      TCK =~ TCK1 + TCK2
16      TPK =~ TPK1 + TPK2 + TPK3 + TPK4
17      TPCK =~ TPCK1 + TPCK2 + TPCK3 + TPCK4
18
19      # Residual covariances
20
21  '
22
23  ## Model estimation
24  tpack.cfa3.fit <- sem(tpack.cfa3, data = tpack[, -1],
25                        missing = "FIML",
26                        estimator = "MLR",
27                        se="robust.mlr")
28
29  ## Summary
30  summary(tpack.cfa3.fit,
31          rsquare = TRUE,
32          fit.measures = TRUE,
33          standardized = TRUE)

```

Measurement model

```

34
35
36  ## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 47 iterations
37  ##
38  ##      Estimator                ML
39  ##      Optimization method      NLMINB
40  ##      Number of free parameters      33
41  ##
42  ##      Number of observations        222
43  ##      Number of missing patterns     6
44  ##
45  ## Model Test User Model:
46  ##
47  ##      Test Statistic            Standard      Robust
48  ##      Degrees of freedom                32         32
49  ##      P-value (Chi-square)            0.000        0.000
50  ##      Scaling correction factor
51  ##      Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)      1.394
52  ##
53  ## Model Test Baseline Model:
54  ##
55  ##      Test statistic            1554.956      1136.342
56  ##      Degrees of freedom                45         45
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3      ## P-value                0.000      0.000
4      ## Scaling correction factor      1.368
5      ##
6      ## User Model versus Baseline Model:
7      ##
8      ## Comparative Fit Index (CFI)      0.932      0.941
9      ## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)      0.905      0.917
10     ##
11     ## Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)      0.940
12     ## Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)      0.915
13     ##
14     ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
15     ##
16     ## Loglikelihood user model (H0)      -2588.314  -2588.314
17     ## Scaling correction factor
18     ##   for the MLR correction
19     ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)      -2521.140  -2521.140
20     ## Scaling correction factor
21     ##   for the MLR correction
22     ##
23     ## Akaike (AIC)      5242.628      5242.628
24     ## Bayesian (BIC)      5354.916      5354.916
25     ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)      5250.337      5250.337
26     ##
27     ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
28     ##
29     ## RMSEA      0.120      0.095
30     ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower      0.099      0.077
31     ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper      0.141      0.114
32     ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05      0.000      0.000
33     ##
34     ## Robust RMSEA      0.112
35     ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower      0.087
36     ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper      0.139
37     ##
38     ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
39     ##
40     ## SRMR      0.044      0.044
41     ##
42     ## Parameter Estimates:
43     ##
44     ## Standard errors      Sandwich
45     ## Information bread      Observed
46     ## Observed information based on      Hessian
47     ##
48     ## Latent Variables:
49     ## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
50     ## TCK =~
51     ## TCK1      1.000      0.816      0.784
52     ## TCK2      1.167      0.073      15.901      0.000      0.952      0.841
53     ## TPK =~
54     ## TPK1      1.000      0.853      0.836
55     ## TPK2      1.113      0.057      19.388      0.000      0.950      0.868
56     ## TPK3      0.907      0.072      12.600      0.000      0.774      0.722
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3      ##      TPK4          0.826    0.080    10.359    0.000    0.704    0.663
4      ##      TPCK =~
5      ##      TPCK1          1.000                                0.870    0.807
6      ##      TPCK2          0.962    0.054    17.820    0.000    0.837    0.744
7      ##      TPCK3          0.969    0.064    15.229    0.000    0.843    0.754
8      ##      TPCK4          0.975    0.068    14.393    0.000    0.848    0.786
9      ##
10     ## Covariances:
11     ##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
12     ##      TCK ~~
13     ##      TPK          0.682    0.102    6.681    0.000    0.980    0.980
14     ##      TPCK         0.672    0.089    7.548    0.000    0.947    0.947
15     ##      TPK ~~
16     ##      TPCK         0.715    0.091    7.889    0.000    0.964    0.964
17     ##
18     ## Intercepts:
19     ##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
20     ##      .TCK1         2.703    0.070    38.699    0.000    2.703    2.597
21     ##      .TCK2         2.728    0.076    35.919    0.000    2.728    2.412
22     ##      .TPK1         2.678    0.069    39.019    0.000    2.678    2.626
23     ##      .TPK2         2.518    0.074    34.252    0.000    2.518    2.302
24     ##      .TPK3         2.153    0.072    29.946    0.000    2.153    2.010
25     ##      .TPK4         2.254    0.071    31.543    0.000    2.254    2.121
26     ##      .TPCK1        2.267    0.073    31.219    0.000    2.267    2.102
27     ##      .TPCK2        2.081    0.076    27.485    0.000    2.081    1.850
28     ##      .TPCK3        2.468    0.075    32.910    0.000    2.468    2.209
29     ##      .TPCK4        2.305    0.072    31.796    0.000    2.305    2.135
30     ##      TCK           0.000                                0.000    0.000
31     ##      TPK           0.000                                0.000    0.000
32     ##      TPCK          0.000                                0.000    0.000
33     ##
34     ## Variances:
35     ##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
36     ##      .TCK1         0.418    0.056    7.414    0.000    0.418    0.386
37     ##      .TCK2         0.374    0.061    6.177    0.000    0.374    0.292
38     ##      .TPK1         0.312    0.049    6.333    0.000    0.312    0.300
39     ##      .TPK2         0.295    0.048    6.190    0.000    0.295    0.246
40     ##      .TPK3         0.549    0.056    9.735    0.000    0.549    0.479
41     ##      .TPK4         0.634    0.071    8.921    0.000    0.634    0.561
42     ##      .TPCK1        0.407    0.052    7.758    0.000    0.407    0.349
43     ##      .TPCK2        0.566    0.058    9.690    0.000    0.566    0.447
44     ##      .TPCK3        0.538    0.062    8.734    0.000    0.538    0.431
45     ##      .TPCK4        0.446    0.058    7.675    0.000    0.446    0.383
46     ##      TCK           0.665    0.113    5.872    0.000    1.000    1.000
47     ##      TPK           0.727    0.106    6.862    0.000    1.000    1.000
48     ##      TPCK          0.757    0.099    7.623    0.000    1.000    1.000
49     ##
50     ## R-Square:
51     ##              Estimate
52     ##      TCK1          0.614
53     ##      TCK2          0.708
54     ##      TPK1          0.700
55     ##      TPK2          0.754
56     ##      TPK3          0.521
57
58
59
60

```



```

1
2
3      ##      TPK4          0.439
4      ##      TPCK1         0.651
5      ##      TPCK2         0.553
6      ##      TPCK3         0.569
7      ##      TPCK4         0.617

```

```
8
9      ## Parameter estimates
```

```
parameterEstimates(tpack.cfa3.fit)
```

```

11     ##      lhs op   rhs   est   se      z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
12     ## 1   TCK =~  TCK1 1.000 0.000   NA    NA    1.000   1.000
13     ## 2   TCK =~  TCK2 1.167 0.073 15.901    0    1.023   1.311
14     ## 3   TPK =~  TPK1 1.000 0.000   NA    NA    1.000   1.000
15     ## 4   TPK =~  TPK2 1.113 0.057 19.388    0    1.001   1.226
16     ## 5   TPK =~  TPK3 0.907 0.072 12.600    0    0.766   1.048
17     ## 6   TPK =~  TPK4 0.826 0.080 10.359    0    0.670   0.982
18     ## 7  TPCK =~ TPCK1 1.000 0.000   NA    NA    1.000   1.000
19     ## 8  TPCK =~ TPCK2 0.962 0.054 17.820    0    0.856   1.067
20     ## 9  TPCK =~ TPCK3 0.969 0.064 15.229    0    0.844   1.094
21     ## 10 TPCK =~ TPCK4 0.975 0.068 14.393    0    0.842   1.107
22     ## 11 TCK1 ~~~ TCK1 0.418 0.056  7.414    0    0.307   0.528
23     ## 12 TCK2 ~~~ TCK2 0.374 0.061  6.177    0    0.255   0.493
24     ## 13 TPK1 ~~~ TPK1 0.312 0.049  6.333    0    0.216   0.409
25     ## 14 TPK2 ~~~ TPK2 0.295 0.048  6.190    0    0.201   0.388
26     ## 15 TPK3 ~~~ TPK3 0.549 0.056  9.735    0    0.439   0.660
27     ## 16 TPK4 ~~~ TPK4 0.634 0.071  8.921    0    0.494   0.773
28     ## 17 TPCK1 ~~~ TPCK1 0.407 0.052  7.758    0    0.304   0.509
29     ## 18 TPCK2 ~~~ TPCK2 0.566 0.058  9.690    0    0.452   0.681
30     ## 19 TPCK3 ~~~ TPCK3 0.538 0.062  8.734    0    0.417   0.659
31     ## 20 TPCK4 ~~~ TPCK4 0.446 0.058  7.675    0    0.332   0.560
32     ## 21   TCK ~~~   TCK 0.665 0.113  5.872    0    0.443   0.887
33     ## 22   TPK ~~~   TPK 0.727 0.106  6.862    0    0.520   0.935
34     ## 23  TPCK ~~~  TPCK 0.757 0.099  7.623    0    0.562   0.952
35     ## 24   TCK ~~~   TPK 0.682 0.102  6.681    0    0.482   0.882
36     ## 25   TCK ~~~  TPCK 0.672 0.089  7.548    0    0.498   0.847
37     ## 26   TPK ~~~  TPCK 0.715 0.091  7.889    0    0.537   0.893
38     ## 27 TCK1 ~1      2.703 0.070 38.699    0    2.566   2.840
39     ## 28 TCK2 ~1      2.728 0.076 35.919    0    2.580   2.877
40     ## 29 TPK1 ~1      2.678 0.069 39.019    0    2.543   2.812
41     ## 30 TPK2 ~1      2.518 0.074 34.252    0    2.374   2.662
42     ## 31 TPK3 ~1      2.153 0.072 29.946    0    2.012   2.294
43     ## 32 TPK4 ~1      2.254 0.071 31.543    0    2.114   2.394
44     ## 33 TPCK1 ~1     2.267 0.073 31.219    0    2.125   2.410
45     ## 34 TPCK2 ~1     2.081 0.076 27.485    0    1.933   2.230
46     ## 35 TPCK3 ~1     2.468 0.075 32.910    0    2.321   2.615
47     ## 36 TPCK4 ~1     2.305 0.072 31.796    0    2.163   2.447
48     ## 37   TCK ~1      0.000 0.000   NA    NA    0.000   0.000
49     ## 38   TPK ~1      0.000 0.000   NA    NA    0.000   0.000
50     ## 39  TPCK ~1      0.000 0.000   NA    NA    0.000   0.000

```

```
51     ## Standardized residuals
```

```
resid(tpack.cfa3.fit, type="standardized")
```

```

54     ## $type
55     ## [1] "standardized"
56     ##
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3
4   ## $cov
5   ##      TCK1   TCK2   TPK1   TPK2   TPK3   TPK4   TPCK1  TPCK2  TPCK3  TPCK4
6   ## TCK1   0.000
7   ## TCK2   0.020 -0.006
8   ## TPK1   1.270  1.286  0.049
9   ## TPK2   0.602  1.190  1.142  0.095
10  ## TPK3  -0.976 -1.963 -1.973 -1.335  0.000
11  ## TPK4  -3.660 -3.113 -2.263 -0.745  4.185 -0.032
12  ## TPCK1 -2.415  0.442  0.551 -3.574  2.356  2.226 -0.059
13  ## TPCK2 -0.533  0.043 -2.857 -1.065  1.305  1.344  2.358  0.011
14  ## TPCK3 -0.081  0.112 -0.932  1.348 -1.813  0.350 -0.977  0.053  0.000
15  ## TPCK4  2.959 -1.229  0.087  0.477  0.521 -0.013 -2.036 -1.856  0.900 -0.153
16  ##
17  ## $mean
18  ##      TCK1   TCK2   TPK1   TPK2   TPK3   TPK4   TPCK1  TPCK2  TPCK3  TPCK4
19  ##  0.000 -0.217 -0.967 -1.305  0.000  1.681  0.254  0.302  0.000 -1.907
20
21  ## Modification indices
22  modindices(tpack.cfa3.fit)
23
24  ##      lhs op   rhs      mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
25  ## 40   TCK == TPK1  9.971  3.115  2.540  2.491  2.491
26  ## 41   TCK == TPK2  3.903  2.084  1.700  1.554  1.554
27  ## 42   TCK == TPK3  5.973 -2.716 -2.215 -2.068 -2.068
28  ## 43   TCK == TPK4 21.066 -5.286 -4.311 -4.056 -4.056
29  ## 44   TCK == TPCK1 0.560 -0.384 -0.313 -0.291 -0.291
30  ## 45   TCK == TPCK2 1.572 -0.659 -0.537 -0.478 -0.478
31  ## 46   TCK == TPCK3 0.002 -0.024 -0.019 -0.017 -0.017
32  ## 47   TCK == TPCK4 3.993  1.015  0.828  0.767  0.767
33  ## 48   TPK == TCK1  0.175 -7.779 -6.635 -6.376 -6.376
34  ## 49   TPK == TCK2  0.175  9.064  7.731  6.833  6.833
35  ## 50   TPK == TPCK1 0.035 -0.117 -0.100 -0.093 -0.093
36  ## 51   TPK == TPCK2 2.708 -1.031 -0.879 -0.782 -0.782
37  ## 52   TPK == TPCK3 0.011 -0.064 -0.055 -0.049 -0.049
38  ## 53   TPK == TPCK4 3.519  1.148  0.979  0.907  0.907
39  ## 54  TPCK == TCK1  0.176  0.235  0.205  0.197  0.197
40  ## 55  TPCK == TCK2  0.176 -0.275 -0.239 -0.211 -0.211
41  ## 56  TPCK == TPK1  3.088 -0.823 -0.716 -0.702 -0.702
42  ## 57  TPCK == TPK2  3.060 -0.879 -0.765 -0.699 -0.699
43  ## 58  TPCK == TPK3  3.973  1.045  0.909  0.848  0.848
44  ## 59  TPCK == TPK4  7.524  1.487  1.294  1.217  1.217
45  ## 61  TCK1 == TPK1  1.941  0.043  0.043  0.118  0.118
46  ## 62  TCK1 == TPK2  0.563  0.024  0.024  0.067  0.067
47  ## 63  TCK1 == TPK3  0.938 -0.036 -0.036 -0.075 -0.075
48  ## 64  TCK1 == TPK4  8.722 -0.115 -0.115 -0.224 -0.224
49  ## 65  TCK1 == TPCK1 7.103 -0.090 -0.090 -0.219 -0.219
50  ## 66  TCK1 == TPCK2 0.201 -0.017 -0.017 -0.035 -0.035
51  ## 67  TCK1 == TPCK3 0.021 -0.005 -0.005 -0.011 -0.011
52  ## 68  TCK1 == TPCK4 14.776  0.133  0.133  0.309  0.309
53  ## 69  TCK2 == TPK1  4.894  0.069  0.069  0.201  0.201
54  ## 70  TCK2 == TPK2  2.114  0.047  0.047  0.141  0.141
55  ## 71  TCK2 == TPK3  4.071 -0.075 -0.075 -0.165 -0.165
56  ## 72  TCK2 == TPK4  8.010 -0.110 -0.110 -0.226 -0.226
57  ## 73  TCK2 == TPCK1 0.919  0.033  0.033  0.084  0.084
58  ## 74  TCK2 == TPCK2 0.153  0.015  0.015  0.033  0.033
59
60

```

```

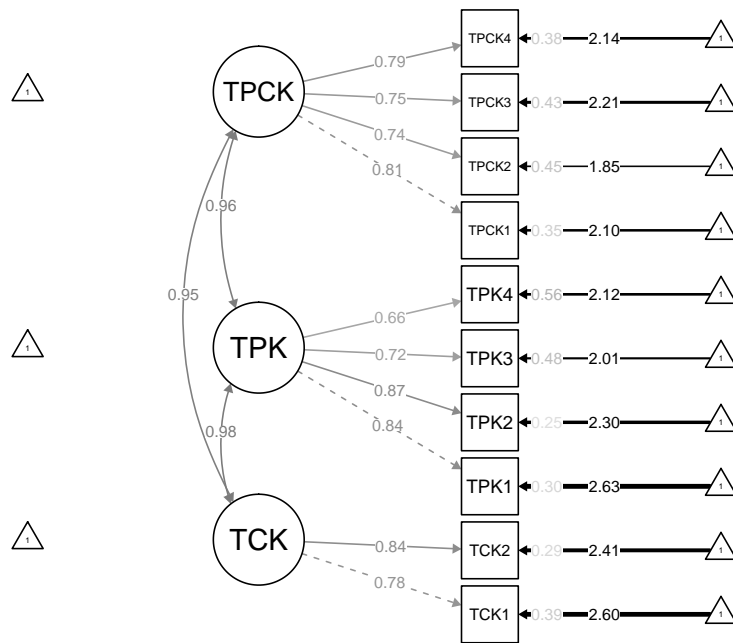
1
2
3   ## 75  TCK2  ~~ TPCK3  0.042  0.008  0.008  0.017  0.017
4   ## 76  TCK2  ~~ TPCK4  3.932 -0.069 -0.069 -0.169 -0.169
5   ## 77  TPK1  ~~ TPK2   2.260  0.048  0.048  0.158  0.158
6   ## 78  TPK1  ~~ TPK3   4.101 -0.067 -0.067 -0.163 -0.163
7   ## 79  TPK1  ~~ TPK4   3.821 -0.068 -0.068 -0.153 -0.153
8   ## 80  TPK1  ~~ TPCK1  1.223  0.033  0.033  0.092  0.092
9   ## 81  TPK1  ~~ TPCK2  8.870 -0.100 -0.100 -0.238 -0.238
10  ## 82  TPK1  ~~ TPCK3  0.955 -0.032 -0.032 -0.078 -0.078
11  ## 83  TPK1  ~~ TPCK4  0.017  0.004  0.004  0.011  0.011
12  ## 84  TPK2  ~~ TPK3   2.065 -0.049 -0.049 -0.123 -0.123
13  ## 85  TPK2  ~~ TPK4   0.461 -0.024 -0.024 -0.056 -0.056
14  ## 86  TPK2  ~~ TPCK1 14.511 -0.115 -0.115 -0.332 -0.332
15  ## 87  TPK2  ~~ TPCK2  0.732 -0.029 -0.029 -0.071 -0.071
16  ## 88  TPK2  ~~ TPCK3  5.140  0.075  0.075  0.189  0.189
17  ## 89  TPK2  ~~ TPCK4  0.313  0.017  0.017  0.048  0.048
18  ## 90  TPK3  ~~ TPK4  38.986  0.269  0.269  0.455  0.455
19  ## 91  TPK3  ~~ TPCK1  9.961  0.116  0.116  0.245  0.245
20  ## 92  TPK3  ~~ TPCK2  2.789  0.070  0.070  0.125  0.125
21  ## 93  TPK3  ~~ TPCK3  5.728 -0.097 -0.097 -0.179 -0.179
22  ## 94  TPK3  ~~ TPCK4  0.044  0.008  0.008  0.016  0.016
23  ## 95  TPK4  ~~ TPCK1  8.325  0.112  0.112  0.221  0.221
24  ## 96  TPK4  ~~ TPCK2  2.556  0.071  0.071  0.118  0.118
25  ## 97  TPK4  ~~ TPCK3  0.007  0.004  0.004  0.006  0.006
26  ## 98  TPK4  ~~ TPCK4  0.284 -0.021 -0.021 -0.040 -0.040
27  ## 99  TPCK1  ~~ TPCK2 12.353  0.142  0.142  0.296  0.296
28  ## 100 TPCK1  ~~ TPCK3  1.438 -0.048 -0.048 -0.102 -0.102
29  ## 101 TPCK1  ~~ TPCK4  3.380 -0.069 -0.069 -0.162 -0.162
30  ## 102 TPCK2  ~~ TPCK3  0.002  0.002  0.002  0.004  0.004
31  ## 103 TPCK2  ~~ TPCK4  2.912 -0.070 -0.070 -0.140 -0.140
32  ## 104 TPCK3  ~~ TPCK4  1.759  0.053  0.053  0.109  0.109

```

```

33  # Visualize the path model
34  semPaths(tpack.cfa3.fit,
35           rotation = 2,
36           layout = "tree2",
37           what = "std",
38           posCol = "black",
39           edge.width = 0.5,
40           style = "Lisrel",
41           fade = T,
42           edge.label.position = 0.55)
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```



```

23 ## Model specification
24 ## One factor
25 tpack.cfa1 <- '
26     # TPACK general factor
27     gTPACK =~ TCK1 + TCK2 + TPK1 + TPK2 + TPK3 + TPK4 +
28     TPCK1 + TPCK2 + TPCK3 + TPCK4
29 '
30
31 ## Model estimation
32 tpack.cfa1.fit <- sem(tpack.cfa1, data = tpack[,-1],
33     missing = "FIML",
34     estimator = "MLR",
35     se="robust.mlr")
36
37 ## Summary
38 summary(tpack.cfa1.fit,
39     rsquare = TRUE,
40     fit.measures = TRUE,
41     standardized = TRUE)

```

```

43 ## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 34 iterations

```

```

44 ##
45 ## Estimator ML
46 ## Optimization method NLMINB
47 ## Number of free parameters 30
48 ##
49 ## Number of observations 222
50 ## Number of missing patterns 6
51 ##
52 ## Model Test User Model:
53 ## Standard Robust
54 ## Test Statistic 141.128 99.374
55 ## Degrees of freedom 35 35
56 ## P-value (Chi-square) 0.000 0.000

```

```

1
2
3      ##      Scaling correction factor                      1.420
4      ##      Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)
5      ##
6      ## Model Test Baseline Model:
7      ##
8      ##      Test statistic                      1554.956      1136.342
9      ##      Degrees of freedom                      45          45
10     ##      P-value                      0.000          0.000
11     ##      Scaling correction factor                      1.368
12     ##
13     ## User Model versus Baseline Model:
14     ##
15     ##      Comparative Fit Index (CFI)                      0.930          0.941
16     ##      Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)                      0.910          0.924
17     ##
18     ##      Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)                      0.939
19     ##      Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)                      0.921
20     ##
21     ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
22     ##
23     ##      Loglikelihood user model (H0)                      -2591.704      -2591.704
24     ##      Scaling correction factor                      1.008
25     ##      for the MLR correction
26     ##      Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)                      -2521.140      -2521.140
27     ##      Scaling correction factor                      1.230
28     ##      for the MLR correction
29     ##
30     ##      Akaike (AIC)                      5243.408      5243.408
31     ##      Bayesian (BIC)                      5345.488      5345.488
32     ##      Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)                      5250.416      5250.416
33     ##
34     ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
35     ##
36     ##      RMSEA                      0.117          0.091
37     ##      90 Percent confidence interval - lower                      0.097          0.074
38     ##      90 Percent confidence interval - upper                      0.137          0.109
39     ##      P-value RMSEA <= 0.05                      0.000          0.000
40     ##
41     ##      Robust RMSEA                      0.108
42     ##      90 Percent confidence interval - lower                      0.084
43     ##      90 Percent confidence interval - upper                      0.134
44     ##
45     ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
46     ##
47     ##      SRMR                      0.044          0.044
48     ##
49     ## Parameter Estimates:
50     ##
51     ##      Standard errors                      Sandwich
52     ##      Information bread                      Observed
53     ##      Observed information based on                      Hessian
54     ##
55     ## Latent Variables:
56     ##      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3      ##      gTPACK =~
4      ##      TCK1          1.000          0.802      0.771
5      ##      TCK2          1.162      0.072      16.065      0.000      0.932      0.824
6      ##      TPK1          1.054      0.063      16.640      0.000      0.846      0.830
7      ##      TPK2          1.173      0.071      16.574      0.000      0.941      0.860
8      ##      TPK3          0.965      0.083      11.670      0.000      0.774      0.722
9      ##      TPK4          0.880      0.092       9.531      0.000      0.706      0.664
10     ##      TPCK1         1.064      0.087      12.204      0.000      0.853      0.791
11     ##      TPCK2         1.017      0.090      11.317      0.000      0.816      0.725
12     ##      TPCK3         1.032      0.090      11.491      0.000      0.828      0.740
13     ##      TPCK4         1.047      0.073      14.283      0.000      0.840      0.778
14     ##
15     ## Intercepts:
16     ##      Estimate      Std.Err      z-value      P(>|z|)      Std.lv      Std.all
17     ##      .TCK1         2.703      0.070      38.699      0.000      2.703      2.597
18     ##      .TCK2         2.729      0.076      35.920      0.000      2.729      2.412
19     ##      .TPK1         2.678      0.069      39.016      0.000      2.678      2.626
20     ##      .TPK2         2.518      0.074      34.254      0.000      2.518      2.303
21     ##      .TPK3         2.153      0.072      29.946      0.000      2.153      2.010
22     ##      .TPK4         2.254      0.071      31.539      0.000      2.254      2.120
23     ##      .TPCK1        2.267      0.073      31.225      0.000      2.267      2.102
24     ##      .TPCK2        2.081      0.076      27.480      0.000      2.081      1.849
25     ##      .TPCK3        2.468      0.075      32.910      0.000      2.468      2.209
26     ##      .TPCK4        2.305      0.072      31.794      0.000      2.305      2.136
27     ##      gTPACK        0.000          0.000          0.000          0.000          0.000          0.000
28     ##
29     ## Variances:
30     ##      Estimate      Std.Err      z-value      P(>|z|)      Std.lv      Std.all
31     ##      .TCK1         0.439      0.049       8.893      0.000      0.439      0.406
32     ##      .TCK2         0.411      0.055       7.529      0.000      0.411      0.321
33     ##      .TPK1         0.324      0.051       6.335      0.000      0.324      0.312
34     ##      .TPK2         0.311      0.045       6.858      0.000      0.311      0.260
35     ##      .TPK3         0.549      0.053      10.321      0.000      0.549      0.478
36     ##      .TPK4         0.632      0.068       9.331      0.000      0.632      0.559
37     ##      .TPCK1        0.436      0.052       8.318      0.000      0.436      0.374
38     ##      .TPCK2        0.600      0.057      10.552      0.000      0.600      0.474
39     ##      .TPCK3        0.564      0.062       9.120      0.000      0.564      0.452
40     ##      .TPCK4        0.459      0.057       8.092      0.000      0.459      0.395
41     ##      gTPACK        0.644      0.111       5.808      0.000      1.000      1.000
42     ##
43     ## R-Square:
44     ##      Estimate
45     ##      TCK1          0.594
46     ##      TCK2          0.679
47     ##      TPK1          0.688
48     ##      TPK2          0.740
49     ##      TPK3          0.522
50     ##      TPK4          0.441
51     ##      TPCK1         0.626
52     ##      TPCK2         0.526
53     ##      TPCK3         0.548
54     ##      TPCK4         0.605
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```

Parameter estimates

parameterEstimates(tpack.cfa1.fit)

##	lhs	op	rhs	est	se	z	pvalue	ci.lower	ci.upper
## 1	gTPACK	=~	TCK1	1.000	0.000	NA	NA	1.000	1.000
## 2	gTPACK	=~	TCK2	1.162	0.072	16.065	0	1.020	1.304
## 3	gTPACK	=~	TPK1	1.054	0.063	16.640	0	0.930	1.178
## 4	gTPACK	=~	TPK2	1.173	0.071	16.574	0	1.034	1.312
## 5	gTPACK	=~	TPK3	0.965	0.083	11.670	0	0.803	1.127
## 6	gTPACK	=~	TPK4	0.880	0.092	9.531	0	0.699	1.061
## 7	gTPACK	=~	TPCK1	1.064	0.087	12.204	0	0.893	1.235
## 8	gTPACK	=~	TPCK2	1.017	0.090	11.317	0	0.841	1.193
## 9	gTPACK	=~	TPCK3	1.032	0.090	11.491	0	0.856	1.208
## 10	gTPACK	=~	TPCK4	1.047	0.073	14.283	0	0.903	1.190
## 11	TCK1	~~	TCK1	0.439	0.049	8.893	0	0.342	0.536
## 12	TCK2	~~	TCK2	0.411	0.055	7.529	0	0.304	0.518
## 13	TPK1	~~	TPK1	0.324	0.051	6.335	0	0.224	0.424
## 14	TPK2	~~	TPK2	0.311	0.045	6.858	0	0.222	0.399
## 15	TPK3	~~	TPK3	0.549	0.053	10.321	0	0.445	0.653
## 16	TPK4	~~	TPK4	0.632	0.068	9.331	0	0.499	0.764
## 17	TPCK1	~~	TPCK1	0.436	0.052	8.318	0	0.333	0.538
## 18	TPCK2	~~	TPCK2	0.600	0.057	10.552	0	0.489	0.712
## 19	TPCK3	~~	TPCK3	0.564	0.062	9.120	0	0.443	0.685
## 20	TPCK4	~~	TPCK4	0.459	0.057	8.092	0	0.348	0.571
## 21	gTPACK	~~	gTPACK	0.644	0.111	5.808	0	0.426	0.861
## 22	TCK1	~1		2.703	0.070	38.699	0	2.566	2.840
## 23	TCK2	~1		2.729	0.076	35.920	0	2.580	2.878
## 24	TPK1	~1		2.678	0.069	39.016	0	2.543	2.812
## 25	TPK2	~1		2.518	0.074	34.254	0	2.374	2.662
## 26	TPK3	~1		2.153	0.072	29.946	0	2.012	2.294
## 27	TPK4	~1		2.254	0.071	31.539	0	2.114	2.394
## 28	TPCK1	~1		2.267	0.073	31.225	0	2.125	2.410
## 29	TPCK2	~1		2.081	0.076	27.480	0	1.932	2.229
## 30	TPCK3	~1		2.468	0.075	32.910	0	2.321	2.615
## 31	TPCK4	~1		2.305	0.072	31.794	0	2.162	2.447
## 32	gTPACK	~1		0.000	0.000	NA	NA	0.000	0.000

Standardized residuals

resid(tpack.cfa1.fit, type="standardized")

\$type

[1] "standardized"

##

\$cov

##	TCK1	TCK2	TPK1	TPK2	TPK3	TPK4	TPCK1	TPCK2	TPCK3	TPCK4
## TCK1	0.000									
## TCK2	0.984	-0.009								
## TPK1	1.306	1.325	0.052							
## TPK2	0.686	1.359	1.473	0.114						
## TPK3	-1.013	-1.897	-1.485	-0.872	0.000					
## TPK4	-3.622	-2.971	-1.663	-0.474	4.367	-0.035				
## TPCK1	-3.251	0.083	0.332	-4.635	2.051	1.894	-0.060			
## TPCK2	-0.842	-0.146	-3.461	-1.272	1.114	1.153	2.854	0.019		
## TPCK3	-0.512	-0.232	-1.297	1.197	-2.118	0.083	-0.077	0.697	0.000	
## TPCK4	2.411	-2.061	-0.391	-0.087	0.034	-0.459	-0.744	-0.714	1.375	-0.116


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##
## $mean
##   TCK1   TCK2   TPK1   TPK2   TPK3   TPK4   TPCK1   TPCK2   TPCK3   TPCK4
##  0.000 -0.470 -0.878 -1.208  0.000  1.731  0.172  1.081  0.000 -1.184

```

```
## Modification indices
```

```
modindices(tpack.cfa1.fit)
```

```

##      lhs op   rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 33 TCK1 ~ TCK2  1.321  0.038  0.038  0.089  0.089
## 34 TCK1 ~ TPK1  2.542  0.047  0.047  0.125  0.125
## 35 TCK1 ~ TPK2  0.939  0.029  0.029  0.078  0.078
## 36 TCK1 ~ TPK3  1.347 -0.042 -0.042 -0.086 -0.086
## 37 TCK1 ~ TPK4 10.323 -0.124 -0.124 -0.235 -0.235
## 38 TCK1 ~ TPCK1 8.227 -0.096 -0.096 -0.219 -0.219
## 39 TCK1 ~ TPCK2  0.669 -0.031 -0.031 -0.061 -0.061
## 40 TCK1 ~ TPCK3  0.266 -0.019 -0.019 -0.038 -0.038
## 41 TCK1 ~ TPCK4  9.762  0.106  0.106  0.236  0.236
## 42 TCK2 ~ TPK1  6.193  0.074  0.074  0.202  0.202
## 43 TCK2 ~ TPK2  3.078  0.053  0.053  0.148  0.148
## 44 TCK2 ~ TPK3  3.865 -0.071 -0.071 -0.150 -0.150
## 45 TCK2 ~ TPK4  8.862 -0.114 -0.114 -0.224 -0.224
## 46 TCK2 ~ TPCK1  0.040  0.007  0.007  0.016  0.016
## 47 TCK2 ~ TPCK2  0.017 -0.005 -0.005 -0.010 -0.010
## 48 TCK2 ~ TPCK3  0.090 -0.011 -0.011 -0.023 -0.023
## 49 TCK2 ~ TPCK4  4.518 -0.072 -0.072 -0.166 -0.166
## 50 TPK1 ~ TPK2  3.881  0.053  0.053  0.167  0.167
## 51 TPK1 ~ TPK3  2.839 -0.054 -0.054 -0.129 -0.129
## 52 TPK1 ~ TPK4  2.927 -0.058 -0.058 -0.129 -0.129
## 53 TPK1 ~ TPCK1  0.172  0.012  0.012  0.033  0.033
## 54 TPK1 ~ TPCK2 10.813 -0.112 -0.112 -0.253 -0.253
## 55 TPK1 ~ TPCK3  1.977 -0.046 -0.046 -0.108 -0.108
## 56 TPK1 ~ TPCK4  0.200 -0.014 -0.014 -0.035 -0.035
## 57 TPK2 ~ TPK3  1.072 -0.034 -0.034 -0.082 -0.082
## 58 TPK2 ~ TPK4  0.200 -0.015 -0.015 -0.035 -0.035
## 59 TPK2 ~ TPCK1 15.795 -0.120 -0.120 -0.326 -0.326
## 60 TPK2 ~ TPCK2  1.855 -0.047 -0.047 -0.108 -0.108
## 61 TPK2 ~ TPCK3  2.363  0.051  0.051  0.122  0.122
## 62 TPK2 ~ TPCK4  0.006 -0.002 -0.002 -0.006 -0.006
## 63 TPK3 ~ TPK4 37.686  0.260  0.260  0.442  0.442
## 64 TPK3 ~ TPCK1  8.117  0.105  0.105  0.214  0.214
## 65 TPK3 ~ TPCK2  2.083  0.061  0.061  0.106  0.106
## 66 TPK3 ~ TPCK3  5.650 -0.097 -0.097 -0.174 -0.174
## 67 TPK3 ~ TPCK4  0.008  0.003  0.003  0.007  0.007
## 68 TPK4 ~ TPCK1  7.725  0.108  0.108  0.206  0.206
## 69 TPK4 ~ TPCK2  2.344  0.068  0.068  0.111  0.111
## 70 TPK4 ~ TPCK3  0.017  0.006  0.006  0.009  0.009
## 71 TPK4 ~ TPCK4  0.210 -0.018 -0.018 -0.034 -0.034
## 72 TPCK1 ~ TPCK2 15.864  0.154  0.154  0.300  0.300
## 73 TPCK1 ~ TPCK3  0.007 -0.003 -0.003 -0.006 -0.006
## 74 TPCK1 ~ TPCK4  0.529 -0.025 -0.025 -0.056 -0.056
## 75 TPCK2 ~ TPCK3  0.759  0.037  0.037  0.064  0.064
## 76 TPCK2 ~ TPCK4  0.564 -0.030 -0.030 -0.056 -0.056
## 77 TPCK3 ~ TPCK4  3.254  0.069  0.069  0.135  0.135

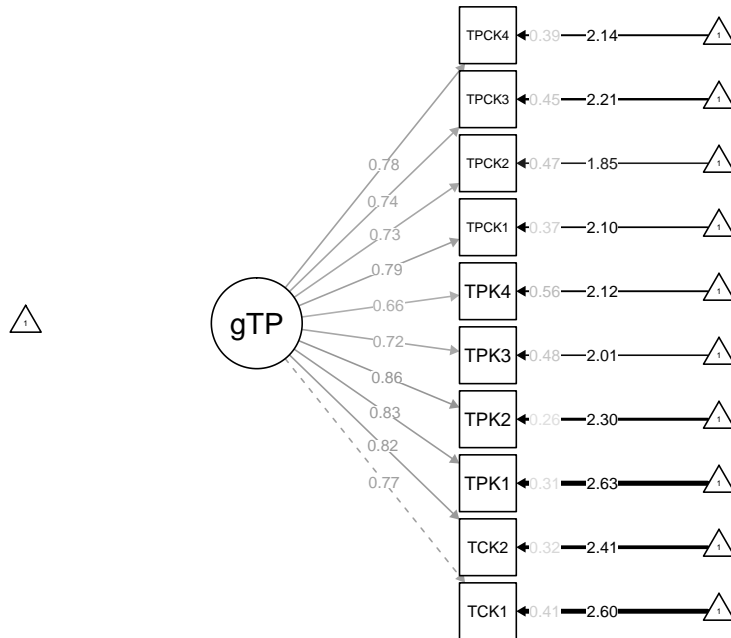
```



```

1  ## Visualize the path model
2  semPaths(tpack.cfa1.fit,
3          rotation = 2,
4          layout = "tree2",
5          what = "std",
6          posCol = "black",
7          edge.width = 0.5,
8          style = "Lisrel",
9          fade = T,
10         edge.label.position = 0.55)
11
12
13

```



```

34  ## Model comparison
35  anova(tpack.cfa1.fit, tpack.cfa3.fit)
36
37  ## Scaled Chi-Squared Difference Test (method = "satorra.bentler.2001")
38  ##
39  ## lavaan NOTE:
40  ##   The "Chisq" column contains standard test statistics, not the
41  ##   robust test that should be reported per model. A robust difference
42  ##   test is a function of two standard (not robust) statistics.
43  ##
44  ##           Df    AIC    BIC  Chisq Chisq diff Df diff Pr(>Chisq)
45  ## tpack.cfa3.fit 32 5242.6 5354.9 134.35
46  ## tpack.cfa1.fit 35 5243.4 5345.5 141.13    3.9781    3    0.2638
47
48  ## Model specification
49  ## Nested-factor model
50  tpack.nfm <- '
51      # TPACK general factor
52      gTPACK =~ TCK1 + TCK2 + TPK1 + TPK2 + TPK3 + TPK4 +
53      TPK1 + TPCK2 + TPCK3 + TPCK4
54
55      # TPACK specific factors
56      TPK3 ~~ TPK4
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3
4     TPCK1 ~~ TPCK2
5     TPK2  ~~ TPCK1
6     TCK1  ~~ TPCK1
7
8
9
10
11    ## Model estimation
12    tpack.nfm.fit <- sem(tpack.nfm, data = tpack[,-1],
13                        missing = "FIML",
14                        estimator = "MLR",
15                        se="robust.mlr")
16
17    ## Summary
18    summary(tpack.nfm.fit,
19            rsquare = TRUE,
20            fit.measures = TRUE,
21            standardized = TRUE)
22
23    ## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 38 iterations
24    ##
25    ##      Estimator                      ML
26    ##      Optimization method          NLMINB
27    ##      Number of free parameters      34
28    ##
29    ##      Number of observations          222
30    ##      Number of missing patterns      6
31    ##
32    ## Model Test User Model:
33    ##
34    ##              Standard      Robust
35    ##      Test Statistic      61.520  43.763
36    ##      Degrees of freedom      31      31
37    ##      P-value (Chi-square)    0.001  0.064
38    ##      Scaling correction factor      1.406
39    ##      Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)
40    ##
41    ## Model Test Baseline Model:
42    ##
43    ##      Test statistic      1554.956  1136.342
44    ##      Degrees of freedom      45      45
45    ##      P-value      0.000  0.000
46    ##      Scaling correction factor      1.368
47    ##
48    ## User Model versus Baseline Model:
49    ##
50    ##      Comparative Fit Index (CFI)      0.980  0.988
51    ##      Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)      0.971  0.983
52    ##
53    ##      Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)      0.988
54    ##      Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)      0.983
55    ##
56    ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
57    ##
58    ##      Loglikelihood user model (H0)      -2551.900  -2551.900
59    ##      Scaling correction factor      1.070

```

```

1
2
3      ##      for the MLR correction
4      ##      Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)      -2521.140      -2521.140
5      ##      Scaling correction factor                      1.230
6      ##      for the MLR correction
7      ##
8      ##      Akaike (AIC)                                5171.800      5171.800
9      ##      Bayesian (BIC)                              5287.491      5287.491
10     ##      Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)         5179.742      5179.742
11     ##
12     ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
13     ##
14     ##      RMSEA                                0.067      0.043
15     ##      90 Percent confidence interval - lower      0.042      0.011
16     ##      90 Percent confidence interval - upper      0.091      0.066
17     ##      P-value RMSEA <= 0.05                    0.125      0.660
18     ##
19     ##      Robust RMSEA                                0.051
20     ##      90 Percent confidence interval - lower      NA
21     ##      90 Percent confidence interval - upper      0.084
22     ##
23     ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
24     ##
25     ##      SRMR                                0.031      0.031
26     ##
27     ## Parameter Estimates:
28     ##
29     ##      Standard errors                          Sandwich
30     ##      Information bread                        Observed
31     ##      Observed information based on           Hessian
32     ##
33     ## Latent Variables:
34     ##      Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
35     ##      gTPACK ==
36     ##      TCK1          1.000          0.820      0.788
37     ##      TCK2          1.137      0.070     16.158     0.000     0.932     0.824
38     ##      TPK1          1.038      0.063     16.607     0.000     0.852     0.835
39     ##      TPK2          1.173      0.071     16.497     0.000     0.962     0.880
40     ##      TPK3          0.919      0.076     12.020     0.000     0.754     0.703
41     ##      TPK4          0.829      0.085      9.785     0.000     0.680     0.640
42     ##      TPCK1         1.067      0.085     12.587     0.000     0.875     0.813
43     ##      TPCK2         0.961      0.085     11.356     0.000     0.788     0.700
44     ##      TPCK3         1.000      0.085     11.800     0.000     0.820     0.734
45     ##      TPCK4         1.016      0.070     14.434     0.000     0.833     0.772
46     ##
47     ## Covariances:
48     ##      Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
49     ##      .TPK3 ~~
50     ##      .TPK4          0.260      0.053      4.916     0.000     0.260     0.418
51     ##      .TPCK1 ~~
52     ##      .TPCK2         0.114      0.048      2.369     0.018     0.114     0.226
53     ##      .TPK2 ~~
54     ##      .TPCK1        -0.121      0.034     -3.497     0.000     -0.121     -0.370
55     ##      .TCK1 ~~
56     ##      .TPCK1        -0.112      0.033     -3.432     0.001     -0.112     -0.279
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3
4  ##
5  ## Intercepts:
6  ##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
7  ##   .TCK1           2.703   0.070  38.699   0.000   2.703   2.597
8  ##   .TCK2           2.728   0.076  35.911   0.000   2.728   2.411
9  ##   .TPK1           2.678   0.069  39.008   0.000   2.678   2.626
10 ##   .TPK2           2.518   0.074  34.235   0.000   2.518   2.301
11 ##   .TPK3           2.153   0.072  29.946   0.000   2.153   2.010
12 ##   .TPK4           2.254   0.071  31.536   0.000   2.254   2.121
13 ##   .TPCK1          2.267   0.073  31.259   0.000   2.267   2.106
14 ##   .TPCK2          2.081   0.076  27.492   0.000   2.081   1.849
15 ##   .TPCK3          2.468   0.075  32.910   0.000   2.468   2.209
16 ##   .TPCK4          2.304   0.072  31.804   0.000   2.304   2.136
17 ##   gTPACK           0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
18 ##
19 ## Variances:
20 ##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
21 ##   .TCK1           0.410   0.049   8.380   0.000   0.410   0.379
22 ##   .TCK2           0.411   0.054   7.584   0.000   0.411   0.321
23 ##   .TPK1           0.315   0.050   6.353   0.000   0.315   0.303
24 ##   .TPK2           0.271   0.040   6.718   0.000   0.271   0.226
25 ##   .TPK3           0.580   0.054  10.678   0.000   0.580   0.505
26 ##   .TPK4           0.667   0.068   9.879   0.000   0.667   0.590
27 ##   .TPCK1          0.393   0.050   7.815   0.000   0.393   0.339
28 ##   .TPCK2          0.646   0.061  10.588   0.000   0.646   0.510
29 ##   .TPCK3          0.576   0.062   9.302   0.000   0.576   0.461
30 ##   .TPCK4          0.469   0.056   8.354   0.000   0.469   0.403
31 ##   gTPACK           0.673   0.112   6.018   0.000   1.000   1.000
32 ##
33 ## R-Square:
34 ##           Estimate
35 ##   TCK1             0.621
36 ##   TCK2             0.679
37 ##   TPK1             0.697
38 ##   TPK2             0.774
39 ##   TPK3             0.495
40 ##   TPK4             0.410
41 ##   TPCK1            0.661
42 ##   TPCK2            0.490
43 ##   TPCK3            0.539
44 ##   TPCK4            0.597

```

```
## Parameter estimates
```

```
parameterEstimates(tpack.nfm.fit)
```

```

47 ##           lhs op      rhs      est      se      z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
48 ## 1  gTPACK =~  TCK1  1.000 0.000      NA      NA      1.000   1.000
49 ## 2  gTPACK =~  TCK2  1.137 0.070 16.158 0.000   0.999   1.274
50 ## 3  gTPACK =~  TPK1  1.038 0.063 16.607 0.000   0.916   1.161
51 ## 4  gTPACK =~  TPK2  1.173 0.071 16.497 0.000   1.034   1.313
52 ## 5  gTPACK =~  TPK3  0.919 0.076 12.020 0.000   0.769   1.069
53 ## 6  gTPACK =~  TPK4  0.829 0.085   9.785 0.000   0.663   0.995
54 ## 7  gTPACK =~  TPCK1 1.067 0.085 12.587 0.000   0.901   1.233
55 ## 8  gTPACK =~  TPCK2 0.961 0.085 11.356 0.000   0.795   1.126
56 ## 9  gTPACK =~  TPCK3 1.000 0.085 11.800 0.000   0.834   1.166
57
58
59

```

```

1
2
3   ## 10 gTPACK == TPCK4  1.016 0.070 14.434  0.000   0.878   1.154
4   ## 11  TPk3  ~~  TPk4   0.260 0.053  4.916  0.000   0.156   0.364
5   ## 12 TPCK1  ~~  TPCK2  0.114 0.048  2.369  0.018   0.020   0.208
6   ## 13  TPk2  ~~  TPCK1 -0.121 0.034 -3.497  0.000  -0.188  -0.053
7   ## 14  TCK1  ~~  TPCK1 -0.112 0.033 -3.432  0.001  -0.176  -0.048
8   ## 15  TCK1  ~~  TCK1   0.410 0.049  8.380  0.000   0.314   0.506
9   ## 16  TCK2  ~~  TCK2   0.411 0.054  7.584  0.000   0.305   0.517
10  ## 17  TPk1  ~~  TPk1   0.315 0.050  6.353  0.000   0.218   0.412
11  ## 18  TPk2  ~~  TPk2   0.271 0.040  6.718  0.000   0.192   0.350
12  ## 19  TPk3  ~~  TPk3   0.580 0.054 10.678  0.000   0.473   0.686
13  ## 20  TPk4  ~~  TPk4   0.667 0.068  9.879  0.000   0.535   0.800
14  ## 21 TPCK1  ~~  TPCK1  0.393 0.050  7.815  0.000   0.294   0.491
15  ## 22 TPCK2  ~~  TPCK2  0.646 0.061 10.588  0.000   0.526   0.765
16  ## 23 TPCK3  ~~  TPCK3  0.576 0.062  9.302  0.000   0.455   0.698
17  ## 24 TPCK4  ~~  TPCK4  0.469 0.056  8.354  0.000   0.359   0.579
18  ## 25 gTPACK ~~ gTPACK  0.673 0.112  6.018  0.000   0.454   0.892
19  ## 26  TCK1 ~1      2.703 0.070 38.699  0.000   2.566   2.840
20  ## 27  TCK2 ~1      2.728 0.076 35.911  0.000   2.579   2.877
21  ## 28  TPk1 ~1      2.678 0.069 39.008  0.000   2.543   2.812
22  ## 29  TPk2 ~1      2.518 0.074 34.235  0.000   2.374   2.662
23  ## 30  TPk3 ~1      2.153 0.072 29.946  0.000   2.012   2.294
24  ## 31  TPk4 ~1      2.254 0.071 31.536  0.000   2.114   2.394
25  ## 32 TPCK1 ~1      2.267 0.073 31.259  0.000   2.125   2.409
26  ## 33 TPCK2 ~1      2.081 0.076 27.492  0.000   1.933   2.230
27  ## 34 TPCK3 ~1      2.468 0.075 32.910  0.000   2.321   2.615
28  ## 35 TPCK4 ~1      2.304 0.072 31.804  0.000   2.162   2.446
29  ## 36 gTPACK ~1      0.000 0.000   NA      NA      0.000   0.000

```

```
## Standardized residuals
```

```
resid(tpack.nfm.fit, type="standardized")
```

```
## $type
```

```
## [1] "standardized"
```

```
##
```

```
## $cov
```

```
##      TCK1  TCK2  TPk1  TPk2  TPk3  TPk4  TPCK1  TPCK2  TPCK3  TPCK4
## TCK1  0.000
## TCK2  0.440 -0.006
## TPk1  0.639  1.211  0.032
## TPk2 -0.637  0.658  0.504  0.023
## TPk3 -0.870 -1.097 -0.910 -0.720  0.000
## TPk4 -2.969 -1.927 -0.924 -0.089 -0.044 -0.052
## TPCK1 0.206 -0.644 -0.700  0.047  2.127  2.167  0.170
## TPCK2 -0.574  0.581 -2.354 -0.987  1.673  1.733  1.025  0.004
## TPCK3 -0.833 -0.018 -1.198  0.978 -1.354  0.636 -0.388  1.288  0.000
## TPCK4  2.329 -1.864 -0.390 -0.680  0.571  0.204 -1.184  0.108  1.602 -0.073

```

```
##
```

```
## $mean
```

```
##      TCK1  TCK2  TPk1  TPk2  TPk3  TPk4  TPCK1  TPCK2  TPCK3  TPCK4
##  0.000 -0.079 -0.492 -0.168  0.000  1.922  1.101  0.227  0.000 -0.747

```

```
## Modification indices
```

```
modindices(tpack.nfm.fit)
```

```
##      lhs op  rhs  mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 37 TCK1 ~~ TCK2 0.094 0.010 0.010 0.025 0.025
```

```

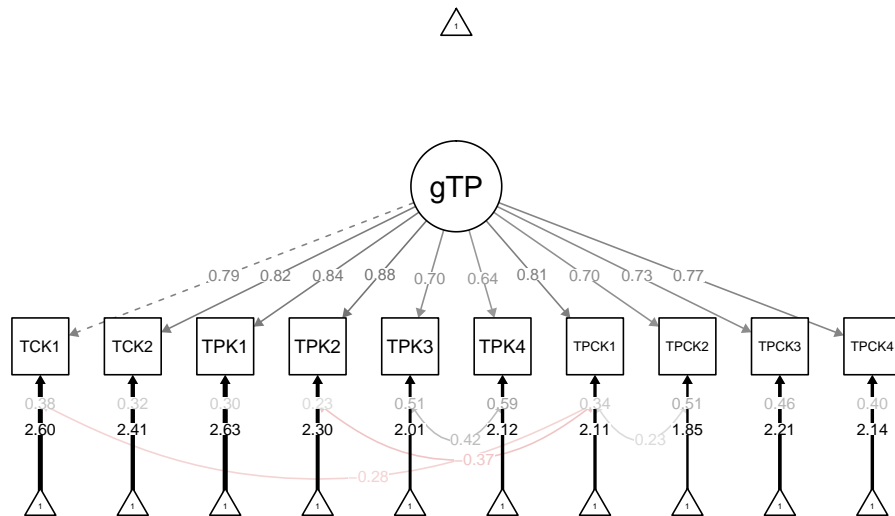
1
2
3      ## 38 TCK1 ~~ TPK1 0.710 0.025 0.025 0.069 0.069
4      ## 39 TCK1 ~~ TPK2 0.656 -0.024 -0.024 -0.071 -0.071
5      ## 40 TCK1 ~~ TPK3 0.377 0.020 0.020 0.041 0.041
6      ## 41 TCK1 ~~ TPK4 5.706 -0.082 -0.082 -0.157 -0.157
7      ## 42 TCK1 ~~ TPCK2 0.330 -0.022 -0.022 -0.043 -0.043
8      ## 43 TCK1 ~~ TPCK3 1.299 -0.042 -0.042 -0.087 -0.087
9      ## 44 TCK1 ~~ TPCK4 6.693 0.088 0.088 0.201 0.201
10     ## 45 TCK2 ~~ TPK1 4.881 0.063 0.063 0.176 0.176
11     ## 46 TCK2 ~~ TPK2 0.390 0.019 0.019 0.057 0.057
12     ## 47 TCK2 ~~ TPK3 0.179 -0.014 -0.014 -0.028 -0.028
13     ## 48 TCK2 ~~ TPK4 2.870 -0.058 -0.058 -0.111 -0.111
14     ## 49 TCK2 ~~ TPCK1 0.632 -0.028 -0.028 -0.069 -0.069
15     ## 50 TCK2 ~~ TPCK2 0.648 0.030 0.030 0.058 0.058
16     ## 51 TCK2 ~~ TPCK3 0.001 -0.001 -0.001 -0.002 -0.002
17     ## 52 TCK2 ~~ TPCK4 3.371 -0.061 -0.061 -0.140 -0.140
18     ## 53 TPK1 ~~ TPK2 0.777 0.024 0.024 0.082 0.082
19     ## 54 TPK1 ~~ TPK3 0.558 -0.021 -0.021 -0.050 -0.050
20     ## 55 TPK1 ~~ TPK4 0.347 -0.018 -0.018 -0.039 -0.039
21     ## 56 TPK1 ~~ TPCK1 0.118 0.011 0.011 0.030 0.030
22     ## 57 TPK1 ~~ TPCK2 5.744 -0.079 -0.079 -0.175 -0.175
23     ## 58 TPK1 ~~ TPCK3 1.728 -0.042 -0.042 -0.099 -0.099
24     ## 59 TPK1 ~~ TPCK4 0.179 -0.012 -0.012 -0.033 -0.033
25     ## 60 TPK2 ~~ TPK3 0.160 -0.012 -0.012 -0.029 -0.029
26     ## 61 TPK2 ~~ TPK4 0.822 0.028 0.028 0.065 0.065
27     ## 62 TPK2 ~~ TPCK2 1.011 -0.035 -0.035 -0.084 -0.084
28     ## 63 TPK2 ~~ TPCK3 0.697 0.028 0.028 0.071 0.071
29     ## 64 TPK2 ~~ TPCK4 1.365 -0.036 -0.036 -0.102 -0.102
30     ## 65 TPK3 ~~ TPCK1 2.310 0.049 0.049 0.102 0.102
31     ## 66 TPK3 ~~ TPCK2 1.055 0.038 0.038 0.062 0.062
32     ## 67 TPK3 ~~ TPCK3 4.524 -0.079 -0.079 -0.136 -0.136
33     ## 68 TPK3 ~~ TPCK4 0.440 0.022 0.022 0.043 0.043
34     ## 69 TPK4 ~~ TPCK1 1.770 0.045 0.045 0.087 0.087
35     ## 70 TPK4 ~~ TPCK2 1.393 0.047 0.047 0.071 0.071
36     ## 71 TPK4 ~~ TPCK3 2.540 0.063 0.063 0.101 0.101
37     ## 72 TPK4 ~~ TPCK4 0.000 0.000 0.000 -0.001 -0.001
38     ## 73 TPCK1 ~~ TPCK3 1.138 -0.040 -0.040 -0.084 -0.084
39     ## 74 TPCK1 ~~ TPCK4 1.292 -0.040 -0.040 -0.092 -0.092
40     ## 75 TPCK2 ~~ TPCK3 2.969 0.072 0.072 0.119 0.119
41     ## 76 TPCK2 ~~ TPCK4 0.107 0.013 0.013 0.023 0.023
42     ## 77 TPCK3 ~~ TPCK4 4.260 0.078 0.078 0.151 0.151

```

```

43 # Visualize the path model
44 semPaths(tpack.nfm.fit,
45         rotation = 1,
46         layout = "tree2",
47         what = "std",
48         posCol = "black",
49         edge.width = 0.5,
50         style = "Lisrel",
51         fade = T,
52         edge.label.position = 0.55)
53
54
55
56
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```



```
## Model comparison
```

```
anova(tpack.cfa1.fit, tpack.nfm.fit)
```

```
## Scaled Chi-Squared Difference Test (method = "satorra.bentler.2001")
```

```
##
```

```
## lavaan NOTE:
```

```
## The "Chisq" column contains standard test statistics, not the
```

```
## robust test that should be reported per model. A robust difference
```

```
## test is a function of two standard (not robust) statistics.
```

```
##
```

```
##          Df    AIC    BIC  Chisq Chisq diff Df diff Pr(>Chisq)
```

```
## tpack.nfm.fit 31 5171.8 5287.5  61.52
```

```
## tpack.cfa1.fit 35 5243.4 5345.5 141.13    51.965      4 1.403e-10 ***
```

```
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
## Model specification
```

```
tpack.cfa1m <- '

```

```
  # TPACK general factor
```

```
  gTPACK =~ TCK1 + TCK2 + TPK1 + TPK2 + TPK3 + TPK4 +
```

```
  TPCK1 + TPCK2 + TPCK3 + TPCK4
```

```
  # residual covariance
```

```
  TPK3 ~~ TPK4
```

```
## Model estimation with categorical data treatment
```

```
tpack.cfa1.fitc <- sem(tpack.cfa1m, data = tpack[, -1],
```

```
  ordered = c("TCK1", "TCK2", "TPK1",
```

```
  "TPK2", "TPK3", "TPK4", "TPCK1",
```

```
  "TPCK2", "TPCK3", "TPCK4"),
```

```
  estimator = "WLSMV")
```

```
## Summary
```

```
summary(tpack.cfa1.fitc,
```

```
  rsquare = TRUE,
```

```
  fit.measures = TRUE,
```

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```
standardized = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 29 iterations
##
## Estimator DWLS
## Optimization method NLMINB
## Number of free parameters 51
##
## Used Total
## Number of observations 215 222
##
## Model Test User Model:
## Standard Robust
## Test Statistic 46.487 96.916
## Degrees of freedom 34 34
## P-value (Chi-square) 0.075 0.000
## Scaling correction factor 0.517
## Shift parameter 6.926
## simple second-order correction
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
## Test statistic 13590.290 4771.316
## Degrees of freedom 45 45
## P-value 0.000 0.000
## Scaling correction factor 2.866
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.999 0.987
## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.999 0.982
## Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI) NA
## Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) NA
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
## RMSEA 0.041 0.093
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.000 0.072
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.069 0.115
## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05 0.665 0.001
## Robust RMSEA NA
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower NA
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper NA
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
## SRMR 0.039 0.039
##
## Parameter Estimates:
## Standard errors Robust.sem
## Information Expected
```



```

1
2
3      ## Information saturated (h1) model          Unstructured
4      ##
5      ## Latent Variables:
6      ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
7      ##   gTPACK =~
8      ##     TCK1           1.000           0.818   0.818
9      ##     TCK2           1.055   0.035   30.536   0.000   0.863   0.863
10     ##     TPK1           1.078   0.040   26.689   0.000   0.882   0.882
11     ##     TPK2           1.107   0.038   29.259   0.000   0.906   0.906
12     ##     TPK3           0.905   0.039   23.060   0.000   0.741   0.741
13     ##     TPK4           0.841   0.046   18.178   0.000   0.688   0.688
14     ##     TPCK1          1.041   0.040   25.948   0.000   0.852   0.852
15     ##     TPCK2          0.966   0.038   25.559   0.000   0.791   0.791
16     ##     TPCK3          0.955   0.042   22.563   0.000   0.782   0.782
17     ##     TPCK4          1.017   0.040   25.160   0.000   0.832   0.832
18     ##
19     ## Covariances:
20     ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
21     ##   .TPK3 ~~
22     ##   .TPK4           0.235   0.035   6.786   0.000   0.235   0.482
23     ##
24     ## Intercepts:
25     ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
26     ##   .TCK1           0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
27     ##   .TCK2           0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
28     ##   .TPK1           0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
29     ##   .TPK2           0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
30     ##   .TPK3           0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
31     ##   .TPK4           0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
32     ##   .TPCK1          0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
33     ##   .TPCK2          0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
34     ##   .TPCK3          0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
35     ##   .TPCK4          0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
36     ##   gTPACK          0.000           0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000   0.000
37     ##
38     ## Thresholds:
39     ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
40     ##   TCK1|t1          -1.729   0.153  -11.295   0.000  -1.729  -1.729
41     ##   TCK1|t2          -1.002   0.103  -9.701   0.000  -1.002  -1.002
42     ##   TCK1|t3          -0.586   0.091  -6.419   0.000  -0.586  -0.586
43     ##   TCK1|t4           0.858   0.098   8.742   0.000   0.858   0.858
44     ##   TCK2|t1          -1.591   0.139  -11.409   0.000  -1.591  -1.591
45     ##   TCK2|t2          -0.928   0.101  -9.230   0.000  -0.928  -0.928
46     ##   TCK2|t3          -0.572   0.091  -6.286   0.000  -0.572  -0.572
47     ##   TCK2|t4           0.686   0.093   7.339   0.000   0.686   0.686
48     ##   TPK1|t1          -1.729   0.153  -11.295   0.000  -1.729  -1.729
49     ##   TPK1|t2          -1.062   0.106  -10.039   0.000  -1.062  -1.062
50     ##   TPK1|t3          -0.478   0.089  -5.352   0.000  -0.478  -0.478
51     ##   TPK1|t4           0.928   0.101   9.230   0.000   0.928   0.928
52     ##   TPK2|t1          -1.591   0.139  -11.409   0.000  -1.591  -1.591
53     ##   TPK2|t2          -0.875   0.099  -8.865   0.000  -0.875  -0.875
54     ##   TPK2|t3          -0.278   0.087  -3.194   0.001  -0.278  -0.278
55     ##   TPK2|t4           1.002   0.103   9.701   0.000   1.002   1.002
56     ##   TPK3|t1          -1.411   0.125  -11.274   0.000  -1.411  -1.411
57
58
59
60

```

1							
2							
3	##	TPK3 t2	-0.586	0.091	-6.419	0.000	-0.586 -0.586
4	##	TPK3 t3	0.182	0.086	2.108	0.035	0.182 0.182
5	##	TPK3 t4	1.513	0.133	11.391	0.000	1.513 1.513
6	##	TPK4 t1	-1.551	0.136	-11.408	0.000	-1.551 -1.551
7	##	TPK4 t2	-0.642	0.092	-6.946	0.000	-0.642 -0.642
8	##	TPK4 t3	0.064	0.086	0.748	0.454	0.064 0.064
9	##	TPK4 t4	1.351	0.121	11.153	0.000	1.351 1.351
10	##	TPCK1 t1	-1.551	0.136	-11.408	0.000	-1.551 -1.551
11	##	TPCK1 t2	-0.642	0.092	-6.946	0.000	-0.642 -0.642
12	##	TPCK1 t3	0.041	0.086	0.476	0.634	0.041 0.041
13	##	TPCK1 t4	1.351	0.121	11.153	0.000	1.351 1.351
14	##	TPCK2 t1	-1.444	0.127	-11.323	0.000	-1.444 -1.444
15	##	TPCK2 t2	-0.388	0.088	-4.411	0.000	-0.388 -0.388
16	##	TPCK2 t3	0.241	0.087	2.787	0.005	0.241 0.241
17	##	TPCK2 t4	1.351	0.121	11.153	0.000	1.351 1.351
18	##	TPCK3 t1	-1.591	0.139	-11.409	0.000	-1.591 -1.591
19	##	TPCK3 t2	-0.809	0.097	-8.366	0.000	-0.809 -0.809
20	##	TPCK3 t3	-0.158	0.086	-1.836	0.066	-0.158 -0.158
21	##	TPCK3 t4	0.983	0.103	9.585	0.000	0.983 0.983
22	##	TPCK4 t1	-1.444	0.127	-11.323	0.000	-1.444 -1.444
23	##	TPCK4 t2	-0.761	0.095	-7.985	0.000	-0.761 -0.761
24	##	TPCK4 t3	0.006	0.086	0.068	0.946	0.006 0.006
25	##	TPCK4 t4	1.268	0.116	10.926	0.000	1.268 1.268
26	##						
27	##	Variances:					
28	##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv Std.all
29	##	.TCK1	0.330				0.330 0.330
30	##	.TCK2	0.255				0.255 0.255
31	##	.TPK1	0.221				0.221 0.221
32	##	.TPK2	0.179				0.179 0.179
33	##	.TPK3	0.451				0.451 0.451
34	##	.TPK4	0.526				0.526 0.526
35	##	.TPCK1	0.275				0.275 0.275
36	##	.TPCK2	0.375				0.375 0.375
37	##	.TPCK3	0.389				0.389 0.389
38	##	.TPCK4	0.307				0.307 0.307
39	##	gTPACK	0.670	0.046	14.629	0.000	1.000 1.000
40	##						
41	##	Scales y*:					
42	##		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z)	Std.lv Std.all
43	##	TCK1	1.000				1.000 1.000
44	##	TCK2	1.000				1.000 1.000
45	##	TPK1	1.000				1.000 1.000
46	##	TPK2	1.000				1.000 1.000
47	##	TPK3	1.000				1.000 1.000
48	##	TPK4	1.000				1.000 1.000
49	##	TPCK1	1.000				1.000 1.000
50	##	TPCK2	1.000				1.000 1.000
51	##	TPCK3	1.000				1.000 1.000
52	##	TPCK4	1.000				1.000 1.000
53	##						
54	##	R-Square:					
55	##		Estimate				
56	##	TCK1	0.670				
57							
58							
59							
60							

```

1
2
3      ##      TCK2          0.745
4      ##      TPK1          0.779
5      ##      TPK2          0.821
6      ##      TPK3          0.549
7      ##      TPK4          0.474
8      ##      TPCK1         0.725
9      ##      TPCK2         0.625
10     ##      TPCK3         0.611
11     ##      TPCK4         0.693

```

```
## Parameter estimates
```

```
parameterEstimates(tpack.cfa1.fitc)
```

```

15     ##      lhs op      rhs      est      se      z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
16     ## 1  gTPACK ==   TCK1  1.000 0.000      NA      NA      1.000  1.000
17     ## 2  gTPACK ==   TCK2  1.055 0.035  30.536 0.000   0.987  1.122
18     ## 3  gTPACK ==   TPK1  1.078 0.040  26.689 0.000   0.999  1.158
19     ## 4  gTPACK ==   TPK2  1.107 0.038  29.259 0.000   1.033  1.181
20     ## 5  gTPACK ==   TPK3  0.905 0.039  23.060 0.000   0.828  0.982
21     ## 6  gTPACK ==   TPK4  0.841 0.046  18.178 0.000   0.750  0.932
22     ## 7  gTPACK ==  TPCK1  1.041 0.040  25.948 0.000   0.962  1.120
23     ## 8  gTPACK ==  TPCK2  0.966 0.038  25.559 0.000   0.892  1.040
24     ## 9  gTPACK ==  TPCK3  0.955 0.042  22.563 0.000   0.872  1.038
25     ## 10 gTPACK ==  TPCK4  1.017 0.040  25.160 0.000   0.938  1.097
26     ## 11 TPK3  ~~   TPK4  0.235 0.035   6.786 0.000   0.167  0.303
27     ## 12 TCK1  |      t1 -1.729 0.153 -11.295 0.000 -2.030 -1.429
28     ## 13 TCK1  |      t2 -1.002 0.103  -9.701 0.000 -1.205 -0.800
29     ## 14 TCK1  |      t3 -0.586 0.091  -6.419 0.000 -0.764 -0.407
30     ## 15 TCK1  |      t4  0.858 0.098   8.742 0.000  0.666  1.051
31     ## 16 TCK2  |      t1 -1.591 0.139 -11.409 0.000 -1.864 -1.318
32     ## 17 TCK2  |      t2 -0.928 0.101  -9.230 0.000 -1.125 -0.731
33     ## 18 TCK2  |      t3 -0.572 0.091  -6.286 0.000 -0.750 -0.394
34     ## 19 TCK2  |      t4  0.686 0.093   7.339 0.000  0.502  0.869
35     ## 20 TPK1  |      t1 -1.729 0.153 -11.295 0.000 -2.030 -1.429
36     ## 21 TPK1  |      t2 -1.062 0.106 -10.039 0.000 -1.269 -0.854
37     ## 22 TPK1  |      t3 -0.478 0.089  -5.352 0.000 -0.653 -0.303
38     ## 23 TPK1  |      t4  0.928 0.101   9.230 0.000  0.731  1.125
39     ## 24 TPK2  |      t1 -1.591 0.139 -11.409 0.000 -1.864 -1.318
40     ## 25 TPK2  |      t2 -0.875 0.099  -8.865 0.000 -1.069 -0.682
41     ## 26 TPK2  |      t3 -0.278 0.087  -3.194 0.001 -0.448 -0.107
42     ## 27 TPK2  |      t4  1.002 0.103   9.701 0.000  0.800  1.205
43     ## 28 TPK3  |      t1 -1.411 0.125 -11.274 0.000 -1.657 -1.166
44     ## 29 TPK3  |      t2 -0.586 0.091  -6.419 0.000 -0.764 -0.407
45     ## 30 TPK3  |      t3  0.182 0.086   2.108 0.035  0.013  0.351
46     ## 31 TPK3  |      t4  1.513 0.133  11.391 0.000  1.253  1.774
47     ## 32 TPK4  |      t1 -1.551 0.136 -11.408 0.000 -1.817 -1.284
48     ## 33 TPK4  |      t2 -0.642 0.092  -6.946 0.000 -0.823 -0.461
49     ## 34 TPK4  |      t3  0.064 0.086   0.748 0.454 -0.104  0.232
50     ## 35 TPK4  |      t4  1.351 0.121  11.153 0.000  1.113  1.588
51     ## 36 TPCK1 |      t1 -1.551 0.136 -11.408 0.000 -1.817 -1.284
52     ## 37 TPCK1 |      t2 -0.642 0.092  -6.946 0.000 -0.823 -0.461
53     ## 38 TPCK1 |      t3  0.041 0.086   0.476 0.634 -0.127  0.209
54     ## 39 TPCK1 |      t4  1.351 0.121  11.153 0.000  1.113  1.588
55     ## 40 TPCK2 |      t1 -1.444 0.127 -11.323 0.000 -1.694 -1.194
56     ## 41 TPCK2 |      t2 -0.388 0.088  -4.411 0.000 -0.561 -0.216

```

```

1
2
3      ## 42 TPCK2 |      t3  0.241 0.087  2.787  0.005  0.072  0.411
4      ## 43 TPCK2 |      t4  1.351 0.121 11.153  0.000  1.113  1.588
5      ## 44 TPCK3 |      t1 -1.591 0.139 -11.409  0.000 -1.864 -1.318
6      ## 45 TPCK3 |      t2 -0.809 0.097 -8.366  0.000 -0.998 -0.619
7      ## 46 TPCK3 |      t3 -0.158 0.086 -1.836  0.066 -0.327  0.011
8      ## 47 TPCK3 |      t4  0.983 0.103  9.585  0.000  0.782  1.184
9      ## 48 TPCK4 |      t1 -1.444 0.127 -11.323  0.000 -1.694 -1.194
10     ## 49 TPCK4 |      t2 -0.761 0.095 -7.985  0.000 -0.948 -0.574
11     ## 50 TPCK4 |      t3  0.006 0.086  0.068  0.946 -0.162  0.174
12     ## 51 TPCK4 |      t4  1.268 0.116 10.926  0.000  1.041  1.496
13     ## 52 TCK1  ~ ~ TCK1  0.330 0.000      NA      NA  0.330  0.330
14     ## 53 TCK2  ~ ~ TCK2  0.255 0.000      NA      NA  0.255  0.255
15     ## 54 TPK1  ~ ~ TPK1  0.221 0.000      NA      NA  0.221  0.221
16     ## 55 TPK2  ~ ~ TPK2  0.179 0.000      NA      NA  0.179  0.179
17     ## 56 TPK3  ~ ~ TPK3  0.451 0.000      NA      NA  0.451  0.451
18     ## 57 TPK4  ~ ~ TPK4  0.526 0.000      NA      NA  0.526  0.526
19     ## 58 TPCK1 ~ ~ TPCK1  0.275 0.000      NA      NA  0.275  0.275
20     ## 59 TPCK2 ~ ~ TPCK2  0.375 0.000      NA      NA  0.375  0.375
21     ## 60 TPCK3 ~ ~ TPCK3  0.389 0.000      NA      NA  0.389  0.389
22     ## 61 TPCK4 ~ ~ TPCK4  0.307 0.000      NA      NA  0.307  0.307
23     ## 62 gTPACK ~ ~ gTPACK 0.670 0.046 14.629  0.000  0.580  0.759
24     ## 63 TCK1  ~*~ TCK1  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
25     ## 64 TCK2  ~*~ TCK2  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
26     ## 65 TPK1  ~*~ TPK1  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
27     ## 66 TPK2  ~*~ TPK2  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
28     ## 67 TPK3  ~*~ TPK3  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
29     ## 68 TPK4  ~*~ TPK4  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
30     ## 69 TPCK1 ~*~ TPCK1  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
31     ## 70 TPCK2 ~*~ TPCK2  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
32     ## 71 TPCK3 ~*~ TPCK3  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
33     ## 72 TPCK4 ~*~ TPCK4  1.000 0.000      NA      NA  1.000  1.000
34     ## 73 TCK1  ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
35     ## 74 TCK2  ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
36     ## 75 TPK1  ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
37     ## 76 TPK2  ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
38     ## 77 TPK3  ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
39     ## 78 TPK4  ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
40     ## 79 TPCK1 ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
41     ## 80 TPCK2 ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
42     ## 81 TPCK3 ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
43     ## 82 TPCK4 ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
44     ## 83 gTPACK ~1   0.000 0.000      NA      NA  0.000  0.000
45     ## Standardized residuals
46     resid(tpack.cfa1.fitc, type="standardized")
47
48     ## $type
49     ## [1] "standardized"
50     ##
51     ## $cov
52     ##      TCK1  TCK2  TPK1  TPK2  TPK3  TPK4  TPCK1  TPCK2  TPCK3  TPCK4
53     ## TCK1  0.000
54     ## TCK2  1.172  0.000
55     ## TPK1  1.027  1.701  0.000
56     ## TPK2 -0.918  1.897  1.951  0.000
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3 ## TPK3 -0.274 -2.383 -1.675 0.387 0.000
4 ## TPK4 -2.664 -2.797 -1.591 0.526 0.000 0.000
5 ## TPCK1 -3.218 -1.387 -0.262 -4.422 2.778 3.319 0.000
6 ## TPCK2 -0.620 -0.243 -4.215 -1.767 0.929 1.344 3.460 0.000
7 ## TPCK3 -0.596 -0.219 -1.018 0.927 -1.752 -0.190 -0.298 0.692 0.000
8 ## TPCK4 3.250 -1.797 -0.069 -0.538 0.619 -0.389 -2.093 -1.438 1.494 0.000
9 ##
10 ## $mean
11 ## TCK1 TCK2 TPK1 TPK2 TPK3 TPK4 TPCK1 TPCK2 TPCK3 TPCK4 <NA> <NA> <NA>
12 ## 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 NA NA NA
13 ## <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA>
14 ## NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
15 ## <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA>
16 ## NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA
17 ## <NA>
18 ## NA
19 ##
20 ## $th
21 ## TCK1|t1 TCK1|t2 TCK1|t3 TCK1|t4 TCK2|t1 TCK2|t2 TCK2|t3 TCK2|t4
22 ## 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
23 ## TPK1|t1 TPK1|t2 TPK1|t3 TPK1|t4 TPK2|t1 TPK2|t2 TPK2|t3 TPK2|t4
24 ## 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
25 ## TPK3|t1 TPK3|t2 TPK3|t3 TPK3|t4 TPK4|t1 TPK4|t2 TPK4|t3 TPK4|t4
26 ## 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
27 ## TPCK1|t1 TPCK1|t2 TPCK1|t3 TPCK1|t4 TPCK2|t1 TPCK2|t2 TPCK2|t3 TPCK2|t4
28 ## 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
29 ## TPCK3|t1 TPCK3|t2 TPCK3|t3 TPCK3|t4 TPCK4|t1 TPCK4|t2 TPCK4|t3 TPCK4|t4
30 ## 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
31 ## Modification indices
32 modindices(tpack.cfa1.fitc)
33
34 ## lhs op rhs mi epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
35 ## 84 TCK1 ~~ TCK2 0.777 0.037 0.037 0.129 0.129
36 ## 85 TCK1 ~~ TPK1 0.397 0.027 0.027 0.099 0.099
37 ## 86 TCK1 ~~ TPK2 0.291 -0.022 -0.022 -0.091 -0.091
38 ## 87 TCK1 ~~ TPK3 0.042 -0.011 -0.011 -0.028 -0.028
39 ## 88 TCK1 ~~ TPK4 2.963 -0.112 -0.112 -0.267 -0.267
40 ## 89 TCK1 ~~ TPCK1 3.802 -0.104 -0.104 -0.345 -0.345
41 ## 90 TCK1 ~~ TPCK2 0.193 -0.023 -0.023 -0.067 -0.067
42 ## 91 TCK1 ~~ TPCK3 0.132 -0.019 -0.019 -0.054 -0.054
43 ## 92 TCK1 ~~ TPCK4 5.031 0.093 0.093 0.292 0.292
44 ## 93 TCK2 ~~ TPK1 1.636 0.045 0.045 0.190 0.190
45 ## 94 TCK2 ~~ TPK2 1.475 0.043 0.043 0.202 0.202
46 ## 95 TCK2 ~~ TPK3 1.804 -0.069 -0.069 -0.203 -0.203
47 ## 96 TCK2 ~~ TPK4 2.739 -0.096 -0.096 -0.261 -0.261
48 ## 97 TCK2 ~~ TPCK1 0.647 -0.033 -0.033 -0.126 -0.126
49 ## 98 TCK2 ~~ TPCK2 0.026 -0.008 -0.008 -0.025 -0.025
50 ## 99 TCK2 ~~ TPCK3 0.018 -0.006 -0.006 -0.020 -0.020
51 ## 100 TCK2 ~~ TPCK4 1.176 -0.051 -0.051 -0.180 -0.180
52 ## 101 TPK1 ~~ TPK2 1.609 0.047 0.047 0.238 0.238
53 ## 102 TPK1 ~~ TPK3 0.868 -0.046 -0.046 -0.146 -0.146
54 ## 103 TPK1 ~~ TPK4 1.014 -0.058 -0.058 -0.169 -0.169
55 ## 104 TPK1 ~~ TPCK1 0.027 -0.007 -0.007 -0.028 -0.028
56 ## 105 TPK1 ~~ TPCK2 5.188 -0.117 -0.117 -0.405 -0.405
57
58
59
60

```

```

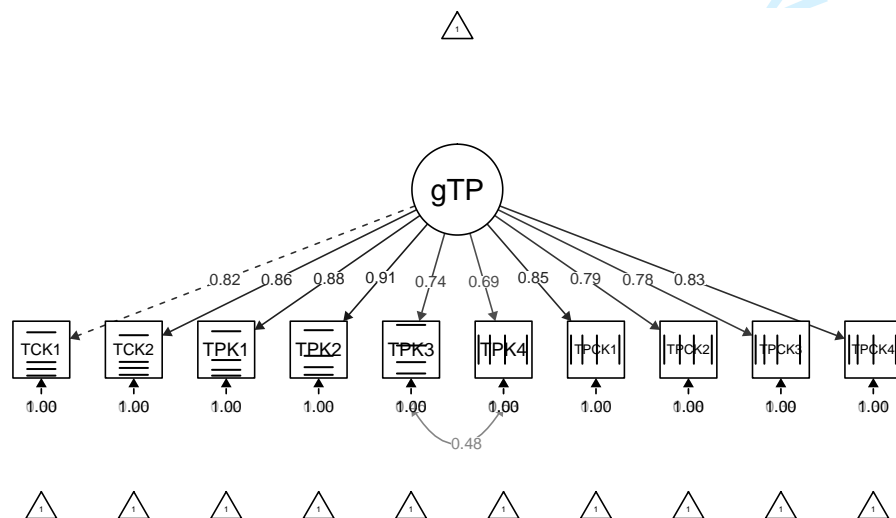
1
2
3      ## 106  TPK1  ~~  TPCK3  0.290 -0.025 -0.025 -0.085 -0.085
4      ## 107  TPK1  ~~  TPCK4  0.001 -0.001 -0.001 -0.005 -0.005
5      ## 108  TPK2  ~~   TPK3  0.067  0.012  0.012  0.043  0.043
6      ## 109  TPK2  ~~   TPK4  0.102  0.017  0.017  0.054  0.054
7      ## 110  TPK2  ~~  TPCK1  4.910 -0.098 -0.098 -0.440 -0.440
8      ## 111  TPK2  ~~  TPCK2  1.125 -0.050 -0.050 -0.191 -0.191
9      ## 112  TPK2  ~~  TPCK3  0.308  0.023  0.023  0.089  0.089
10     ## 113  TPK2  ~~  TPCK4  0.115 -0.015 -0.015 -0.063 -0.063
11     ## 114  TPK3  ~~  TPCK1  3.724  0.088  0.088  0.250  0.250
12     ## 115  TPK3  ~~  TPCK2  0.427  0.033  0.033  0.080  0.080
13     ## 116  TPK3  ~~  TPCK3  1.248 -0.064 -0.064 -0.153 -0.153
14     ## 117  TPK3  ~~  TPCK4  0.135  0.018  0.018  0.047  0.047
15     ## 118  TPK4  ~~  TPCK1  6.013  0.108  0.108  0.284  0.284
16     ## 119  TPK4  ~~  TPCK2  0.848  0.046  0.046  0.104  0.104
17     ## 120  TPK4  ~~  TPCK3  0.014 -0.006 -0.006 -0.014 -0.014
18     ## 121  TPK4  ~~  TPCK4  0.062 -0.014 -0.014 -0.035 -0.035
19     ## 122  TPCK1  ~~  TPCK2  6.332  0.100  0.100  0.311  0.311
20     ## 123  TPCK1  ~~  TPCK3  0.049 -0.011 -0.011 -0.033 -0.033
21     ## 124  TPCK1  ~~  TPCK4  1.303 -0.053 -0.053 -0.183 -0.183
22     ## 125  TPCK2  ~~  TPCK3  0.278  0.025  0.025  0.066  0.066
23     ## 126  TPCK2  ~~  TPCK4  0.880 -0.047 -0.047 -0.140 -0.140
24     ## 127  TPCK3  ~~  TPCK4  0.883  0.042  0.042  0.121  0.121

```

```

25
26 # Visualize the path model
27 semPaths(tpack.cfal.fitc,
28         rotation = 1,
29         layout = "tree2",
30         what = "std",
31         posCol = "black",
32         edge.width = 0.5,
33         style = "Lisrel",
34         fade = T,
35         edge.label.position = 0.55)

```



Conclusion Accept the model with robust ML estimation, one general TPACK self-efficacy factor (**gTPACK**) and several residual covariances. Model **tpack.nfm** is the final model.

```

1
2
3
4  ## Extract the factor scores
5  tpack.sf <- lavPredict(tpack.nfm.fit)
6  head(tpack.sf, 5)
7
8  ##          gTPACK
9  ## [1,] -0.5516057
10 ## [2,]  0.9724480
11 ## [3,]  0.3589668
12 ## [4,] -2.0989683
13 ## [5,]  0.4081004
14
15  ## Check by correlating with the sum score
16  ## Define the sum score
17  tpack.sum <- tpack$TCK1+
18  tpack$TCK2+
19  tpack$TPK1+
20  tpack$TPK2+
21  tpack$TPK3+
22  tpack$TPK4+
23  tpack$TPCK1+
24  tpack$TPCK2+
25  tpack$TPCK3+
26  tpack$TPCK4
27
28  tpack.temp <- data.frame(tpack.sum, tpack.sf)
29
30  ## Correlation
31  cor(tpack.temp, use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
32
33  ##          tpack.sum    gTPACK
34  ## tpack.sum 1.0000000 0.9868684
35  ## gTPACK    0.9868684 1.0000000
36
37  ## Add the new factor score to the dataset
38  covid19otlc.tpe$gTPACK <- lavPredict(tpack.nfm.fit)[,c("gTPACK")]

```

Perceived institutional support

```

41 #####
42 ## Select the data
43 pis.var <- c("UNPERSID", "PIS1", "PIS2", "PIS3",
44            "PIS4", "PIS5", "PIS6")
45 # Subset the data
46 pis <- covid19otlc.tpe[ pis.var ]
47 head(pis, 5)

```

Descriptive scale statistics and correlation matrix

```

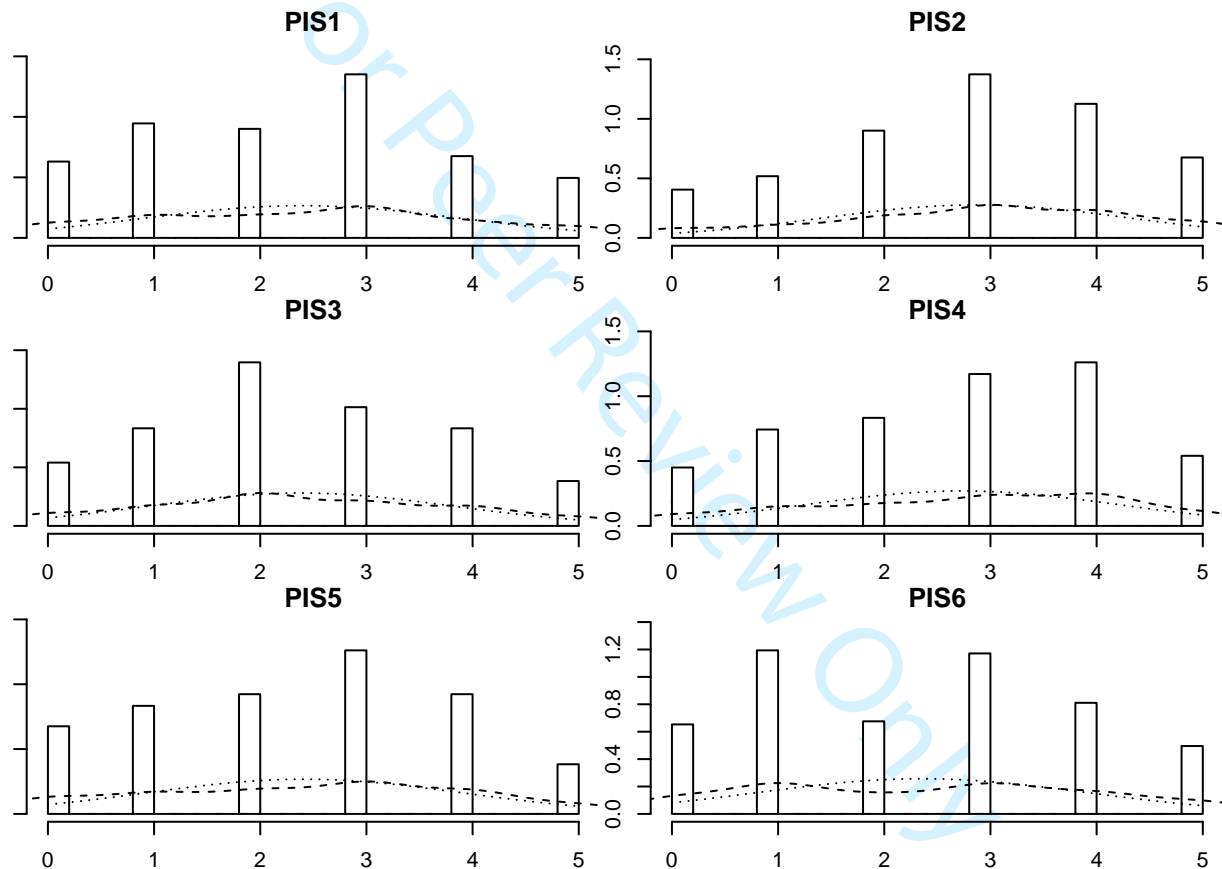
51 ##  UNPERSID PIS1 PIS2 PIS3 PIS4 PIS5 PIS6
52 ## 1    4030   2   0   1   2   1   0
53 ## 2    4312   2   2   2   1   0   0
54 ## 3    4026   3   3   3   3   2   3
55 ## 4    4028   3   4   4   4   2   4
56 ## 5    4032   2   3   2   3   2   2

```

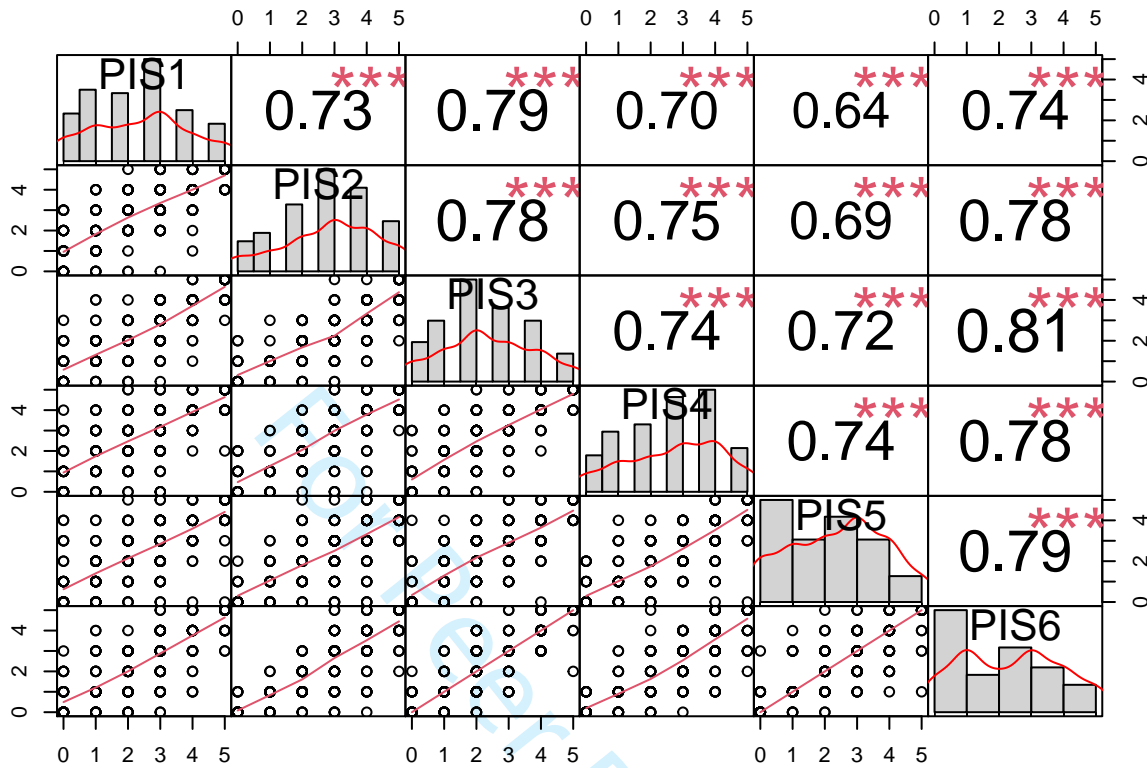
```
#####
## Descriptive statistics
describe(pis[,-1])
```

```
##      vars  n mean  sd median trimmed  mad min max range  skew kurtosis  se
## PIS1    1 222 2.40 1.50     3   2.37 1.48  0  5   5  0.03   -0.95 0.1
## PIS2    2 222 2.86 1.44     3   2.93 1.48  0  5   5 -0.35   -0.69 0.1
## PIS3    3 222 2.38 1.42     2   2.38 1.48  0  5   5  0.07   -0.83 0.1
## PIS4    4 222 2.73 1.48     3   2.78 1.48  0  5   5 -0.28   -0.94 0.1
## PIS5    5 222 2.41 1.49     3   2.42 1.48  0  5   5 -0.08   -1.00 0.1
## PIS6    6 222 2.36 1.56     2   2.32 1.48  0  5   5  0.08   -1.14 0.1
```

```
## Distributions
multi.hist(pis[,-1], density = TRUE)
```



```
## Correlation chart
chart.Correlation(pis[,-1], method = c("pearson"))
```

```
#####
## Correlation matrix
## APA format
apa.cor.table(pis[,-1], filename="Table_PIS.doc", table.number=2)
```

```
##
##
## Table 2
##
## Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals
##
##
## Variable M SD 1 2 3 4 5
## 1. PIS1 2.40 1.50
##
## 2. PIS2 2.86 1.44 .73**
## [.67, .79]
##
## 3. PIS3 2.38 1.42 .79** .78**
## [.74, .84] [.73, .83]
##
## 4. PIS4 2.73 1.48 .70** .75** .74**
## [.62, .76] [.68, .80] [.68, .80]
##
## 5. PIS5 2.41 1.49 .64** .69** .72** .74**
## [.56, .71] [.61, .75] [.65, .78] [.68, .80]
##
## 6. PIS6 2.36 1.56 .74** .78** .81** .78** .79**
## [.68, .80] [.72, .82] [.76, .85] [.72, .83] [.73, .83]
##
```

```

##
## Note. M and SD are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively.
## Values in square brackets indicate the 95% confidence interval.
## The confidence interval is a plausible range of population correlations
## that could have caused the sample correlation (Cumming, 2014).
## * indicates p < .05. ** indicates p < .01.
##

```

```

## Extract the Pearson correlation matrix
pis.cor <- cor(pis[, -1], method = "pearson",
              use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
pis.cor

```

```

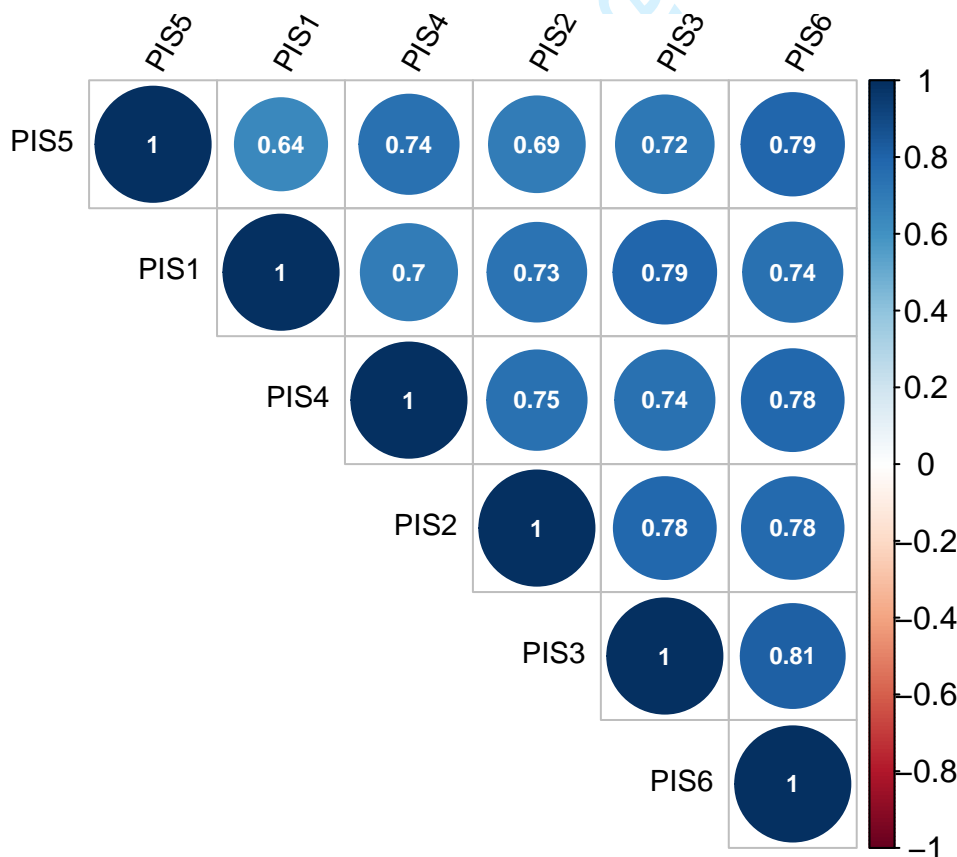
##          PIS1    PIS2    PIS3    PIS4    PIS5    PIS6
## PIS1  1.000000  0.7338217  0.7945276  0.6970668  0.6401190  0.7421310
## PIS2  0.7338217  1.0000000  0.7822714  0.7450898  0.6905033  0.7775667
## PIS3  0.7945276  0.7822714  1.0000000  0.7424350  0.7186606  0.8139405
## PIS4  0.6970668  0.7450898  0.7424350  1.0000000  0.7418357  0.7811474
## PIS5  0.6401190  0.6905033  0.7186606  0.7418357  1.0000000  0.7900909
## PIS6  0.7421310  0.7775667  0.8139405  0.7811474  0.7900909  1.0000000

```

```

## Correlogram
corrplot(pis.cor, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
         tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
         addCoef.col = "white",
         number.cex = 0.75,
         cl.cex = 1,
         tl.cex = 0.9)

```



```
## Extract the polychoric correlation matrix
pis.pcor <- polychoric(pis[,-1])
```

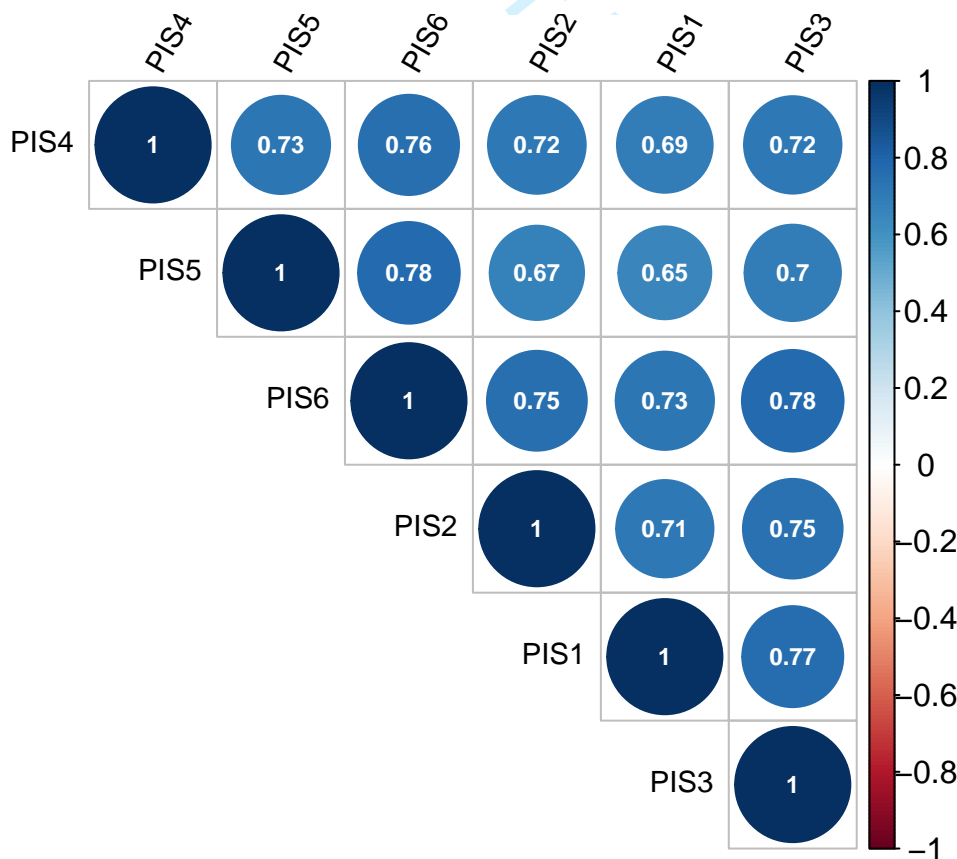
```
## Warning in matpLower(x, nvar, gminx, gmaxx, gminy, gmaxy): 15 cells were
## adjusted for 0 values using the correction for continuity. Examine your data
## carefully.
```

```
pis.pcor$rho
```

```
##          PIS1      PIS2      PIS3      PIS4      PIS5      PIS6
## PIS1  1.000000  0.7134438  0.7693800  0.6902077  0.6506381  0.7279092
## PIS2  0.7134438  1.0000000  0.7488392  0.7197437  0.6703412  0.7517822
## PIS3  0.7693800  0.7488392  1.0000000  0.7153792  0.6997897  0.7783809
## PIS4  0.6902077  0.7197437  0.7153792  1.0000000  0.7268357  0.7571224
## PIS5  0.6506381  0.6703412  0.6997897  0.7268357  1.0000000  0.7785224
## PIS6  0.7279092  0.7517822  0.7783809  0.7571224  0.7785224  1.0000000
```

```
## Correlogram
```

```
corrplot(pis.pcor$rho, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
         tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
         addCoef.col = "white",
         number.cex = 0.75,
         cl.cex = 1,
         tl.cex = 0.9)
```



```
## Absolute difference between the two matrices
pis.pcor$rho-pis.cor
```

```
##          PIS1      PIS2      PIS3      PIS4      PIS5      PIS6
```

```
## PIS1  0.00000000 -0.02037793 -0.02514756 -0.006859127  0.01051904 -0.01422170
## PIS2 -0.020377933  0.00000000 -0.03343218 -0.025346068 -0.02016215 -0.02578455
## PIS3 -0.025147565 -0.03343218  0.00000000 -0.027055855 -0.01887089 -0.03555957
## PIS4 -0.006859127 -0.02534607 -0.02705586  0.000000000 -0.01500002 -0.02402491
## PIS5  0.010519038 -0.02016215 -0.01887089 -0.015000024  0.00000000 -0.01156849
## PIS6 -0.014221702 -0.02578455 -0.03555957 -0.024024907 -0.01156849  0.00000000
```

```
max(pis.pcor$rho-pis.cor)
```

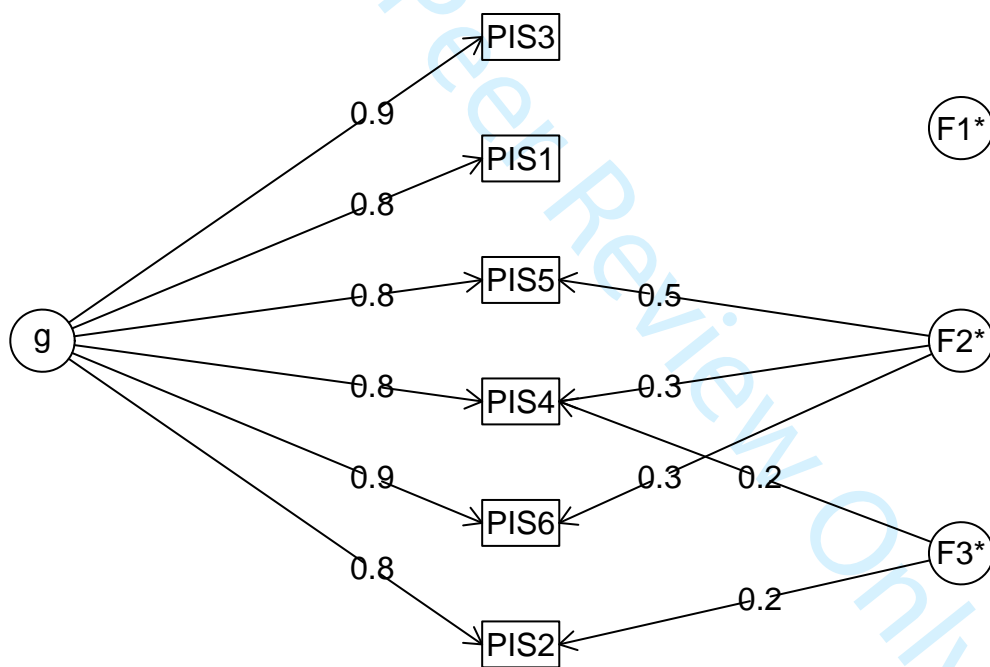
```
## [1] 0.01051904
```

```
#####
```

```
## Reliability coefficients (overall scale)
```

```
omega(pis[, -1])
```

Omega



```
## Omega
## Call: omegah(m = m, nfactors = nfactors, fm = fm, key = key, flip = flip,
## digits = digits, title = title, sl = sl, labels = labels,
## plot = plot, n.obs = n.obs, rotate = rotate, Phi = Phi, option = option,
## covar = covar)
```

```
## Alpha:          0.95
## G.6:            0.94
## Omega Hierarchical: 0.89
## Omega H asymptotic: 0.93
## Omega Total      0.96
```

```
## Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
##      g  F1*  F2*  F3*  h2  u2  p2
## PIS1 0.83                0.72 0.28 0.95
```

```

1
2
3      ## PIS2 0.83          0.23 0.77 0.23 0.90
4      ## PIS3 0.93 0.20          0.91 0.09 0.95
5      ## PIS4 0.80          0.27 0.20 0.75 0.25 0.85
6      ## PIS5 0.77          0.50          0.84 0.16 0.70
7      ## PIS6 0.86          0.26          0.83 0.17 0.90
8      ##
9      ## With eigenvalues of:
10     ##   g  F1*  F2*  F3*
11     ## 4.22 0.07 0.41 0.13
12     ##
13     ## general/max 10.37  max/min = 5.88
14     ## mean percent general = 0.88  with sd = 0.09 and cv of 0.11
15     ## Explained Common Variance of the general factor = 0.87
16     ##
17     ## The degrees of freedom are 0  and the fit is 0
18     ## The number of observations was 222  with Chi Square = 0  with prob < NA
19     ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0
20     ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is NA
21     ##
22     ## Compare this with the adequacy of just a general factor and no group factors
23     ## The degrees of freedom for just the general factor are 9  and the fit is 0.27
24     ## The number of observations was 222  with Chi Square = 58.99  with prob < 2.1e-09
25     ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.06
26     ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.08
27     ##
28     ## RMSEA index = 0.158  and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.121 0.198
29     ## BIC = 10.37
30     ##
31     ## Measures of factor score adequacy
32     ##
33     ##           g  F1*  F2*  F3*
34     ## Correlation of scores with factors      0.96 0.31 0.74 0.54
35     ## Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.92 0.10 0.55 0.30
36     ## Minimum correlation of factor score estimates 0.84 -0.81 0.10 -0.41
37     ##
38     ## Total, General and Subset omega for each subset
39     ##           g  F1*  F2*  F3*
40     ## Omega total for total scores and subscales 0.96 0.90 0.91 0.75
41     ## Omega general for total scores and subscales 0.89 0.86 0.77 0.69
42     ## Omega group for total scores and subscales 0.04 0.03 0.14 0.05

```

```
#####
```

```

46  ## Model specification
47  ## One factor
48  pis.cfa1 <- '
49      # PIS general factor
50      gPIS =~ PIS1+PIS2+PIS3+PIS4+PIS5+PIS6
51  '
52
53  ## Model estimation
54  pis.cfa1.fit <- sem(pis.cfa1, data = pis[,-1],
55                    missing = "FIML",
56                    estimator = "MLR",

```

```
se="robust.mlr")
```

```
## Summary
```

```
summary(pis.cfa1.fit,
        rsquare = TRUE,
        fit.measures = TRUE,
        standardized = TRUE)
```

Measurement model

```
## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 20 iterations
```

```
##
```

```
## Estimator ML
## Optimization method NLMINB
## Number of free parameters 18
##
## Number of observations 222
## Number of missing patterns 1
##
```

```
## Model Test User Model:
```

	Standard	Robust
## Test Statistic	28.920	20.975
## Degrees of freedom	9	9
## P-value (Chi-square)	0.001	0.013
## Scaling correction factor		1.379
## Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)		

```
## Model Test Baseline Model:
```

## Test statistic	1231.574	869.431
## Degrees of freedom	15	15
## P-value	0.000	0.000
## Scaling correction factor		1.417

```
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
```

## Comparative Fit Index (CFI)	0.984	0.986
## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)	0.973	0.977
## Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)		0.986
## Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)		0.977

```
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
```

## Loglikelihood user model (H0)	-1809.322	-1809.322
## Scaling correction factor for the MLR correction		1.007
## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)	-1794.862	-1794.862
## Scaling correction factor for the MLR correction		1.131
## Akaike (AIC)	3654.644	3654.644
## Bayesian (BIC)	3715.892	3715.892
## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)	3658.848	3658.848

```

1
2
3
4  ##
5  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
6  ##
7  ##   RMSEA                                0.100      0.077
8  ##   90 Percent confidence interval - lower  0.060      0.041
9  ##   90 Percent confidence interval - upper  0.142      0.115
10 ##   P-value RMSEA <= 0.05                 0.021      0.101
11 ##
12 ##   Robust RMSEA                                0.091
13 ##   90 Percent confidence interval - lower  0.040
14 ##   90 Percent confidence interval - upper  0.142
15 ##
16 ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
17 ##
18 ##   SRMR                                0.019      0.019
19 ##
20 ## Parameter Estimates:
21 ##
22 ##   Standard errors                        Sandwich
23 ##   Information bread                      Observed
24 ##   Observed information based on         Hessian
25 ##
26 ## Latent Variables:
27 ##
28 ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
29 ##   gPIS =~
30 ##     PIS1           1.000          0.057  17.548   0.000    1.247   0.833
31 ##     PIS2           0.996          0.048  21.466   0.000    1.241   0.863
32 ##     PIS3           1.020          0.048  21.466   0.000    1.272   0.897
33 ##     PIS4           1.012          0.057  17.667   0.000    1.261   0.853
34 ##     PIS5           0.987          0.064  15.421   0.000    1.230   0.826
35 ##     PIS6           1.136          0.057  19.956   0.000    1.416   0.912
36 ##
37 ## Intercepts:
38 ##
39 ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
40 ##   .PIS1           2.396          0.100  23.861   0.000    2.396   1.601
41 ##   .PIS2           2.865          0.097  29.655   0.000    2.865   1.990
42 ##   .PIS3           2.383          0.095  25.036   0.000    2.383   1.680
43 ##   .PIS4           2.734          0.099  27.553   0.000    2.734   1.849
44 ##   .PIS5           2.414          0.100  24.168   0.000    2.414   1.622
45 ##   .PIS6           2.356          0.104  22.614   0.000    2.356   1.518
46 ##   gPIS            0.000          0.000   0.000   0.000    0.000   0.000
47 ##
48 ## Variances:
49 ##
50 ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
51 ##   .PIS1           0.685          0.089   7.709   0.000    0.685   0.306
52 ##   .PIS2           0.531          0.067   7.926   0.000    0.531   0.256
53 ##   .PIS3           0.392          0.054   7.312   0.000    0.392   0.195
54 ##   .PIS4           0.595          0.073   8.179   0.000    0.595   0.272
55 ##   .PIS5           0.702          0.101   6.963   0.000    0.702   0.317
56 ##   .PIS6           0.403          0.057   7.022   0.000    0.403   0.167
57 ##   gPIS            1.554          0.173   8.973   0.000    1.000   1.000
58 ##
59 ## R-Square:
60 ##           Estimate

```

```

1
2
3      ##      PIS1          0.694
4      ##      PIS2          0.744
5      ##      PIS3          0.805
6      ##      PIS4          0.728
7      ##      PIS5          0.683
8      ##      PIS6          0.833
9
10     ## Parameter estimates
11     parameterEstimates(pis.cfa1.fit)
12
13     ##      lhs op  rhs    est    se      z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
14     ## 1  gPIS =~ PIS1 1.000 0.000   NA    NA    1.000   1.000
15     ## 2  gPIS =~ PIS2 0.996 0.057 17.548    0    0.885   1.107
16     ## 3  gPIS =~ PIS3 1.020 0.048 21.466    0    0.927   1.114
17     ## 4  gPIS =~ PIS4 1.012 0.057 17.667    0    0.899   1.124
18     ## 5  gPIS =~ PIS5 0.987 0.064 15.421    0    0.861   1.112
19     ## 6  gPIS =~ PIS6 1.136 0.057 19.956    0    1.024   1.248
20     ## 7  PIS1 ~~ PIS1 0.685 0.089  7.709    0    0.511   0.859
21     ## 8  PIS2 ~~ PIS2 0.531 0.067  7.926    0    0.399   0.662
22     ## 9  PIS3 ~~ PIS3 0.392 0.054  7.312    0    0.287   0.498
23     ## 10 PIS4 ~~ PIS4 0.595 0.073  8.179    0    0.453   0.738
24     ## 11 PIS5 ~~ PIS5 0.702 0.101  6.963    0    0.505   0.900
25     ## 12 PIS6 ~~ PIS6 0.403 0.057  7.022    0    0.291   0.516
26     ## 13 gPIS ~~ gPIS 1.554 0.173  8.973    0    1.215   1.894
27     ## 14 PIS1 ~-1      2.396 0.100 23.861    0    2.200   2.593
28     ## 15 PIS2 ~-1      2.865 0.097 29.655    0    2.676   3.054
29     ## 16 PIS3 ~-1      2.383 0.095 25.036    0    2.196   2.569
30     ## 17 PIS4 ~-1      2.734 0.099 27.553    0    2.540   2.929
31     ## 18 PIS5 ~-1      2.414 0.100 24.168    0    2.219   2.610
32     ## 19 PIS6 ~-1      2.356 0.104 22.614    0    2.152   2.560
33     ## 20 gPIS ~-1      0.000 0.000   NA    NA    0.000   0.000
34
35     ## Standardized residuals
36     resid(pis.cfa1.fit, type="standardized")
37
38     ## $type
39     ## [1] "standardized"
40
41     ## $cov
42     ##      PIS1  PIS2  PIS3  PIS4  PIS5  PIS6
43     ## PIS1  0.000
44     ## PIS2  0.820  0.000
45     ## PIS3  2.548  0.635  0.000
46     ## PIS4 -0.776  0.484 -2.134  0.000
47     ## PIS5 -2.461 -1.375 -1.922  1.567  0.000
48     ## PIS6 -1.752 -0.795 -0.596  0.226  1.939  0.000
49
50     ## $mean
51     ## PIS1 PIS2 PIS3 PIS4 PIS5 PIS6
52     ##    0    0    0    0    0    0
53
54     ## Modification indices
55     modindices(pis.cfa1.fit)
56
57     ##      lhs op  rhs    mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
58     ## 21 PIS1 ~~ PIS2 0.963 0.048 0.048 0.080 0.080

```



```

1
2
3 ## 22 PIS1 ~~ PIS3 13.741 0.167 0.167 0.321 0.321
4 ## 23 PIS1 ~~ PIS4 0.714 -0.043 -0.043 -0.068 -0.068
5 ## 24 PIS1 ~~ PIS5 7.323 -0.147 -0.147 -0.212 -0.212
6 ## 25 PIS1 ~~ PIS6 2.597 -0.077 -0.077 -0.146 -0.146
7 ## 26 PIS2 ~~ PIS3 0.579 0.031 0.031 0.069 0.069
8 ## 27 PIS2 ~~ PIS4 0.424 0.030 0.030 0.054 0.054
9 ## 28 PIS2 ~~ PIS5 1.970 -0.069 -0.069 -0.113 -0.113
10 ## 29 PIS2 ~~ PIS6 0.931 -0.043 -0.043 -0.092 -0.092
11 ## 30 PIS3 ~~ PIS4 3.863 -0.085 -0.085 -0.175 -0.175
12 ## 31 PIS3 ~~ PIS5 3.060 -0.079 -0.079 -0.151 -0.151
13 ## 32 PIS3 ~~ PIS6 0.367 -0.025 -0.025 -0.064 -0.064
14 ## 33 PIS4 ~~ PIS5 4.948 0.115 0.115 0.178 0.178
15 ## 34 PIS4 ~~ PIS6 0.073 0.012 0.012 0.025 0.025
16 ## 35 PIS5 ~~ PIS6 9.768 0.150 0.150 0.281 0.281

```

```

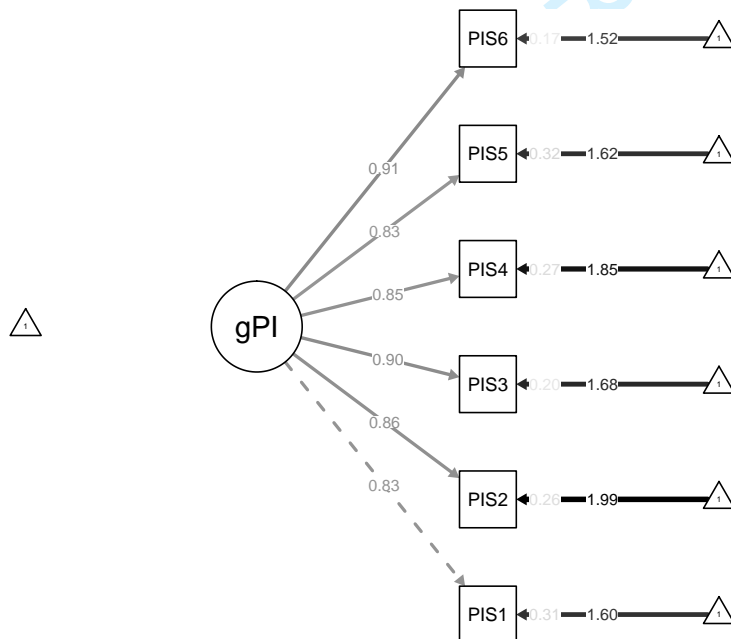
17 ## Visualize the path model

```

```

18 semPaths(pis.cfa1.fit,
19         rotation = 2,
20         layout = "tree2",
21         what = "std",
22         posCol = "black",
23         edge.width = 0.5,
24         style = "Lisrel",
25         fade = T,
26         edge.label.position = 0.55)
27

```



```

48 ## Model specification
49 ## One factor modified
50 pis.cfa1m <- '
51     # PIS general factor
52     gPIS =~ PIS1+PIS2+PIS3+PIS4+PIS5+PIS6
53
54     # Residual covariance
55     PIS1 ~~ PIS3
56

```

```

1
2
3
4
5
6  ## Model estimation
7  pis.cfa1m.fit <- sem(pis.cfa1m, data = pis[,-1],
8                      missing = "FIML",
9                      estimator = "MLR",
10                     se="robust.mlr")
11
12  ## Summary
13  summary(pis.cfa1m.fit,
14         rsquare = TRUE,
15         fit.measures = TRUE,
16         standardized = TRUE)
17
18  ## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 22 iterations
19  ##
20  ##   Estimator                               ML
21  ##   Optimization method                   NLMINB
22  ##   Number of free parameters              19
23  ##
24  ##   Number of observations                  222
25  ##   Number of missing patterns             1
26  ##
27  ## Model Test User Model:
28  ##                                     Standard   Robust
29  ##   Test Statistic                       15.824    11.417
30  ##   Degrees of freedom                      8         8
31  ##   P-value (Chi-square)                   0.045     0.179
32  ##   Scaling correction factor
33  ##     Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant) 1.386
34  ##
35  ## Model Test Baseline Model:
36  ##                                     1231.574   869.431
37  ##   Test statistic
38  ##   Degrees of freedom                      15        15
39  ##   P-value                                 0.000     0.000
40  ##   Scaling correction factor
41  ##                                     1.417
42  ##
43  ## User Model versus Baseline Model:
44  ##                                     0.994     0.996
45  ##   Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
46  ##   Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)              0.988     0.993
47  ##
48  ##   Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)
49  ##   Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)
50  ##                                     0.996     0.993
51  ##
52  ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
53  ##                                     -1802.774 -1802.774
54  ##   Loglikelihood user model (H0)
55  ##   Scaling correction factor
56  ##     for the MLR correction
57  ##                                     1.023
58  ##   Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)
59  ##   Scaling correction factor
60  ##     for the MLR correction

```

```

1
2
3
4     ## Akaike (AIC)                3643.547    3643.547
5     ## Bayesian (BIC)              3708.198    3708.198
6     ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC) 3647.985    3647.985
7     ##
8     ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
9     ##
10    ## RMSEA                        0.066        0.044
11    ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower    0.010        0.000
12    ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper    0.114        0.089
13    ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05                0.248        0.535
14    ##
15    ## Robust RMSEA                                0.052
16    ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower    0.000
17    ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper    0.114
18    ##
19    ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
20    ##
21    ## SRMR                            0.015        0.015
22    ##
23    ## Parameter Estimates:
24    ##
25    ## Standard errors                    Sandwich
26    ## Information bread                  Observed
27    ## Observed information based on      Hessian
28    ##
29    ## Latent Variables:
30    ## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
31    ## gPIS =~
32    ## PIS1          1.000
33    ## PIS2          1.021    0.058    17.486    0.000    1.239    0.861
34    ## PIS3          1.031    0.051    20.259    0.000    1.251    0.882
35    ## PIS4          1.045    0.059    17.798    0.000    1.269    0.858
36    ## PIS5          1.024    0.066    15.522    0.000    1.243    0.835
37    ## PIS6          1.175    0.060    19.500    0.000    1.426    0.919
38    ##
39    ## Covariances:
40    ## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
41    ## .PIS1 ~~
42    ## .PIS3          0.168    0.054     3.121    0.002    0.168    0.287
43    ##
44    ## Intercepts:
45    ## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
46    ## .PIS1          2.396    0.100    23.861    0.000    2.396    1.601
47    ## .PIS2          2.865    0.097    29.655    0.000    2.865    1.990
48    ## .PIS3          2.383    0.095    25.036    0.000    2.383    1.680
49    ## .PIS4          2.734    0.099    27.553    0.000    2.734    1.849
50    ## .PIS5          2.414    0.100    24.168    0.000    2.414    1.622
51    ## .PIS6          2.356    0.104    22.614    0.000    2.356    1.518
52    ## gPIS           0.000
53    ##
54    ## Variances:
55    ## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
56    ## .PIS1          0.766    0.093     8.252    0.000    0.766    0.342
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3      ##      .PIS2          0.537    0.071    7.564    0.000    0.537    0.259
4      ##      .PIS3          0.447    0.057    7.858    0.000    0.447    0.222
5      ##      .PIS4          0.576    0.071    8.151    0.000    0.576    0.264
6      ##      .PIS5          0.670    0.098    6.864    0.000    0.670    0.302
7      ##      .PIS6          0.375    0.057    6.584    0.000    0.375    0.155
8      ##      gPIS          1.473    0.172    8.566    0.000    1.000    1.000
9      ##
10     ## R-Square:
11     ##              Estimate
12     ##      PIS1          0.658
13     ##      PIS2          0.741
14     ##      PIS3          0.778
15     ##      PIS4          0.736
16     ##      PIS5          0.698
17     ##      PIS6          0.845
18
19     ## Parameter estimates
20     parameterEstimates(pis.cfalm.fit)
21
22     ##      lhs op  rhs  est  se      z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
23     ## 1  gPIS =~ PIS1 1.000 0.000 NA      NA      1.000 1.000
24     ## 2  gPIS =~ PIS2 1.021 0.058 17.486 0.000 0.906 1.135
25     ## 3  gPIS =~ PIS3 1.031 0.051 20.259 0.000 0.931 1.130
26     ## 4  gPIS =~ PIS4 1.045 0.059 17.798 0.000 0.930 1.160
27     ## 5  gPIS =~ PIS5 1.024 0.066 15.522 0.000 0.895 1.154
28     ## 6  gPIS =~ PIS6 1.175 0.060 19.500 0.000 1.057 1.293
29     ## 7  PIS1 ~~ PIS3 0.168 0.054 3.121 0.002 0.062 0.273
30     ## 8  PIS1 ~~ PIS1 0.766 0.093 8.252 0.000 0.584 0.948
31     ## 9  PIS2 ~~ PIS2 0.537 0.071 7.564 0.000 0.398 0.677
32     ## 10 PIS3 ~~ PIS3 0.447 0.057 7.858 0.000 0.335 0.558
33     ## 11 PIS4 ~~ PIS4 0.576 0.071 8.151 0.000 0.438 0.715
34     ## 12 PIS5 ~~ PIS5 0.670 0.098 6.864 0.000 0.479 0.861
35     ## 13 PIS6 ~~ PIS6 0.375 0.057 6.584 0.000 0.263 0.486
36     ## 14 gPIS ~~ gPIS 1.473 0.172 8.566 0.000 1.136 1.810
37     ## 15 PIS1 ~-1      2.396 0.100 23.861 0.000 2.200 2.593
38     ## 16 PIS2 ~-1      2.865 0.097 29.655 0.000 2.676 3.054
39     ## 17 PIS3 ~-1      2.383 0.095 25.036 0.000 2.196 2.569
40     ## 18 PIS4 ~-1      2.734 0.099 27.553 0.000 2.540 2.929
41     ## 19 PIS5 ~-1      2.414 0.100 24.168 0.000 2.219 2.610
42     ## 20 PIS6 ~-1      2.356 0.104 22.614 0.000 2.152 2.560
43     ## 21 gPIS ~-1      0.000 0.000 NA      NA      0.000 0.000
44
45     ## Standardized residuals
46     resid(pis.cfalm.fit, type="standardized")
47
48     ## $type
49     ## [1] "standardized"
50     ##
51     ## $cov
52     ##      PIS1  PIS2  PIS3  PIS4  PIS5  PIS6
53     ## PIS1  0.000
54     ## PIS2  1.689  0.000
55     ## PIS3  0.000  1.404  0.000
56     ## PIS4  0.059  0.362 -1.190  0.000
57     ## PIS5 -1.777 -2.000 -1.453  1.173  0.000
58     ## PIS6 -0.265 -1.328  0.367 -0.824  1.477  0.000
59
60

```

```

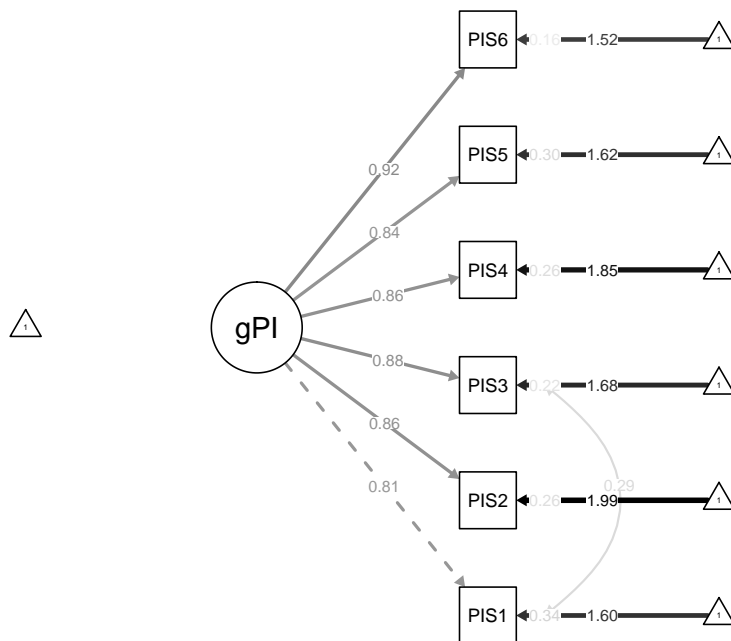
##
## $mean
## PIS1 PIS2 PIS3 PIS4 PIS5 PIS6
## 0 0 0 0 0 0

## Modification indices
modindices(pis.cfalm.fit)

## lhs op rhs mi epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 22 PIS1 ~~ PIS2 2.826 0.081 0.081 0.126 0.126
## 23 PIS1 ~~ PIS4 0.142 0.019 0.019 0.028 0.028
## 24 PIS1 ~~ PIS5 2.885 -0.089 -0.089 -0.124 -0.124
## 25 PIS1 ~~ PIS6 0.166 -0.019 -0.019 -0.036 -0.036
## 26 PIS2 ~~ PIS3 1.505 0.049 0.049 0.100 0.100
## 27 PIS2 ~~ PIS4 0.234 0.023 0.023 0.042 0.042
## 28 PIS2 ~~ PIS5 3.517 -0.094 -0.094 -0.157 -0.157
## 29 PIS2 ~~ PIS6 2.395 -0.073 -0.073 -0.162 -0.162
## 30 PIS3 ~~ PIS4 1.421 -0.049 -0.049 -0.097 -0.097
## 31 PIS3 ~~ PIS5 0.480 -0.030 -0.030 -0.055 -0.055
## 32 PIS3 ~~ PIS6 0.274 0.021 0.021 0.051 0.051
## 33 PIS4 ~~ PIS5 2.696 0.085 0.085 0.137 0.137
## 34 PIS4 ~~ PIS6 0.720 -0.041 -0.041 -0.088 -0.088
## 35 PIS5 ~~ PIS6 5.194 0.113 0.113 0.226 0.226

## Visualize the path model
semPaths(pis.cfalm.fit,
rotation = 2,
layout = "tree2",
what = "std",
posCol = "black",
edge.width = 0.5,
style = "Lisrel",
fade = T,
edge.label.position = 0.55)

```



```

1
2
3
4 ## Model comparison
5 anova(pis.cfa1.fit, pis.cfalm.fit)
6
7 ## Scaled Chi-Squared Difference Test (method = "satorra.bentler.2001")
8 ##
9 ## lavaan NOTE:
10 ## The "Chisq" column contains standard test statistics, not the
11 ## robust test that should be reported per model. A robust difference
12 ## test is a function of two standard (not robust) statistics.
13 ##
14 ##
15 ##
16 ##
17 ##
18 ##
19 ##
20 ##
21 ##
22 ##
23 ##
24 ##
25 ##
26 ##
27 ##
28 ##
29 ##
30 ##
31 ##
32 ##
33 ##
34 ##
35 ##
36 ##
37 ##
38 ##
39 ##
40 ##
41 ##
42 ##
43 ##
44 ##
45 ##
46 ##
47 ##
48 ##
49 ##
50 ##
51 ##
52 ##
53 ##
54 ##
55 ##
56 ##
57 ##
58 ##
59 ##
60 ##

```

	Df	AIC	BIC	Chisq	Chisq diff	Df diff	Pr(>Chisq)
pis.cfalm.fit	8	3643.5	3708.2	15.823			
pis.cfa1.fit	9	3654.6	3715.9	28.920	9.9148	1	0.00164 **

```

## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

Conclusion Accept the model with robust ML estimation, one general PIS factor (gPIS) and one residual covariance. Model `pis.cfalm` is the final model.

```

22 ## Extract the factor scores
23 pis.sf <- lavPredict(pis.cfalm.fit)
24 head(pis.sf, 5)
25

```

```

26 ##
27 ##
28 ##
29 ##
30 ##
31 ##
32 ##
33 ##
34 ##
35 ##
36 ##
37 ##
38 ##
39 ##
40 ##
41 ##
42 ##
43 ##
44 ##
45 ##
46 ##
47 ##
48 ##
49 ##
50 ##
51 ##
52 ##
53 ##
54 ##
55 ##
56 ##
57 ##
58 ##
59 ##
60 ##

```

	gPIS
[1,]	-1.5310263
[2,]	-1.3388278
[3,]	0.3055426
[4,]	1.0020314
[5,]	-0.1668300

```

32 ## Check by correlating with the sum score
33 ## Define the sum score
34

```

```

35 pis.sum <- pis$PIS1+
36   pis$PIS2+
37   pis$PIS3+
38   pis$PIS4+
39   pis$PIS5+
40   pis$PIS6

```

```

41 pis.temp <- data.frame(pis.sum, pis.sf)
42

```

```

43 ## Correlation
44 cor(pis.temp, use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
45

```

```

46 ##
47 ##
48 ##
49 ##
50 ##
51 ##
52 ##
53 ##
54 ##
55 ##
56 ##
57 ##
58 ##
59 ##
60 ##

```

	pis.sum	gPIS
pis.sum	1.000000	0.996924
gPIS	0.996924	1.000000

```

50 ## Add the new factor score to the dataset
51 covid19otlc.tpe$gPIS <- lavPredict(pis.cfalm.fit)[,c("gPIS")]
52

```

Perceived institutional support during COVID-19

```
#####
## Select the data
pisco.var <- c("UNPERSID", "PISCO1", "PISCO2")
## Subset the data
pisco <- covid19otlc.tpe[pisco.var]
head(pisco, 5)
```

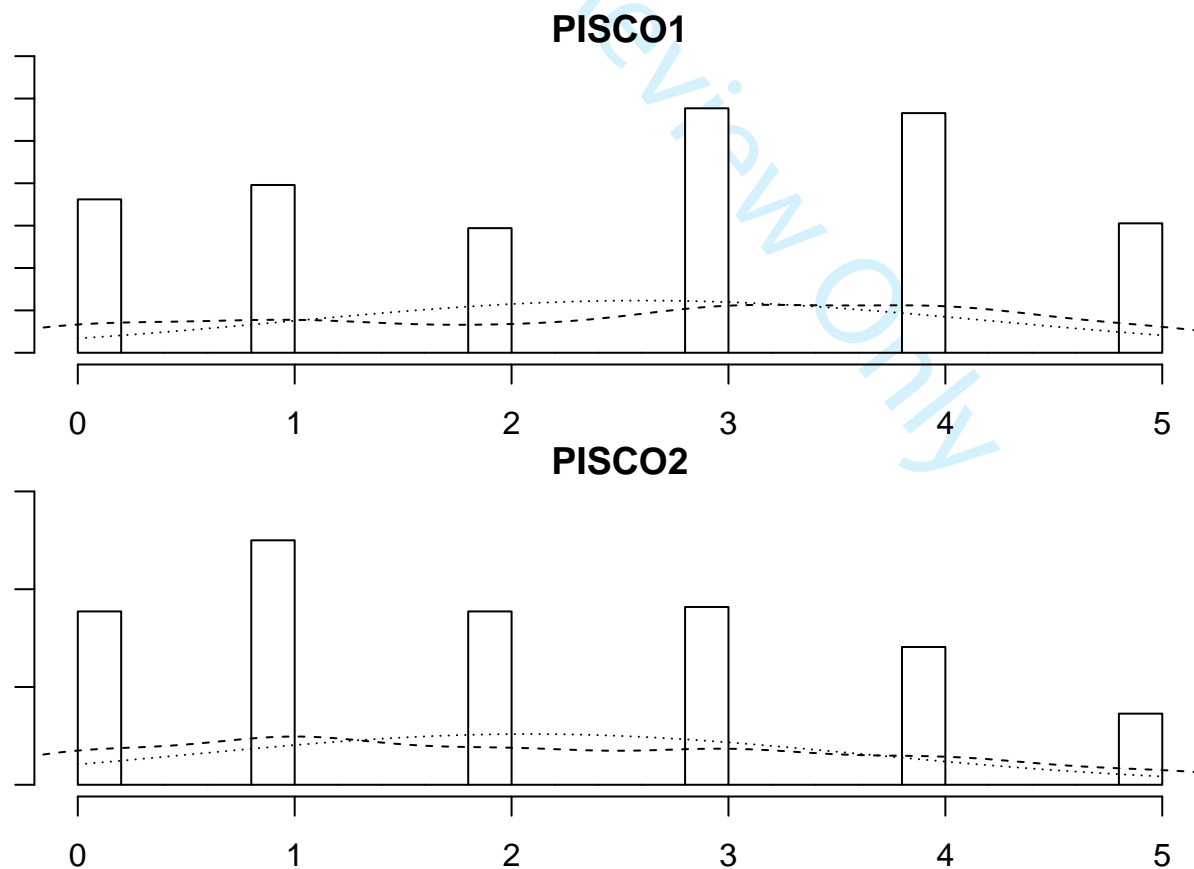
Descriptive scale statistics and correlation matrix

```
## UNPERSID PISCO1 PISCO2
## 1 4030 0 1
## 2 4312 0 1
## 3 4026 2 2
## 4 4028 3 2
## 5 4032 1 3
```

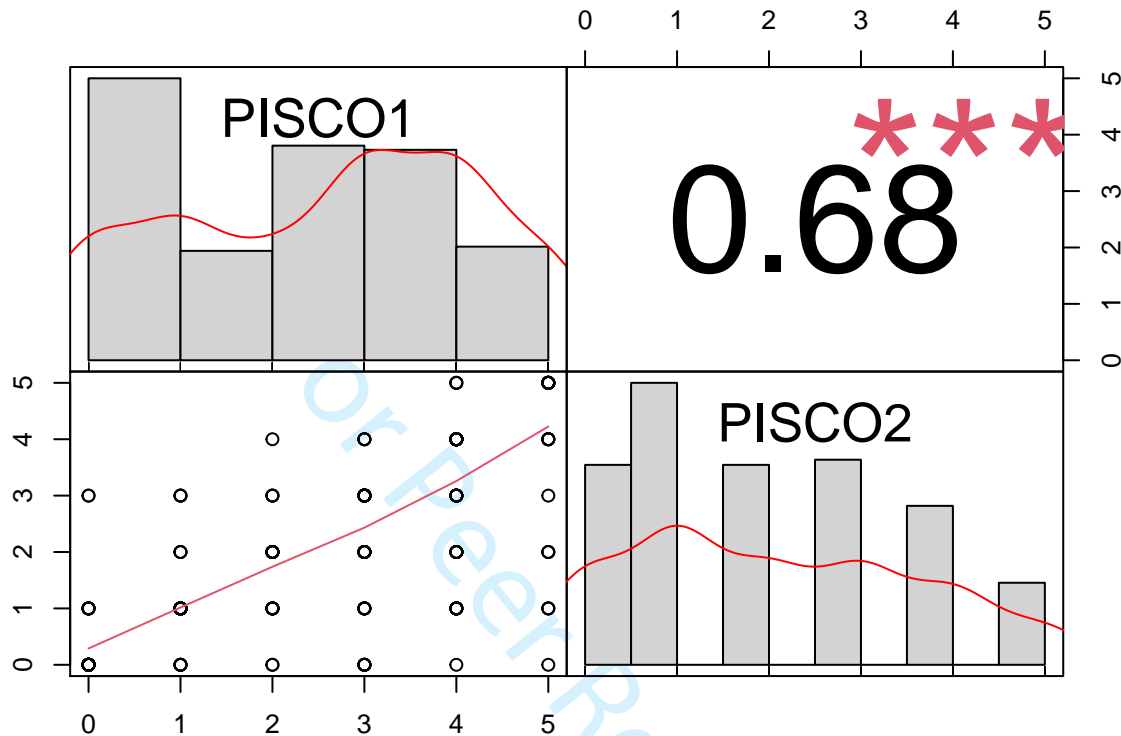
```
#####
## Descriptive statistics
describe(pisco[,-1])
```

```
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
## PISCO1 1 221 2.60 1.62 3 2.63 1.48 0 5 5 -0.21 -1.17 0.11
## PISCO2 2 220 2.08 1.54 2 2.01 1.48 0 5 5 0.29 -1.03 0.10
```

```
## Distributions
multi.hist(pisco[,-1], density = TRUE)
```



```
## Correlation chart
chart.Correlation(pisco[, -1], method = c("pearson"))
```



```
#####
## Correlation matrix
## APA format
apa.cor.table(pisco[, -1], filename="Table_PISCO.doc", table.number=3)
```

```
##
##
## Table 3
##
## Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals
##
##
## Variable M SD 1
## 1. PISCO1 2.60 1.62
##
## 2. PISCO2 2.08 1.54 .68**
## [ .60, .74]
##
##
## Note. M and SD are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively.
## Values in square brackets indicate the 95% confidence interval.
## The confidence interval is a plausible range of population correlations
## that could have caused the sample correlation (Cumming, 2014).
## * indicates  $p < .05$ . ** indicates  $p < .01$ .
##
```

```
## Extract the Pearson correlation matrix
pisco.cor <- cor(pisco[, -1], method = "pearson",
```



```

use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
pisco.cor

```

```

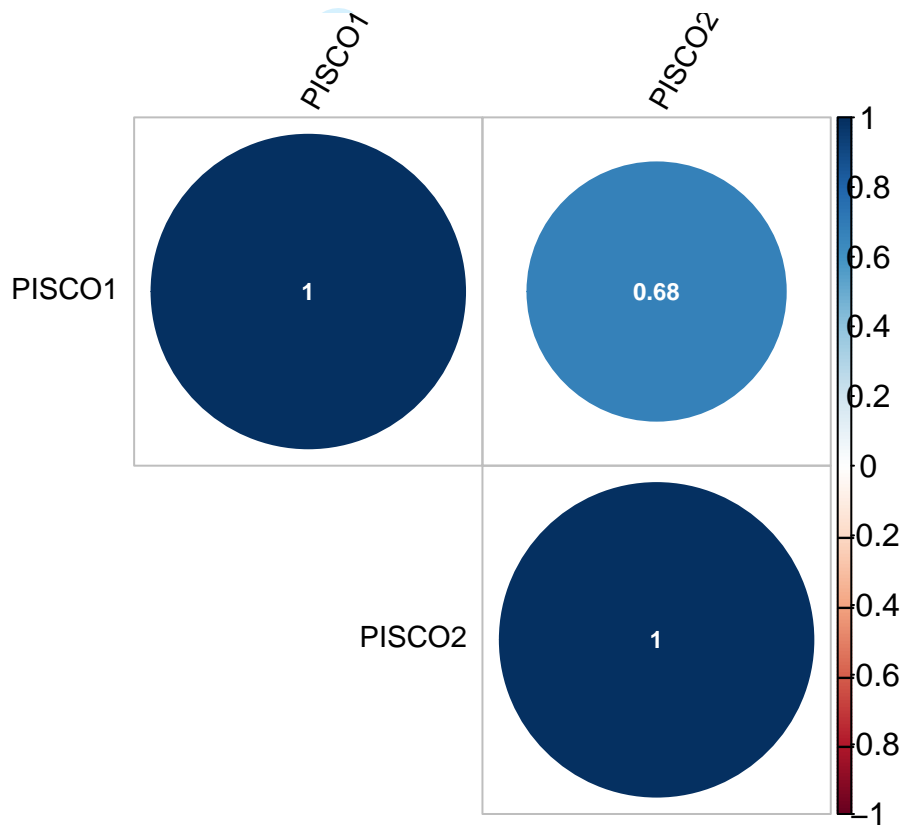
##          PISCO1    PISCO2
## PISCO1 1.0000000 0.6785038
## PISCO2 0.6785038 1.0000000

```

```

## Correlogram
corrplot(pisco.cor, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
         tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
         addCoef.col = "white",
         number.cex = 0.75,
         cl.cex = 1,
         tl.cex = 0.9)

```



```

## Extract the polychoric correlation matrix
pisco.pcor <- polychoric(pisco[, -1])

```

```

## Warning in matpLower(x, nvar, gminx, gmaxx, gminy, gmaxy): 1 cells were adjusted
## for 0 values using the correction for continuity. Examine your data carefully.

```

```

pisco.pcor$rho

```

```

##          PISCO1    PISCO2
## PISCO1 1.0000000 0.6958335
## PISCO2 0.6958335 1.0000000

```

```

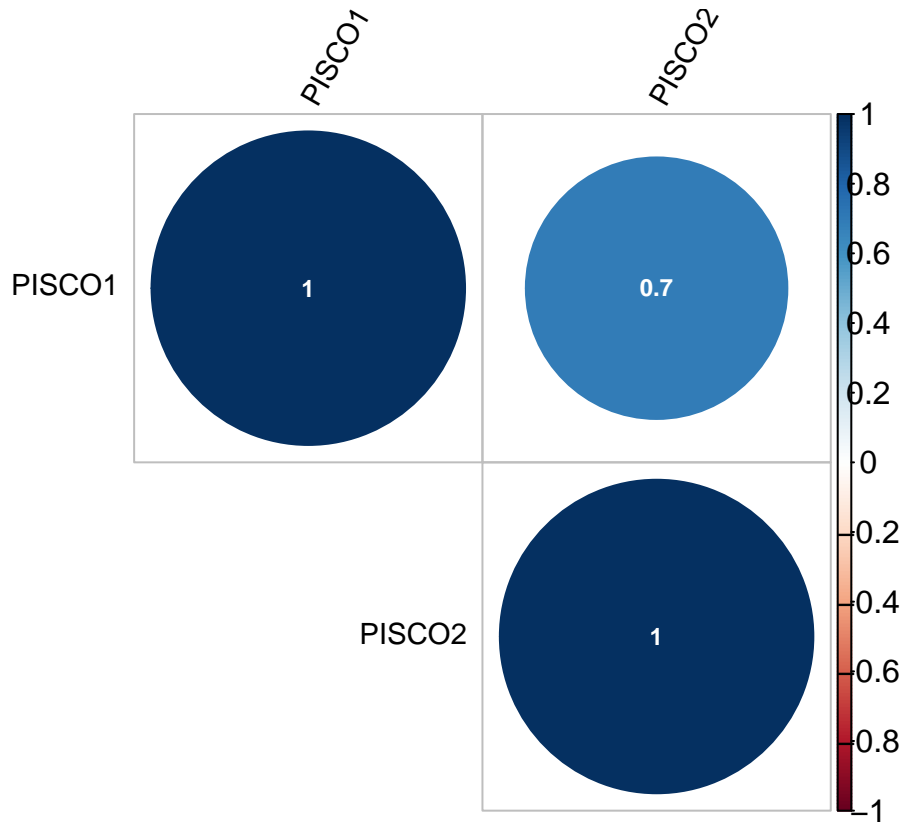
## Correlogram
corrplot(pisco.pcor$rho, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
         tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,

```

```

addCoef.col = "white",
number.cex = 0.75,
cl.cex = 1,
tl.cex = 0.9)

```



```
## Absolute difference between the two matrices
```

```
pisco.pcor$rho-pisco.cor
```

```
##           PISCO1    PISCO2
## PISCO1 0.00000000 0.01732969
## PISCO2 0.01732969 0.00000000
```

```
max(pisco.pcor$rho-pisco.cor)
```

```
## [1] 0.01732969
```

```
#####
```

Descriptive scale statistics and correlation matrix for all perceived institutional support items

```
#####
```

```
## Select the data
```

```
pisall.var <- c("UNPERSID", "PIS1", "PIS2", "PIS3",
              "PIS4", "PIS5", "PIS6", "PISCO1", "PISCO2")
```

```
# Subset the data
```

```
pisall <- covid19otlc.tpe[pisall.var]
```

```
head(pisall, 5)
```

```
## UNPERSID PIS1 PIS2 PIS3 PIS4 PIS5 PIS6 PISCO1 PISCO2
```

## 1	4030	2	0	1	2	1	0	0	1
## 2	4312	2	2	2	1	0	0	0	1
## 3	4026	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2
## 4	4028	3	4	4	4	2	4	3	2
## 5	4032	2	3	2	3	2	2	1	3

```
#####
```

```
## Descriptive statistics
```

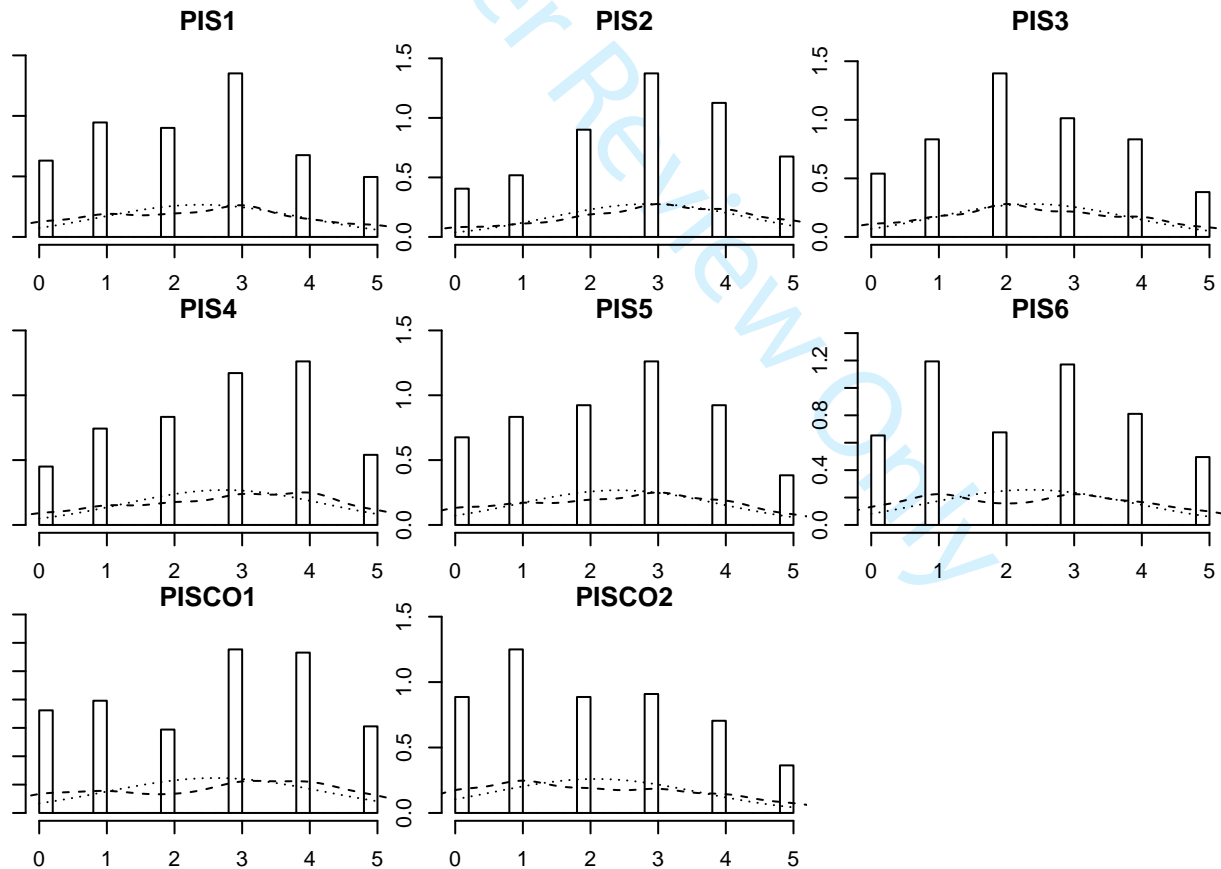
```
describe(pisall[,-1])
```

```
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
```

## PIS1	1	222	2.40	1.50	3	2.37	1.48	0	5	5	0.03	-0.95	0.10
## PIS2	2	222	2.86	1.44	3	2.93	1.48	0	5	5	-0.35	-0.69	0.10
## PIS3	3	222	2.38	1.42	2	2.38	1.48	0	5	5	0.07	-0.83	0.10
## PIS4	4	222	2.73	1.48	3	2.78	1.48	0	5	5	-0.28	-0.94	0.10
## PIS5	5	222	2.41	1.49	3	2.42	1.48	0	5	5	-0.08	-1.00	0.10
## PIS6	6	222	2.36	1.56	2	2.32	1.48	0	5	5	0.08	-1.14	0.10
## PISCO1	7	221	2.60	1.62	3	2.63	1.48	0	5	5	-0.21	-1.17	0.11
## PISCO2	8	220	2.08	1.54	2	2.01	1.48	0	5	5	0.29	-1.03	0.10

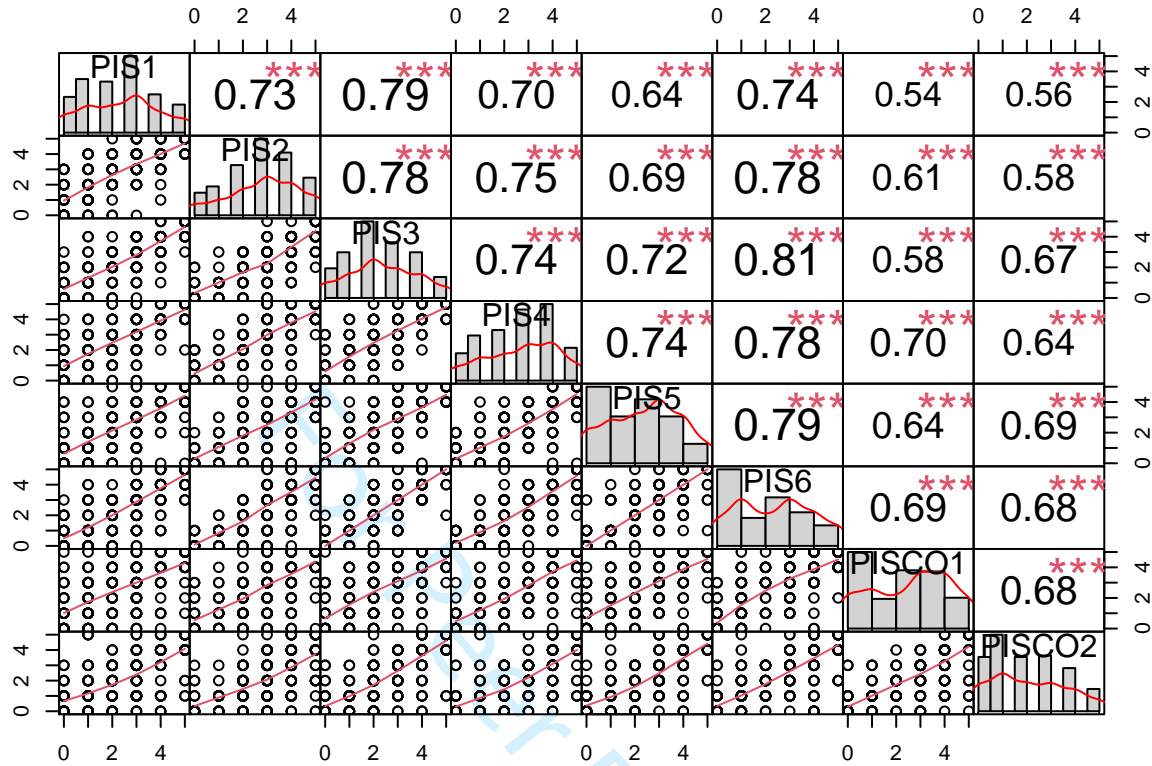
```
## Distributions
```

```
multi.hist(pisall[,-1], density = TRUE)
```



```
## Correlation chart
```

```
chart.Correlation(pisall[,-1], method = c("pearson"))
```



```
#####
## Correlation matrix
## APA format
apa.cor.table(pisall[,-1], filename="Table_PISALL.doc", table.number=8)
```

```
##
##
## Table 8
##
## Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals
##
##
```

Variable	M	SD	1	2	3	4	5
1. PIS1	2.40	1.50					
2. PIS2	2.86	1.44	.73**				
			[.67, .79]				
3. PIS3	2.38	1.42	.79**	.78**			
			[.74, .84]	[.73, .83]			
4. PIS4	2.73	1.48	.70**	.75**	.74**		
			[.62, .76]	[.68, .80]	[.68, .80]		
5. PIS5	2.41	1.49	.64**	.69**	.72**	.74**	
			[.56, .71]	[.61, .75]	[.65, .78]	[.68, .80]	
6. PIS6	2.36	1.56	.74**	.78**	.81**	.78**	.79**
			[.68, .80]	[.72, .82]	[.76, .85]	[.72, .83]	[.73, .83]

```
##
```

```

1
2
3      ##      7. PISC01 2.60 1.62 .54**      .61**      .58**      .70**      .64**
4      ##                                  [.43, .62] [.52, .69] [.49, .66] [.63, .76] [.55, .71]
5      ##
6      ##      8. PISC02 2.08 1.54 .56**      .58**      .67**      .64**      .69**
7      ##                                  [.46, .64] [.49, .66] [.59, .74] [.56, .71] [.61, .75]
8      ##
9      ##      6          7
10     ##
11     ##
12     ##
13     ##
14     ##
15     ##
16     ##
17     ##
18     ##
19     ##
20     ##
21     ##
22     ##
23     ##
24     ##
25     ##
26     ##
27     ##      .69**
28     ##      [.61, .75]
29     ##
30     ##      .68**      .68**
31     ##      [.61, .75] [.60, .74]
32     ##
33     ##
34     ## Note. M and SD are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively.
35     ## Values in square brackets indicate the 95% confidence interval.
36     ## The confidence interval is a plausible range of population correlations
37     ## that could have caused the sample correlation (Cumming, 2014).
38     ## * indicates p < .05. ** indicates p < .01.
39     ##
40     ## Extract the Pearson correlation matrix
41     pisall.cor <- cor(pisall[,-1], method = "pearson",
42                     use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
43     pisall.cor
44
45     ##          PIS1      PIS2      PIS3      PIS4      PIS5      PIS6      PISC01
46     ## PIS1      1.000000  0.7338217  0.7945276  0.6970668  0.6401190  0.7421310  0.5359045
47     ## PIS2      0.7338217  1.0000000  0.7822714  0.7450898  0.6905033  0.7775667  0.6135278
48     ## PIS3      0.7945276  0.7822714  1.0000000  0.7424350  0.7186606  0.8139405  0.5829839
49     ## PIS4      0.6970668  0.7450898  0.7424350  1.0000000  0.7418357  0.7811474  0.7002310
50     ## PIS5      0.6401190  0.6905033  0.7186606  0.7418357  1.0000000  0.7900909  0.6376571
51     ## PIS6      0.7421310  0.7775667  0.8139405  0.7811474  0.7900909  1.0000000  0.6867418
52     ## PISC01    0.5359045  0.6135278  0.5829839  0.7002310  0.6376571  0.6867418  1.0000000
53     ## PISC02    0.5570011  0.5834885  0.6721783  0.6407962  0.6896327  0.6841406  0.6785038
54     ##          PISC02
55     ## PIS1      0.5570011
56     ## PIS2      0.5834885
57
58
59
60

```

```

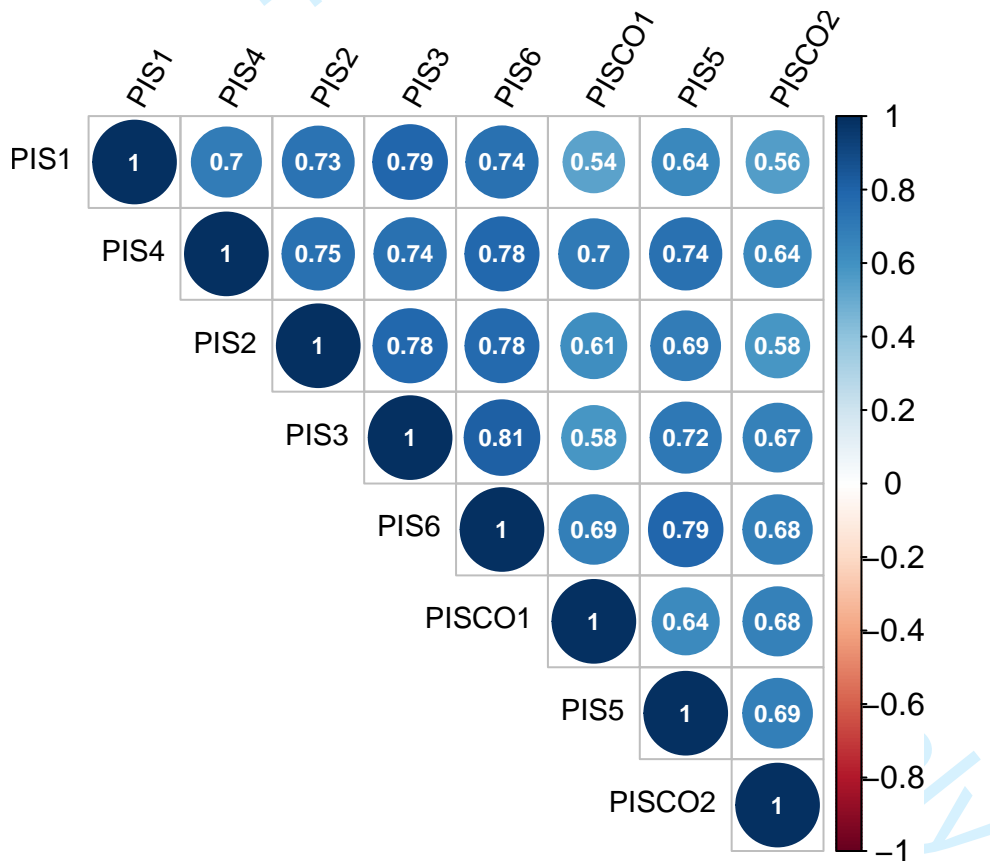
1
2
3 ## PIS3 0.6721783
4 ## PIS4 0.6407962
5 ## PIS5 0.6896327
6 ## PIS6 0.6841406
7 ## PISCO1 0.6785038
8 ## PISCO2 1.0000000
9

```

```

10 ## Correlogram
11 corrplot(pisall.cor, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
12          tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
13          addCoef.col = "white",
14          number.cex = 0.75,
15          cl.cex = 1,
16          tl.cex = 0.9)
17

```



```

44 ## Extract the polychoric correlation matrix
45 pisall.pcor <- polychoric(pisall[,-1])
46

```

```

47 ## Warning in matpLower(x, nvar, gminx, gmaxx, gminy, gmaxy): 28 cells were
48 ## adjusted for 0 values using the correction for continuity. Examine your data
49 ## carefully.

```

```

50 pisall.pcor$rho
51

```

```

52 ##
53 ## PIS1 1.0000000 0.7134438 0.7693800 0.6902077 0.6506381 0.7279092 0.5661267
54 ## PIS2 0.7134438 1.0000000 0.7488392 0.7197437 0.6703412 0.7517822 0.6331714
55 ## PIS3 0.7693800 0.7488392 1.0000000 0.7153792 0.6997897 0.7783809 0.5973230
56 ## PIS4 0.6902077 0.7197437 0.7153792 1.0000000 0.7268357 0.7571224 0.6977315
57

```

```

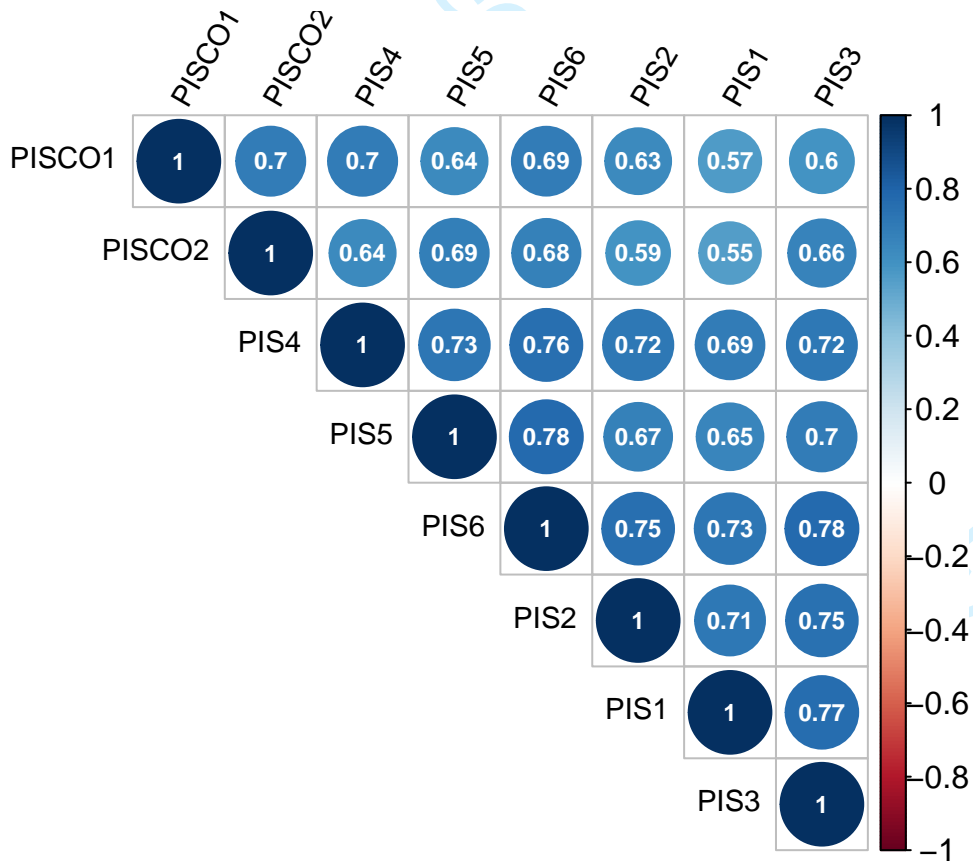
1
2
3 ## PIS5 0.6506381 0.6703412 0.6997897 0.7268357 1.0000000 0.7785224 0.6394764
4 ## PIS6 0.7279092 0.7517822 0.7783809 0.7571224 0.7785224 1.0000000 0.6928772
5 ## PISCO1 0.5661267 0.6331714 0.5973230 0.6977315 0.6394764 0.6928772 1.0000000
6 ## PISCO2 0.5541362 0.5913969 0.6610563 0.6380182 0.6853330 0.6792687 0.6958335
7 ##
8 ## PISC02
9 ## PIS1 0.5541362
10 ## PIS2 0.5913969
11 ## PIS3 0.6610563
12 ## PIS4 0.6380182
13 ## PIS5 0.6853330
14 ## PIS6 0.6792687
15 ## PISCO1 0.6958335
16 ## PISCO2 1.0000000

```

```

17 ## Correlogram
18 corrploth(pisall.pcor$rho, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
19           tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
20           addCoef.col = "white",
21           number.cex = 0.75,
22           cl.cex = 1,
23           tl.cex = 0.9)

```



```

51 ## Absolute difference between the two matrices
52 pisall.pcor$rho-pisall.cor

```

```

53
54 ##
55 ## PIS1 0.000000000 -0.020377933 -0.02514756 -0.006859127 0.010519038
56 ## PIS2 -0.020377933 0.000000000 -0.03343218 -0.025346068 -0.020162154
57
58
59

```

```

1
2
3 ## PIS3 -0.025147565 -0.033432181 0.00000000 -0.027055855 -0.018870894
4 ## PIS4 -0.006859127 -0.025346068 -0.02705586 0.000000000 -0.015000024
5 ## PIS5 0.010519038 -0.020162154 -0.01887089 -0.015000024 0.000000000
6 ## PIS6 -0.014221702 -0.025784553 -0.03555957 -0.024024907 -0.011568486
7 ## PISCO1 0.030222242 0.019643574 0.01433910 -0.002499458 0.001819289
8 ## PISCO2 -0.002864984 0.007908374 -0.01112203 -0.002778008 -0.004299718
9 ## PIS6 PISCO1 PISCO2
10 ## PIS1 -0.014221702 0.030222242 -0.002864984
11 ## PIS2 -0.025784553 0.019643574 0.007908374
12 ## PIS3 -0.035559567 0.014339097 -0.011122027
13 ## PIS4 -0.024024907 -0.002499458 -0.002778008
14 ## PIS5 -0.011568486 0.001819289 -0.004299718
15 ## PIS6 0.000000000 0.006135397 -0.004871821
16 ## PISCO1 0.006135397 0.000000000 0.017329687
17 ## PISCO2 -0.004871821 0.017329687 0.000000000

```

```

18 max(pisall.pcor$rho-pisall.cor)

```

```

19 ## [1] 0.03022224

```

```

20 #####

```

```

21 ## Reliability coefficients (overall scale)

```

```

22 omega(pisall[, -1])

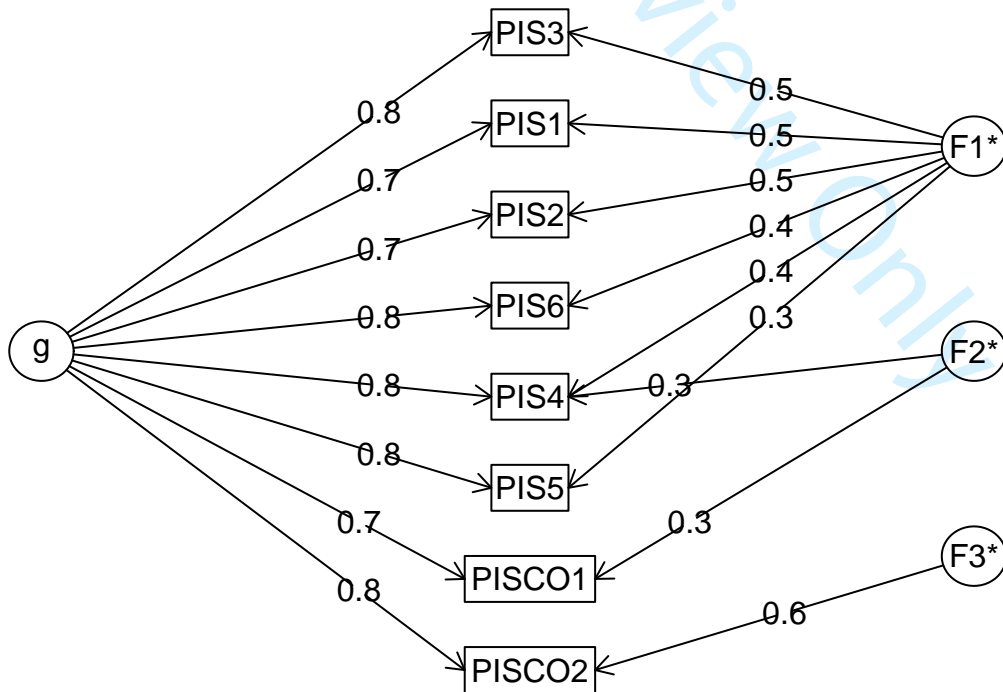
```

```

23 ## Loading required namespace: GPArotation

```

Omega



```

24 ## Omega

```

```

25 ## Call: omegah(m = m, nfactors = nfactors, fm = fm, key = key, flip = flip,

```

```

26 ## digits = digits, title = title, sl = sl, labels = labels,

```



```

1
2
3      ##      plot = plot, n.obs = n.obs, rotate = rotate, Phi = Phi, option = option,
4      ##      covar = covar)
5      ## Alpha:                0.95
6      ## G.6:                  0.95
7      ## Omega Hierarchical:   0.78
8      ## Omega H asymptotic:   0.81
9      ## Omega Total           0.96
10     ##
11     ## Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
12     ##      g   F1*   F2*   F3*   h2   u2   p2
13     ## PIS1  0.70  0.49                0.73 0.27 0.66
14     ## PIS2  0.73  0.46                0.75 0.25 0.71
15     ## PIS3  0.78  0.49                0.88 0.12 0.70
16     ## PIS4  0.77  0.36  0.26          0.79 0.21 0.74
17     ## PIS5  0.76  0.30                0.70 0.30 0.81
18     ## PIS6  0.81  0.41                0.83 0.17 0.78
19     ## PISC01 0.70                0.33    0.66 0.34 0.74
20     ## PISC02 0.82                0.57 1.00 0.00 0.68
21     ##
22     ## With eigenvalues of:
23     ##      g   F1*   F2*   F3*
24     ## 4.61 1.10 0.26 0.38
25     ##
26     ## general/max 4.18   max/min = 4.24
27     ## mean percent general = 0.73   with sd = 0.05 and cv of 0.07
28     ## Explained Common Variance of the general factor = 0.73
29     ##
30     ## The degrees of freedom are 7 and the fit is 0.05
31     ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 10.33 with prob < 0.17
32     ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.01
33     ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.02
34     ## RMSEA index = 0.046 and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0 0.102
35     ## BIC = -27.49
36     ##
37     ## Compare this with the adequacy of just a general factor and no group factors
38     ## The degrees of freedom for just the general factor are 20 and the fit is 1.09
39     ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 236.97 with prob < 4.8e-39
40     ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.14
41     ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.17
42     ##
43     ## RMSEA index = 0.221 and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.197 0.247
44     ## BIC = 128.91
45     ##
46     ## Measures of factor score adequacy
47     ##
48     ##      g   F1*   F2*   F3*
49     ## Correlation of scores with factors      0.91 0.70 0.71 0.78
50     ## Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.82 0.50 0.51 0.61
51     ## Minimum correlation of factor score estimates 0.64 -0.01 0.02 0.22
52     ##
53     ## Total, General and Subset omega for each subset
54     ##      g   F1*   F2*   F3*
55     ## Omega total for total scores and subscales 0.96 0.95 0.60 1.00
56     ## Omega general for total scores and subscales 0.78 0.73 0.49 0.68
57     ## Omega group for total scores and subscales 0.14 0.22 0.11 0.32
58
59
60

```

```
#####
```

Perceived online teaching presence

```
#####
```

```
## Select the data
```

```
pop.var <- c("UNPERSID", "POTP1", "POTP2",
            "POTP3", "POTP4", "POTP5",
            "POTP6", "POTP7", "POTP8",
            "POTP9", "POTP10", "POTP11",
            "POTP12", "POTP13")
```

```
# Subset the data
```

```
pop <- covid19otlc.tpe[pop.var]
head(pop, 5)
```

Descriptive scale statistics and correlation matrix

```
## UNPERSID POTP1 POTP2 POTP3 POTP4 POTP5 POTP6 POTP7 POTP8 POTP9 POTP10 POTP11
## 1 4030 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2
## 2 4312 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
## 3 4026 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
## 4 4028 3 3 3 3 2 3 1 1 1 1
## 5 4032 4 4 4 4 3 3 2 2 2 2
## POTP12 POTP13
## 1 3 3
## 2 3 1
## 3 3 3
## 4 3 3
## 5 4 4
```

```
#####
```

```
## Descriptive statistics
```

```
describe(pop[,-1])
```

```
## vars n mean sd median trimmed mad min max range skew kurtosis se
## POTP1 1 222 3.01 0.81 3 3.10 0.00 0 4 4 -1.02 1.53 0.05
## POTP2 2 222 3.03 0.79 3 3.12 0.00 0 4 4 -1.04 1.51 0.05
## POTP3 3 221 2.85 0.91 3 2.95 0.00 0 4 4 -1.02 1.23 0.06
## POTP4 4 222 3.10 0.88 3 3.23 0.00 0 4 4 -1.26 1.92 0.06
## POTP5 5 221 2.64 0.91 3 2.71 1.48 0 4 4 -0.64 0.45 0.06
## POTP6 6 222 2.69 0.93 3 2.76 1.48 0 4 4 -0.66 0.10 0.06
## POTP7 7 221 2.38 0.99 3 2.42 1.48 0 4 4 -0.52 -0.33 0.07
## POTP8 8 220 2.50 0.93 3 2.53 1.48 0 4 4 -0.57 -0.17 0.06
## POTP9 9 222 2.48 1.02 3 2.53 1.48 0 4 4 -0.50 -0.26 0.07
## POTP10 10 221 2.25 1.04 2 2.27 1.48 0 4 4 -0.34 -0.51 0.07
## POTP11 11 221 2.38 1.05 3 2.44 1.48 0 4 4 -0.65 -0.25 0.07
## POTP12 12 222 2.83 0.94 3 2.93 1.48 0 4 4 -0.89 0.77 0.06
## POTP13 13 221 2.67 0.98 3 2.76 1.48 0 4 4 -0.71 0.21 0.07
```

```
## Distributions
```

```
multi.hist(pop[,-1], density = TRUE)
```



```
#####
## Correlation matrix
## APA format
apa.cor.table(pop[,-1], filename="Table_POP.doc", table.number=4)
```

```
##
##
## Table 4
##
## Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals
##
##
## Variable M SD 1 2 3 4 5
## 1. POTP1 3.01 0.81
##
## 2. POTP2 3.03 0.79 .81**
## [.76, .85]
##
## 3. POTP3 2.85 0.91 .68** .64**
## [.60, .75] [.55, .71]
##
## 4. POTP4 3.10 0.88 .67** .67** .67**
## [.60, .74] [.59, .74] [.59, .74]
##
## 5. POTP5 2.64 0.91 .53** .54** .52** .44**
## [.43, .62] [.44, .63] [.42, .61] [.33, .54]
##
## 6. POTP6 2.69 0.93 .55** .50** .51** .47** .70**
## [.46, .64] [.40, .60] [.41, .60] [.36, .56] [.62, .76]
##
## 7. POTP7 2.38 0.99 .46** .44** .48** .40** .53**
## [.35, .56] [.33, .54] [.37, .57] [.28, .51] [.43, .62]
##
## 8. POTP8 2.50 0.93 .48** .44** .44** .45** .55**
## [.37, .58] [.33, .54] [.33, .54] [.34, .55] [.45, .64]
##
## 9. POTP9 2.48 1.02 .40** .43** .42** .41** .55**
## [.28, .50] [.32, .53] [.31, .52] [.29, .51] [.45, .63]
##
## 10. POTP10 2.25 1.04 .41** .38** .45** .35** .50**
## [.29, .51] [.26, .49] [.33, .55] [.22, .46] [.39, .59]
##
## 11. POTP11 2.38 1.05 .50** .50** .46** .48** .54**
## [.39, .59] [.39, .59] [.35, .56] [.37, .58] [.44, .63]
##
## 12. POTP12 2.83 0.94 .46** .49** .46** .41** .52**
## [.35, .56] [.38, .58] [.35, .56] [.29, .51] [.42, .61]
##
## 13. POTP13 2.67 0.98 .34** .33** .37** .25** .38**
## [.22, .45] [.21, .44] [.25, .48] [.12, .37] [.26, .49]
##
## 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
##
##
```

```

1
2
3 ##
4 ##
5 ##
6 ##
7 ##
8 ##
9 ##
10 ##
11 ##
12 ##
13 ##
14 ##
15 ##
16 ##
17 ##
18 ## .62**
19 ## [.53, .70]
20 ##
21 ## .60** .76**
22 ## [.51, .68] [.70, .81]
23 ##
24 ## .56** .61** .63**
25 ## [.46, .64] [.53, .69] [.54, .70]
26 ##
27 ## .51** .64** .54** .56**
28 ## [.40, .60] [.55, .71] [.43, .62] [.47, .65]
29 ##
30 ## .59** .65** .65** .67** .69**
31 ## [.50, .67] [.57, .72] [.56, .72] [.60, .74] [.61, .75]
32 ##
33 ## .60** .45** .39** .52** .44** .58**
34 ## [.50, .67] [.34, .55] [.27, .50] [.41, .61] [.33, .54] [.49, .66]
35 ##
36 ## .45** .35** .31** .37** .32** .35** .58**
37 ## [.34, .55] [.23, .46] [.18, .42] [.25, .48] [.19, .43] [.23, .46] [.48, .66]
38 ##
39 ##
40 ## Note. M and SD are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively.
41 ## Values in square brackets indicate the 95% confidence interval.
42 ## The confidence interval is a plausible range of population correlations
43 ## that could have caused the sample correlation (Cumming, 2014).
44 ## * indicates p < .05. ** indicates p < .01.
45 ##
46 ## Extract the Pearson correlation matrix
47 pop.cor <- cor(pop[,-1], method = "pearson",
48 use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
49 pop.cor
50
51 ##
52 ## POTP1 POTP2 POTP3 POTP4 POTP5 POTP6 POTP7
53 ## POTP1 1.000000 0.8103261 0.6814345 0.6743608 0.5308888 0.5538818 0.4571251
54 ## POTP2 0.8103261 1.0000000 0.6358517 0.6719275 0.5427567 0.5038110 0.4441532
55 ## POTP3 0.6814345 0.6358517 1.0000000 0.6687675 0.5201198 0.5099073 0.4752220
56 ## POTP4 0.6743608 0.6719275 0.6687675 1.0000000 0.4440814 0.4676353 0.4016280
57 ## POTP5 0.5308888 0.5427567 0.5201198 0.4440814 1.0000000 0.6978254 0.5331014
58
59
60

```

```

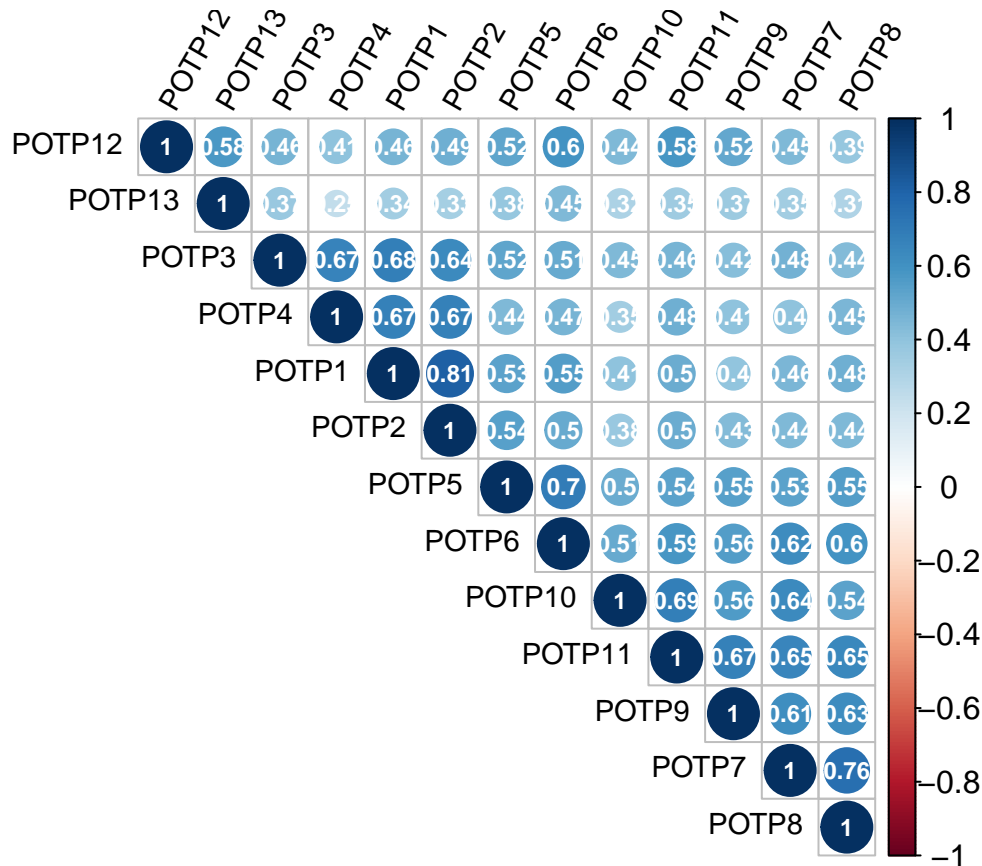
1
2
3   ## POTP6  0.5538818 0.5038110 0.5099073 0.4676353 0.6978254 1.0000000 0.6205266
4   ## POTP7  0.4571251 0.4441532 0.4752220 0.4016280 0.5331014 0.6205266 1.0000000
5   ## POTP8  0.4825049 0.4423667 0.4396419 0.4512816 0.5523308 0.5980171 0.7587730
6   ## POTP9  0.3990841 0.4336034 0.4201219 0.4099637 0.5467491 0.5593312 0.6146027
7   ## POTP10 0.4056490 0.3787830 0.4463975 0.3463604 0.4964343 0.5074800 0.6362175
8   ## POTP11 0.4977668 0.4983145 0.4631559 0.4800295 0.5372823 0.5899335 0.6523131
9   ## POTP12 0.4637443 0.4875106 0.4618864 0.4079414 0.5207035 0.5952476 0.4493030
10  ## POTP13 0.3433160 0.3316495 0.3704740 0.2479977 0.3801801 0.4479453 0.3492794
11  ##
12  ## POTP1  0.4825049 0.3990841 0.4056490 0.4977668 0.4637443 0.3433160
13  ## POTP2  0.4423667 0.4336034 0.3787830 0.4983145 0.4875106 0.3316495
14  ## POTP3  0.4396419 0.4201219 0.4463975 0.4631559 0.4618864 0.3704740
15  ## POTP4  0.4512816 0.4099637 0.3463604 0.4800295 0.4079414 0.2479977
16  ## POTP5  0.5523308 0.5467491 0.4964343 0.5372823 0.5207035 0.3801801
17  ## POTP6  0.5980171 0.5593312 0.5074800 0.5899335 0.5952476 0.4479453
18  ## POTP7  0.7587730 0.6146027 0.6362175 0.6523131 0.4493030 0.3492794
19  ## POTP8  1.0000000 0.6267871 0.5364611 0.6462305 0.3881878 0.3053643
20  ## POTP9  0.6267871 1.0000000 0.5644087 0.6742784 0.5161661 0.3680948
21  ## POTP10 0.5364611 0.5644087 1.0000000 0.6855247 0.4432126 0.3177568
22  ## POTP11 0.6462305 0.6742784 0.6855247 1.0000000 0.5842073 0.3536275
23  ## POTP12 0.3881878 0.5161661 0.4432126 0.5842073 1.0000000 0.5774486
24  ## POTP13 0.3053643 0.3680948 0.3177568 0.3536275 0.5774486 1.0000000

```

```

25
26  ## Correlogram
27  corrplot(pop.cor, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
28           tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
29           addCoef.col = "white",
30           number.cex = 0.75,
31           cl.cex = 1,
32           tl.cex = 0.9)
33
34
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39
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60

```



```
## Extract the polychoric correlation matrix
```

```
pop.pcor <- polychoric(pop[, -1])
```

```
## Warning in matpLower(x, nvar, gminx, gmaxx, gminy, gmaxy): 78 cells were
## adjusted for 0 values using the correction for continuity. Examine your data
## carefully.
```

```
pop.pcor$rho
```

```
##          POTP1    POTP2    POTP3    POTP4    POTP5    POTP6    POTP7
## POTP1  1.0000000  0.7726709  0.6648892  0.6583485  0.5427171  0.5585556  0.4676284
## POTP2  0.7726709  1.0000000  0.6528435  0.6658735  0.5462131  0.5226542  0.4433279
## POTP3  0.6648892  0.6528435  1.0000000  0.6699183  0.5597436  0.5280153  0.4918584
## POTP4  0.6583485  0.6658735  0.6699183  1.0000000  0.4959930  0.5025671  0.4245080
## POTP5  0.5427171  0.5462131  0.5597436  0.4959930  1.0000000  0.6910721  0.5488116
## POTP6  0.5585556  0.5226542  0.5280153  0.5025671  0.6910721  1.0000000  0.6213966
## POTP7  0.4676284  0.4433279  0.4918584  0.4245080  0.5488116  0.6213966  1.0000000
## POTP8  0.4640050  0.4363005  0.4505643  0.4734931  0.5614348  0.5968617  0.7346081
## POTP9  0.4022980  0.4257593  0.4626922  0.4237760  0.5707197  0.5522856  0.6206613
## POTP10 0.4096451  0.3718781  0.4569742  0.3504345  0.5159172  0.5040182  0.6512943
## POTP11 0.5021526  0.4991288  0.4892921  0.4649287  0.5616409  0.5935248  0.6718621
## POTP12 0.5019769  0.4938782  0.5188580  0.4668675  0.5432187  0.6055871  0.4509697
## POTP13 0.3928501  0.3575474  0.4307280  0.2917568  0.4217978  0.4754685  0.3593197
##          POTP8    POTP9    POTP10    POTP11    POTP12    POTP13
## POTP1  0.4640050  0.4022980  0.4096451  0.5021526  0.5019769  0.3928501
## POTP2  0.4363005  0.4257593  0.3718781  0.4991288  0.4938782  0.3575474
## POTP3  0.4505643  0.4626922  0.4569742  0.4892921  0.5188580  0.4307280
```

```

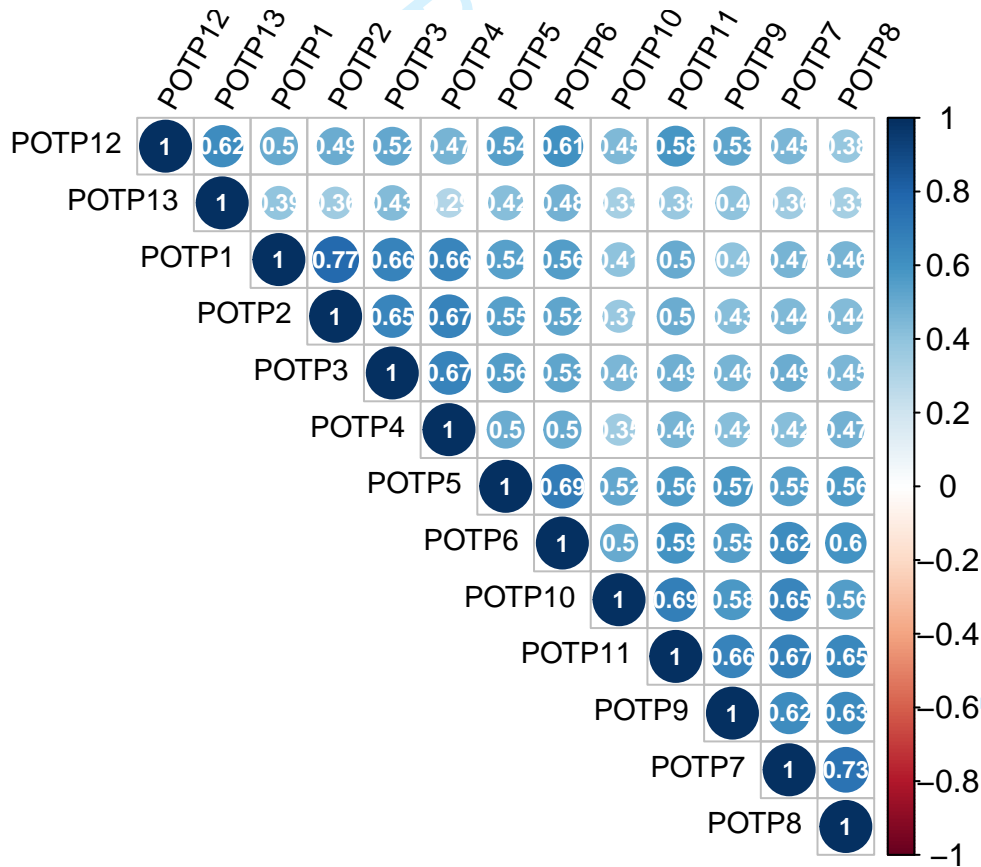
1
2
3 ## POTP4 0.4734931 0.4237760 0.3504345 0.4649287 0.4668675 0.2917568
4 ## POTP5 0.5614348 0.5707197 0.5159172 0.5616409 0.5432187 0.4217978
5 ## POTP6 0.5968617 0.5522856 0.5040182 0.5935248 0.6055871 0.4754685
6 ## POTP7 0.7346081 0.6206613 0.6512943 0.6718621 0.4509697 0.3593197
7 ## POTP8 1.0000000 0.6328578 0.5584362 0.6467276 0.3804193 0.3304199
8 ## POTP9 0.6328578 1.0000000 0.5787724 0.6609319 0.5261405 0.4029236
9 ## POTP10 0.5584362 0.5787724 1.0000000 0.6898980 0.4490189 0.3325048
10 ## POTP11 0.6467276 0.6609319 0.6898980 1.0000000 0.5824284 0.3756883
11 ## POTP12 0.3804193 0.5261405 0.4490189 0.5824284 1.0000000 0.6222968
12 ## POTP13 0.3304199 0.4029236 0.3325048 0.3756883 0.6222968 1.0000000

```

```

13
14 ## Correlogram
15 corrpplot(pop.pcor$rho, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
16           tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
17           addCoef.col = "white",
18           number.cex = 0.75,
19           cl.cex = 1,
20           tl.cex = 0.9)

```



```

48 ## Absolute difference between the two matrices
49 pop.pcor$rho-pop.cor

```

```

50
51 ##
52 ## POTP1 0.000000000 -0.0376551784 -0.016545271 -0.016012339 0.011828226
53 ## POTP2 -0.037655178 0.0000000000 0.016991748 -0.006053907 0.003456402
54 ## POTP3 -0.016545271 0.0169917478 0.000000000 0.001150771 0.039623781
55 ## POTP4 -0.016012339 -0.0060539075 0.001150771 0.000000000 0.051911555
56 ## POTP5 0.011828226 0.0034564016 0.039623781 0.051911555 0.000000000
57
58
59

```



```

1
2
3   ## POTP6    0.004673802  0.0188432432  0.018107920  0.034931798 -0.006753257
4   ## POTP7    0.010503259 -0.0008252357  0.016636425  0.022879995  0.015710199
5   ## POTP8   -0.018499952 -0.0060661974  0.010922449  0.022211524  0.009103982
6   ## POTP9    0.003213870 -0.0078440769  0.042570226  0.013812293  0.023970612
7   ## POTP10   0.003996088 -0.0069049353  0.010576638  0.004074105  0.019482833
8   ## POTP11   0.004385814  0.0008142772  0.026136198 -0.015100762  0.024358631
9   ## POTP12   0.038232605  0.0063675498  0.056971541  0.058926134  0.022515131
10  ## POTP13   0.049534100  0.0258978713  0.060254013  0.043759093  0.041617667
11  ##          POTP6          POTP7          POTP8          POTP9          POTP10
12  ## POTP1    0.0046738023  0.0105032589 -0.0184999522  0.003213870  0.003996088
13  ## POTP2    0.0188432432 -0.0008252357 -0.0060661974 -0.007844077 -0.006904935
14  ## POTP3    0.0181079199  0.0166364246  0.0109224490  0.042570226  0.010576638
15  ## POTP4    0.0349317976  0.0228799955  0.0222115241  0.013812293  0.004074105
16  ## POTP5   -0.0067532567  0.0157101992  0.0091039815  0.023970612  0.019482833
17  ## POTP6    0.0000000000  0.0008700418 -0.0011553176 -0.007045591 -0.003461842
18  ## POTP7    0.0008700418  0.0000000000 -0.0241648939  0.006058615  0.015076790
19  ## POTP8   -0.0011553176 -0.0241648939  0.0000000000  0.006070708  0.021975083
20  ## POTP9   -0.0070455910  0.0060586154  0.0060707080  0.000000000  0.014363772
21  ## POTP10  -0.0034618416  0.0150767905  0.0219750826  0.014363772  0.000000000
22  ## POTP11   0.0035913157  0.0195489832  0.0004971692 -0.013346445  0.004373306
23  ## POTP12   0.0103394914  0.0016666763 -0.0077685460  0.009974415  0.005806245
24  ## POTP13   0.0275232247  0.0100402740  0.0250555738  0.034828761  0.014748014
25  ##          POTP11          POTP12          POTP13
26  ## POTP1    0.0043858139  0.038232605  0.04953410
27  ## POTP2    0.0008142772  0.006367550  0.02589787
28  ## POTP3    0.0261361977  0.056971541  0.06025401
29  ## POTP4   -0.0151007616  0.058926134  0.04375909
30  ## POTP5    0.0243586308  0.022515131  0.04161767
31  ## POTP6    0.0035913157  0.010339491  0.02752322
32  ## POTP7    0.0195489832  0.001666676  0.01004027
33  ## POTP8    0.0004971692 -0.007768546  0.02505557
34  ## POTP9   -0.0133464451  0.009974415  0.03482876
35  ## POTP10   0.0043733060  0.005806245  0.01474801
36  ## POTP11   0.0000000000 -0.001778916  0.02206081
37  ## POTP12  -0.0017789164  0.000000000  0.04484816
38  ## POTP13   0.0220608090  0.044848157  0.00000000

```

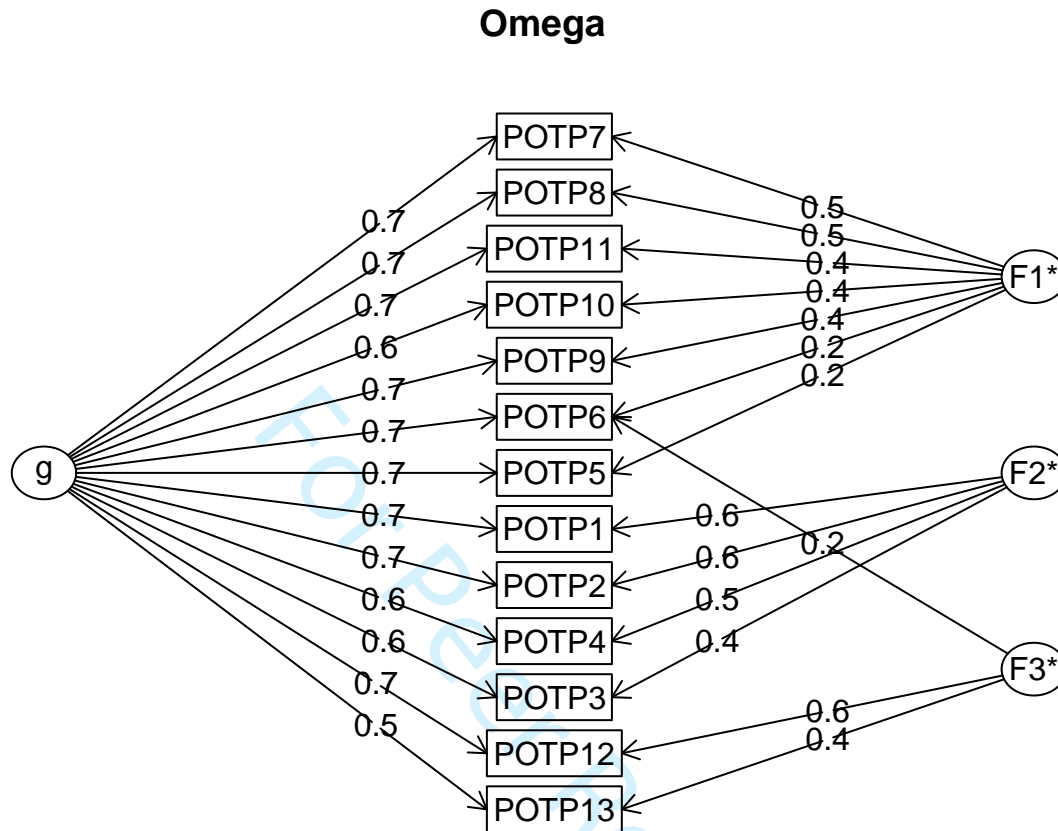
```
max(pop.pcor$rho-pop.cor)
```

```
## [1] 0.06025401
```

```
#####
```

```
## Reliability coefficients (overall scale)
```

```
omega(pop[, -1])
```



```

## Omega
## Call: omegah(m = m, nfactors = nfactors, fm = fm, key = key, flip = flip,
##   digits = digits, title = title, sl = sl, labels = labels,
##   plot = plot, n.obs = n.obs, rotate = rotate, Phi = Phi, option = option,
##   covar = covar)
## Alpha:           0.93
## G.6:             0.94
## Omega Hierarchical: 0.78
## Omega H asymptotic: 0.82
## Omega Total      0.95
##
## Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
##      g      F1*      F2*      F3*      h2      u2      p2
## POTP1 0.68          0.58          0.80 0.20 0.58
## POTP2 0.67          0.55          0.75 0.25 0.59
## POTP3 0.64          0.44          0.61 0.39 0.68
## POTP4 0.60          0.51          0.62 0.38 0.58
## POTP5 0.67 0.22          0.54 0.46 0.82
## POTP6 0.71 0.25          0.22 0.63 0.37 0.81
## POTP7 0.69 0.51          0.73 0.27 0.64
## POTP8 0.66 0.50          0.70 0.30 0.63
## POTP9 0.65 0.39          0.60 0.40 0.72
## POTP10 0.61 0.40          0.54 0.46 0.70
## POTP11 0.71 0.40          0.68 0.32 0.75
## POTP12 0.67          0.58 0.78 0.22 0.57
## POTP13 0.48          0.42 0.41 0.59 0.56
##

```

```

1
2
3  ## With eigenvalues of:
4  ##   g  F1*  F2*  F3*
5  ## 5.55 1.09 1.13 0.63
6  ##
7  ## general/max 4.92  max/min = 1.78
8  ## mean percent general = 0.66  with sd = 0.09 and cv of 0.14
9  ## Explained Common Variance of the general factor = 0.66
10 ##
11 ## The degrees of freedom are 42  and the fit is 0.52
12 ## The number of observations was 222  with Chi Square = 111.47  with prob < 3.3e-08
13 ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.03
14 ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.04
15 ## RMSEA index = 0.086  and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.067 0.106
16 ## BIC = -115.44
17 ##
18 ## Compare this with the adequacy of just a general factor and no group factors
19 ## The degrees of freedom for just the general factor are 65  and the fit is 2.31
20 ## The number of observations was 222  with Chi Square = 498.02  with prob < 5.4e-68
21 ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.12
22 ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.13
23 ##
24 ## RMSEA index = 0.173  and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.16 0.188
25 ## BIC = 146.84
26 ##
27 ## Measures of factor score adequacy
28 ##
29 ## Correlation of scores with factors      g  F1*  F2*  F3*
30 ## Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.79 0.49 0.59 0.55
31 ## Minimum correlation of factor score estimates 0.57 -0.02 0.18 0.10
32 ##
33 ## Total, General and Subset omega for each subset
34 ##
35 ## Omega total for total scores and subscales      g  F1*  F2*  F3*
36 ## Omega general for total scores and subscales 0.78 0.69 0.55 0.42
37 ## Omega group for total scores and subscales 0.14 0.22 0.35 0.32
38 #####
39
40
41
42 ## Model specification
43 ## One factor
44 pop.cfa1 <- '
45     # POP general factor
46     gPOP =~ POTP1+POTP2+POTP3+
47             POTP4+POTP5+POTP6+
48             POTP7+POTP8+POTP9+
49             POTP10+POTP11+POTP12+
50             POTP13
51 '
52
53 ## Model estimation
54 pop.cfa1.fit <- sem(pop.cfa1, data = pop[,-1],
55                    missing = "FIML",
56                    estimator = "MLR",

```

```
se="robust.mlr")
```

```
## Summary
```

```
summary(pop.cfa1.fit,
  rsquare = TRUE,
  fit.measures = TRUE,
  standardized = TRUE)
```

Measurement model

```
## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 50 iterations
```

```
##
```

```
## Estimator ML
## Optimization method NLMINB
## Number of free parameters 39
##
## Number of observations 222
## Number of missing patterns 8
```

```
## Model Test User Model:
```

	Standard	Robust
## Test Statistic	470.622	323.305
## Degrees of freedom	65	65
## P-value (Chi-square)	0.000	0.000
## Scaling correction factor		1.456
## Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)		

```
## Model Test Baseline Model:
```

## Test statistic	1961.206	1334.000
## Degrees of freedom	78	78
## P-value	0.000	0.000
## Scaling correction factor		1.470

```
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
```

## Comparative Fit Index (CFI)	0.785	0.794
## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)	0.742	0.753
## Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)		0.796
## Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)		0.756

```
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
```

## Loglikelihood user model (H0)	-3135.572	-3135.572
## Scaling correction factor for the MLR correction		1.266
## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)	-2900.260	-2900.260
## Scaling correction factor for the MLR correction		1.384
## Akaike (AIC)	6349.143	6349.143
## Bayesian (BIC)	6481.848	6481.848
## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)	6358.253	6358.253

```

1
2
3
4  ##
5  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
6  ##
7  ##   RMSEA                                0.168          0.134
8  ##   90 Percent confidence interval - lower  0.154          0.122
9  ##   90 Percent confidence interval - upper  0.182          0.146
10 ##   P-value RMSEA <= 0.05                 0.000          0.000
11 ##
12 ##   Robust RMSEA                                0.161
13 ##   90 Percent confidence interval - lower  0.144
14 ##   90 Percent confidence interval - upper  0.179
15 ##
16 ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
17 ##
18 ##   SRMR                                0.078          0.078
19 ##
20 ## Parameter Estimates:
21 ##
22 ##   Standard errors                        Sandwich
23 ##   Information bread                      Observed
24 ##   Observed information based on         Hessian
25 ##
26 ## Latent Variables:
27 ##
28 ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
29 ##   gPOP =~
30 ##   POTP1             1.000
31 ##   POTP2             0.953    0.056   16.932   0.000   0.561   0.712
32 ##   POTP3             1.075    0.082   13.068   0.000   0.633   0.696
33 ##   POTP4             0.984    0.073   13.420   0.000   0.579   0.658
34 ##   POTP5             1.149    0.130    8.865   0.000   0.676   0.744
35 ##   POTP6             1.240    0.138    8.968   0.000   0.730   0.786
36 ##   POTP7             1.289    0.180    7.175   0.000   0.758   0.767
37 ##   POTP8             1.194    0.151    7.918   0.000   0.703   0.753
38 ##   POTP9             1.262    0.164    7.700   0.000   0.743   0.730
39 ##   POTP10            1.212    0.172    7.027   0.000   0.713   0.689
40 ##   POTP11            1.400    0.172    8.161   0.000   0.824   0.791
41 ##   POTP12            1.077    0.137    7.881   0.000   0.634   0.675
42 ##   POTP13            0.826    0.137    6.053   0.000   0.486   0.498
43 ##
44 ## Intercepts:
45 ##           Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
46 ##   .POTP1             3.009    0.054   55.287   0.000   3.009   3.711
47 ##   .POTP2             3.027    0.053   57.238   0.000   3.027   3.842
48 ##   .POTP3             2.844    0.061   46.524   0.000   2.844   3.128
49 ##   .POTP4             3.099    0.059   52.487   0.000   3.099   3.523
50 ##   .POTP5             2.644    0.061   43.317   0.000   2.644   2.910
51 ##   .POTP6             2.689    0.062   43.135   0.000   2.689   2.895
52 ##   .POTP7             2.382    0.066   35.864   0.000   2.382   2.409
53 ##   .POTP8             2.496    0.063   39.771   0.000   2.496   2.676
54 ##   .POTP9             2.482    0.068   36.377   0.000   2.482   2.441
55 ##   .POTP10            2.250    0.070   32.338   0.000   2.250   2.173
56 ##   .POTP11            2.386    0.070   34.105   0.000   2.386   2.291
57 ##   .POTP12            2.829    0.063   44.915   0.000   2.829   3.014
58 ##   .POTP13            2.673    0.066   40.700   0.000   2.673   2.739

```

```

1
2
3      ##      gPOP          0.000          0.000      0.000
4      ##
5      ## Variances:
6      ##              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
7      ##      .POTP1          0.311    0.056    5.593    0.000    0.311    0.473
8      ##      .POTP2          0.306    0.052    5.939    0.000    0.306    0.493
9      ##      .POTP3          0.426    0.067    6.380    0.000    0.426    0.516
10     ##      .POTP4          0.439    0.066    6.699    0.000    0.439    0.567
11     ##      .POTP5          0.369    0.052    7.054    0.000    0.369    0.447
12     ##      .POTP6          0.330    0.044    7.423    0.000    0.330    0.382
13     ##      .POTP7          0.402    0.060    6.681    0.000    0.402    0.412
14     ##      .POTP8          0.376    0.058    6.472    0.000    0.376    0.432
15     ##      .POTP9          0.482    0.060    7.970    0.000    0.482    0.467
16     ##      .POTP10         0.563    0.064    8.738    0.000    0.563    0.526
17     ##      .POTP11         0.406    0.060    6.770    0.000    0.406    0.374
18     ##      .POTP12         0.479    0.058    8.325    0.000    0.479    0.544
19     ##      .POTP13         0.716    0.070   10.166    0.000    0.716    0.752
20     ##      gPOP            0.346    0.084    4.128    0.000    1.000    1.000
21     ##
22     ## R-Square:
23     ##              Estimate
24     ##      POTP1            0.527
25     ##      POTP2            0.507
26     ##      POTP3            0.484
27     ##      POTP4            0.433
28     ##      POTP5            0.553
29     ##      POTP6            0.618
30     ##      POTP7            0.588
31     ##      POTP8            0.568
32     ##      POTP9            0.533
33     ##      POTP10           0.474
34     ##      POTP11           0.626
35     ##      POTP12           0.456
36     ##      POTP13           0.248
37
38     ## Parameter estimates
39     parameterEstimates(pop.cfa1.fit)
40
41     ##      lhs op      rhs  est   se      z  pvalue  ci.lower  ci.upper
42     ##  1   gPOP ==~ POTP1 1.000 0.000   NA   NA      1.000    1.000
43     ##  2   gPOP ==~ POTP2 0.953 0.056 16.932    0    0.843    1.064
44     ##  3   gPOP ==~ POTP3 1.075 0.082 13.068    0    0.914    1.236
45     ##  4   gPOP ==~ POTP4 0.984 0.073 13.420    0    0.840    1.127
46     ##  5   gPOP ==~ POTP5 1.149 0.130  8.865    0    0.895    1.403
47     ##  6   gPOP ==~ POTP6 1.240 0.138  8.968    0    0.969    1.512
48     ##  7   gPOP ==~ POTP7 1.289 0.180  7.175    0    0.937    1.641
49     ##  8   gPOP ==~ POTP8 1.194 0.151  7.918    0    0.898    1.490
50     ##  9   gPOP ==~ POTP9 1.262 0.164  7.700    0    0.940    1.583
51     ## 10   gPOP ==~ POTP10 1.212 0.172  7.027    0    0.874    1.550
52     ## 11   gPOP ==~ POTP11 1.400 0.172  8.161    0    1.064    1.736
53     ## 12   gPOP ==~ POTP12 1.077 0.137  7.881    0    0.809    1.344
54     ## 13   gPOP ==~ POTP13 0.826 0.137  6.053    0    0.559    1.094
55     ## 14   POTP1 ~~ POTP1 0.311 0.056  5.593    0    0.202    0.420
56     ## 15   POTP2 ~~ POTP2 0.306 0.052  5.939    0    0.205    0.407
57     ## 16   POTP3 ~~ POTP3 0.426 0.067  6.380    0    0.295    0.557
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3   ## 17  POTP4  ~~  POTP4  0.439  0.066  6.699      0   0.310   0.567
4   ## 18  POTP5  ~~  POTP5  0.369  0.052  7.054      0   0.266   0.471
5   ## 19  POTP6  ~~  POTP6  0.330  0.044  7.423      0   0.243   0.417
6   ## 20  POTP7  ~~  POTP7  0.402  0.060  6.681      0   0.284   0.520
7   ## 21  POTP8  ~~  POTP8  0.376  0.058  6.472      0   0.262   0.490
8   ## 22  POTP9  ~~  POTP9  0.482  0.060  7.970      0   0.364   0.601
9   ## 23  POTP10 ~~  POTP10 0.563  0.064  8.738      0   0.437   0.690
10  ## 24  POTP11 ~~  POTP11 0.406  0.060  6.770      0   0.288   0.523
11  ## 25  POTP12 ~~  POTP12 0.479  0.058  8.325      0   0.366   0.592
12  ## 26  POTP13 ~~  POTP13 0.716  0.070 10.166      0   0.578   0.854
13  ## 27   gPOP  ~~   gPOP  0.346  0.084  4.128      0   0.182   0.511
14  ## 28  POTP1  ~1      3.009  0.054 55.287      0   2.902   3.116
15  ## 29  POTP2  ~1      3.027  0.053 57.238      0   2.923   3.131
16  ## 30  POTP3  ~1      2.844  0.061 46.524      0   2.724   2.964
17  ## 31  POTP4  ~1      3.099  0.059 52.487      0   2.983   3.215
18  ## 32  POTP5  ~1      2.644  0.061 43.317      0   2.525   2.764
19  ## 33  POTP6  ~1      2.689  0.062 43.135      0   2.567   2.811
20  ## 34  POTP7  ~1      2.382  0.066 35.864      0   2.252   2.512
21  ## 35  POTP8  ~1      2.496  0.063 39.771      0   2.373   2.619
22  ## 36  POTP9  ~1      2.482  0.068 36.377      0   2.348   2.616
23  ## 37  POTP10 ~1      2.250  0.070 32.338      0   2.114   2.386
24  ## 38  POTP11 ~1      2.386  0.070 34.105      0   2.249   2.523
25  ## 39  POTP12 ~1      2.829  0.063 44.915      0   2.705   2.952
26  ## 40  POTP13 ~1      2.673  0.066 40.700      0   2.544   2.801
27  ## 41   gPOP  ~1      0.000  0.000   NA      NA   0.000   0.000

```

```
## Standardized residuals
```

```
resid(pop.cfa1.fit, type="standardized")
```

```
## $type
```

```
## [1] "standardized"
```

```
##
```

```
## $cov
```

```

##      POTP1  POTP2  POTP3  POTP4  POTP5  POTP6  POTP7  POTP8  POTP9  POTP10
## POTP1    0.000
## POTP2    4.255    0.000
## POTP3    2.493    2.806   -0.014
## POTP4    3.154    3.194    3.098    0.000
## POTP5   -0.354    0.380    0.042   -1.257    0.046
## POTP6   -0.623   -2.190   -1.335   -1.489    2.512    0.000
## POTP7   -4.610   -4.999   -1.862   -3.161   -1.177    0.580   -0.015
## POTP8   -2.787   -3.287   -3.634   -1.099    0.034    0.507    3.254    0.134
## POTP9   -5.521   -2.646   -2.866   -2.267    0.115   -0.491    1.414    1.962    0.000
## POTP10  -3.788   -4.079   -0.836   -2.637   -0.469   -1.101    2.639    0.624    1.489   -0.005
## POTP11  -3.645   -2.749   -3.870   -1.630   -2.098   -1.277    1.255    1.503    2.314    2.964
## POTP12  -0.679    0.171   -0.258   -0.797    0.472    1.389   -2.004   -4.820    0.581   -0.524
## POTP13  -0.409   -0.492    0.426   -1.531    0.245    1.366   -0.851   -2.106    0.091   -0.585
##      POTP11  POTP12  POTP13
## POTP1
## POTP2
## POTP3
## POTP4
## POTP5
## POTP6
## POTP7

```



```

1
2
3    ## POTP8
4    ## POTP9
5    ## POTP10
6    ## POTP11  0.008
7    ## POTP12  1.269  0.000
8    ## POTP13 -1.128  3.836  0.002
9    ##
10   ## $mean
11   ## POTP1  POTP2  POTP3  POTP4  POTP5  POTP6  POTP7  POTP8  POTP9  POTP10  POTP11
12   ##  0.000  0.000  0.686  0.000  1.943  0.000  0.886 -2.362  0.000  0.395  1.989
13   ## POTP12 POTP13
14   ##  0.000 -1.192

```

```

15   ## Modification indices
16   modindices(pop.cfa1.fit)

```

```

17
18   ##          lhs op      rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
19   ## 42  POTP1  ~~  POTP2 97.858  0.224  0.224  0.725  0.725
20   ## 43  POTP1  ~~  POTP3 33.141  0.153  0.153  0.421  0.421
21   ## 44  POTP1  ~~  POTP4 37.285  0.163  0.163  0.442  0.442
22   ## 45  POTP1  ~~  POTP5  0.125 -0.009 -0.009 -0.026 -0.026
23   ## 46  POTP1  ~~  POTP6  0.426 -0.016 -0.016 -0.049 -0.049
24   ## 47  POTP1  ~~  POTP7 14.332 -0.100 -0.100 -0.284 -0.284
25   ## 48  POTP1  ~~  POTP8  5.743 -0.061 -0.061 -0.179 -0.179
26   ## 49  POTP1  ~~  POTP9 20.844 -0.130 -0.130 -0.337 -0.337
27   ## 50  POTP1  ~~  POTP10 9.509 -0.094 -0.094 -0.225 -0.225
28   ## 51  POTP1  ~~  POTP11 9.509 -0.083 -0.083 -0.234 -0.234
29   ## 52  POTP1  ~~  POTP12 0.700 -0.023 -0.023 -0.061 -0.061
30   ## 53  POTP1  ~~  POTP13 0.234 -0.016 -0.016 -0.034 -0.034
31   ## 54  POTP2  ~~  POTP3 19.946 0.118  0.118  0.325  0.325
32   ## 55  POTP2  ~~  POTP4 37.937 0.163  0.163  0.444  0.444
33   ## 56  POTP2  ~~  POTP5  0.180 0.011  0.011  0.031  0.031
34   ## 57  POTP2  ~~  POTP6  4.612 -0.051 -0.051 -0.161 -0.161
35   ## 58  POTP2  ~~  POTP7 14.294 -0.099 -0.099 -0.282 -0.282
36   ## 59  POTP2  ~~  POTP8 10.685 -0.082 -0.082 -0.243 -0.243
37   ## 60  POTP2  ~~  POTP9  8.650 -0.083 -0.083 -0.216 -0.216
38   ## 61  POTP2  ~~  POTP10 12.691 -0.108 -0.108 -0.259 -0.259
39   ## 62  POTP2  ~~  POTP11  6.575 -0.068 -0.068 -0.194 -0.194
40   ## 63  POTP2  ~~  POTP12  0.043 0.006  0.006  0.015  0.015
41   ## 64  POTP2  ~~  POTP13  0.355 -0.020 -0.020 -0.042 -0.042
42   ## 65  POTP3  ~~  POTP4 36.867 0.189  0.189  0.437  0.437
43   ## 66  POTP3  ~~  POTP5  0.005 0.002  0.002  0.005  0.005
44   ## 67  POTP3  ~~  POTP6  1.951 -0.039 -0.039 -0.105 -0.105
45   ## 68  POTP3  ~~  POTP7  4.506 -0.065 -0.065 -0.158 -0.158
46   ## 69  POTP3  ~~  POTP8  9.341 -0.091 -0.091 -0.227 -0.227
47   ## 70  POTP3  ~~  POTP9  8.386 -0.096 -0.096 -0.212 -0.212
48   ## 71  POTP3  ~~  POTP10  1.023 -0.036 -0.036 -0.073 -0.073
49   ## 72  POTP3  ~~  POTP11 11.853 -0.108 -0.108 -0.259 -0.259
50   ## 73  POTP3  ~~  POTP12  0.170 -0.013 -0.013 -0.030 -0.030
51   ## 74  POTP3  ~~  POTP13  0.357 0.023  0.023  0.042  0.042
52   ## 75  POTP4  ~~  POTP5  2.118 -0.043 -0.043 -0.106 -0.106
53   ## 76  POTP4  ~~  POTP6  3.058 -0.049 -0.049 -0.130 -0.130
54   ## 77  POTP4  ~~  POTP7 11.941 -0.107 -0.107 -0.254 -0.254
55   ## 78  POTP4  ~~  POTP8  1.714 -0.039 -0.039 -0.096 -0.096
56   ## 79  POTP4  ~~  POTP9  4.881 -0.074 -0.074 -0.160 -0.160
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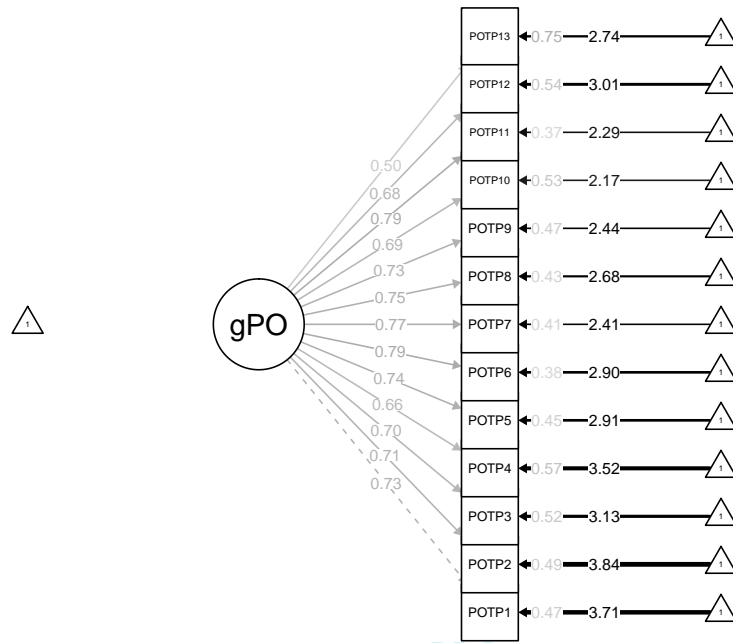
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3      ## 80  POTP4  ~~ POTP10  9.765 -0.112 -0.112 -0.225 -0.225
4      ## 81  POTP4  ~~ POTP11  2.187 -0.046 -0.046 -0.110 -0.110
5      ## 82  POTP4  ~~ POTP12  1.078 -0.034 -0.034 -0.074 -0.074
6      ## 83  POTP4  ~~ POTP13  3.660 -0.075 -0.075 -0.134 -0.134
7      ## 84  POTP5  ~~ POTP6  20.873  0.121  0.121  0.348  0.348
8      ## 85  POTP5  ~~ POTP7  2.152 -0.043 -0.043 -0.111 -0.111
9      ## 86  POTP5  ~~ POTP8  0.045 -0.006 -0.006 -0.016 -0.016
10     ## 87  POTP5  ~~ POTP9  0.013  0.004  0.004  0.009  0.009
11     ## 88  POTP5  ~~ POTP10  0.371 -0.020 -0.020 -0.045 -0.045
12     ## 89  POTP5  ~~ POTP11  4.898 -0.066 -0.066 -0.170 -0.170
13     ## 90  POTP5  ~~ POTP12  0.349  0.018  0.018  0.043  0.043
14     ## 91  POTP5  ~~ POTP13  0.066  0.009  0.009  0.018  0.018
15     ## 92  POTP6  ~~ POTP7  0.576  0.021  0.021  0.058  0.058
16     ## 93  POTP6  ~~ POTP8  0.114  0.009  0.009  0.026  0.026
17     ## 94  POTP6  ~~ POTP9  0.343 -0.018 -0.018 -0.044 -0.044
18     ## 95  POTP6  ~~ POTP10  1.617 -0.041 -0.041 -0.095 -0.095
19     ## 96  POTP6  ~~ POTP11  2.184 -0.042 -0.042 -0.115 -0.115
20     ## 97  POTP6  ~~ POTP12  5.466  0.069  0.069  0.174  0.174
21     ## 98  POTP6  ~~ POTP13  2.835  0.059  0.059  0.122  0.122
22     ## 99  POTP7  ~~ POTP8  52.213  0.214  0.214  0.550  0.550
23     ## 100 POTP7  ~~ POTP9  4.238  0.068  0.068  0.155  0.155
24     ## 101 POTP7  ~~ POTP10  14.286  0.134  0.134  0.281  0.281
25     ## 102 POTP7  ~~ POTP11  3.806  0.061  0.061  0.151  0.151
26     ## 103 POTP7  ~~ POTP12  5.568 -0.077 -0.077 -0.174 -0.174
27     ## 104 POTP7  ~~ POTP13  0.878 -0.036 -0.036 -0.068 -0.068
28     ## 105 POTP8  ~~ POTP9  8.337  0.092  0.092  0.216  0.216
29     ## 106 POTP8  ~~ POTP10  0.432  0.022  0.022  0.049  0.049
30     ## 107 POTP8  ~~ POTP11  4.695  0.065  0.065  0.167  0.167
31     ## 108 POTP8  ~~ POTP12  17.337 -0.130 -0.130 -0.307 -0.307
32     ## 109 POTP8  ~~ POTP13  4.225 -0.077 -0.077 -0.148 -0.148
33     ## 110 POTP9  ~~ POTP10  3.975  0.076  0.076  0.146  0.146
34     ## 111 POTP9  ~~ POTP11  15.027  0.130  0.130  0.295  0.295
35     ## 112 POTP9  ~~ POTP12  0.543  0.026  0.026  0.054  0.054
36     ## 113 POTP9  ~~ POTP13  0.011  0.004  0.004  0.007  0.007
37     ## 114 POTP10 ~~ POTP11  27.446  0.188  0.188  0.394  0.394
38     ## 115 POTP10 ~~ POTP12  0.446 -0.025 -0.025 -0.048 -0.048
39     ## 116 POTP10 ~~ POTP13  0.420 -0.029 -0.029 -0.046 -0.046
40     ## 117 POTP11 ~~ POTP12  3.323  0.060  0.060  0.136  0.136
41     ## 118 POTP11 ~~ POTP13  1.690 -0.051 -0.051 -0.095 -0.095
42     ## 119 POTP12 ~~ POTP13  34.373  0.241  0.241  0.412  0.412

```

```

43     ## Visualize the path model
44     semPaths(pop.cfa1.fit,
45             rotation = 2,
46             layout = "tree2",
47             what = "std",
48             posCol = "black",
49             edge.width = 0.5,
50             style = "Lisrel",
51             fade = T,
52             edge.label.position = 0.55)
53
54
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```



```

23 ## Model specification
24 ## Three factors
25 pop.cfa3 <- '
26     # POP Clarity
27     POPCLA =~ POTP1+POTP2+POTP3+POTP4
28
29     # POP Feedback
30     POPFED =~ POTP5+POTP6+POTP12+POTP13
31
32     # POP General Instruction
33     POPGEN =~ POTP7+POTP8+POTP9+POTP10+POTP11
34
35     # Residual covariance
36
37
38
39
40 ## Model estimation
41 pop.cfa3.fit <- sem(pop.cfa3, data = pop[,-1],
42     missing = "FIML",
43     estimator = "MLR",
44     se="robust.mlr")
45
46 ## Summary
47 summary(pop.cfa3.fit,
48     rsquare = TRUE,
49     fit.measures = TRUE,
50     standardized = TRUE)
51
52 ## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 57 iterations
53 ##
54 ## Estimator ML
55 ## Optimization method NLMINB
56 ## Number of free parameters 42

```

```

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4    ##
5    ##   Number of observations                222
6    ##   Number of missing patterns          8
7    ##
8    ## Model Test User Model:
9    ##                                     Standard      Robust
10   ##   Test Statistic                     154.753      108.475
11   ##   Degrees of freedom                   62             62
12   ##   P-value (Chi-square)                 0.000          0.000
13   ##   Scaling correction factor            1.427
14   ##     Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)
15   ##
16   ## Model Test Baseline Model:
17   ##                                     Standard      Robust
18   ##   Test statistic                       1961.206      1334.000
19   ##   Degrees of freedom                   78             78
20   ##   P-value                             0.000          0.000
21   ##   Scaling correction factor            1.470
22   ##
23   ## User Model versus Baseline Model:
24   ##                                     Standard      Robust
25   ##   Comparative Fit Index (CFI)          0.951          0.963
26   ##   Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)           0.938          0.953
27   ##
28   ##   Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)   0.964
29   ##   Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)     0.955
30   ##
31   ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
32   ##                                     Standard      Robust
33   ##   Loglikelihood user model (H0)        -2977.637     -2977.637
34   ##   Scaling correction factor            1.322
35   ##     for the MLR correction
36   ##   Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -2900.260     -2900.260
37   ##   Scaling correction factor            1.384
38   ##     for the MLR correction
39   ##
40   ##   Akaike (AIC)                         6039.274      6039.274
41   ##   Bayesian (BIC)                       6182.187      6182.187
42   ##   Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)  6049.085      6049.085
43   ##
44   ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
45   ##                                     Standard      Robust
46   ##   RMSEA                                0.082          0.058
47   ##   90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.066          0.043
48   ##   90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.098          0.073
49   ##   P-value RMSEA <= 0.05                0.001          0.184
50   ##
51   ##   Robust RMSEA                          0.069
52   ##   90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.047
53   ##   90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.091
54   ##
55   ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
56   ##                                     Standard      Robust
57   ##   SRMR                                  0.038          0.038
58
59
60

```

```

1
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4   ##
5   ## Parameter Estimates:
6   ##
7   ## Standard errors           Sandwich
8   ## Information bread       Observed
9   ## Observed information based on Hessian
10  ##
11  ## Latent Variables:
12  ##
13  ##      Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
14  ## POPCLA =~
15  ##   POTP1      1.000
16  ##   POTP2      0.946   0.052  18.357   0.000   0.690   0.876
17  ##   POTP3      0.960   0.072  13.302   0.000   0.700   0.771
18  ##   POTP4      0.934   0.064  14.555   0.000   0.681   0.774
19  ## POPFED =~
20  ##   POTP5      1.000
21  ##   POTP6      1.104   0.076  14.569   0.000   0.793   0.854
22  ##   POTP12     0.936   0.099   9.414   0.000   0.673   0.717
23  ##   POTP13     0.745   0.121   6.156   0.000   0.535   0.549
24  ## POPGEN =~
25  ##   POTP7      1.000
26  ##   POTP8      0.919   0.053  17.458   0.000   0.760   0.814
27  ##   POTP9      0.953   0.075  12.722   0.000   0.788   0.775
28  ##   POTP10     0.932   0.073  12.823   0.000   0.770   0.744
29  ##   POTP11     1.050   0.078  13.506   0.000   0.868   0.833
30  ##
31  ## Covariances:
32  ##      Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
33  ## POPCLA ~~
34  ##   POPFED      0.385   0.067   5.709   0.000   0.735   0.735
35  ##   POPGEN      0.391   0.065   5.998   0.000   0.648   0.648
36  ## POPFED ~~
37  ##   POPGEN      0.495   0.075   6.638   0.000   0.834   0.834
38  ##
39  ## Intercepts:
40  ##      Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
41  ##   .POTP1      3.009   0.054  55.288   0.000   3.009   3.711
42  ##   .POTP2      3.027   0.053  57.238   0.000   3.027   3.842
43  ##   .POTP3      2.846   0.061  46.636   0.000   2.846   3.134
44  ##   .POTP4      3.099   0.059  52.487   0.000   3.099   3.523
45  ##   .POTP5      2.645   0.061  43.320   0.000   2.645   2.910
46  ##   .POTP6      2.689   0.062  43.135   0.000   2.689   2.895
47  ##   .POTP12     2.829   0.063  44.915   0.000   2.829   3.014
48  ##   .POTP13     2.672   0.066  40.690   0.000   2.672   2.738
49  ##   .POTP7      2.383   0.066  35.880   0.000   2.383   2.410
50  ##   .POTP8      2.497   0.063  39.770   0.000   2.497   2.676
51  ##   .POTP9      2.482   0.068  36.377   0.000   2.482   2.441
52  ##   .POTP10     2.251   0.070  32.352   0.000   2.251   2.174
53  ##   .POTP11     2.387   0.070  34.123   0.000   2.387   2.291
54  ##   POPCLA      0.000
55  ##   POPFED      0.000
56  ##   POPGEN      0.000
57  ##
58  ## Variances:
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```

##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .POTP1          0.125  0.027   4.606  0.000   0.125  0.191
## .POTP2          0.144  0.038   3.832  0.000   0.144  0.232
## .POTP3          0.334  0.057   5.858  0.000   0.334  0.405
## .POTP4          0.310  0.043   7.258  0.000   0.310  0.401
## .POTP5          0.310  0.046   6.769  0.000   0.310  0.375
## .POTP6          0.234  0.039   5.987  0.000   0.234  0.271
## .POTP12         0.428  0.060   7.089  0.000   0.428  0.486
## .POTP13         0.666  0.071   9.324  0.000   0.666  0.699
## .POTP7          0.294  0.051   5.751  0.000   0.294  0.301
## .POTP8          0.293  0.049   6.018  0.000   0.293  0.337
## .POTP9          0.413  0.054   7.692  0.000   0.413  0.399
## .POTP10         0.479  0.058   8.300  0.000   0.479  0.447
## .POTP11         0.332  0.055   6.076  0.000   0.332  0.306
## POPCLA         0.532  0.081   6.544  0.000   1.000  1.000
## POPFED         0.516  0.082   6.265  0.000   1.000  1.000
## POPGEN         0.683  0.090   7.617  0.000   1.000  1.000

```

```
## R-Square:
```

```

##           Estimate
## POTP1          0.809
## POTP2          0.768
## POTP3          0.595
## POTP4          0.599
## POTP5          0.625
## POTP6          0.729
## POTP12         0.514
## POTP13         0.301
## POTP7          0.699
## POTP8          0.663
## POTP9          0.601
## POTP10         0.553
## POTP11         0.694

```

```
## Parameter estimates
```

```
parameterEstimates(pop.cfa3.fit)
```

```

##      lhs op   rhs est  se      z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
## 1 POPCLA =~ POTP1 1.000 0.000    NA    NA      1.000  1.000
## 2 POPCLA =~ POTP2 0.946 0.052 18.357    0      0.845  1.048
## 3 POPCLA =~ POTP3 0.960 0.072 13.302    0      0.819  1.102
## 4 POPCLA =~ POTP4 0.934 0.064 14.555    0      0.808  1.059
## 5 POPFED =~ POTP5 1.000 0.000    NA    NA      1.000  1.000
## 6 POPFED =~ POTP6 1.104 0.076 14.569    0      0.955  1.252
## 7 POPFED =~ POTP12 0.936 0.099  9.414    0      0.741  1.131
## 8 POPFED =~ POTP13 0.745 0.121  6.156    0      0.508  0.982
## 9 POPGEN =~ POTP7 1.000 0.000    NA    NA      1.000  1.000
## 10 POPGEN =~ POTP8 0.919 0.053 17.458    0      0.816  1.023
## 11 POPGEN =~ POTP9 0.953 0.075 12.722    0      0.806  1.100
## 12 POPGEN =~ POTP10 0.932 0.073 12.823    0      0.789  1.074
## 13 POPGEN =~ POTP11 1.050 0.078 13.506    0      0.898  1.202
## 14 POTP1 ~~ POTP1 0.125 0.027  4.606    0      0.072  0.179
## 15 POTP2 ~~ POTP2 0.144 0.038  3.832    0      0.070  0.218
## 16 POTP3 ~~ POTP3 0.334 0.057  5.858    0      0.223  0.446
## 17 POTP4 ~~ POTP4 0.310 0.043  7.258    0      0.226  0.394

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## 18 POTP5 ~~ POTP5 0.310 0.046 6.769 0 0.220 0.400
## 19 POTP6 ~~ POTP6 0.234 0.039 5.987 0 0.157 0.310
## 20 POTP12 ~~ POTP12 0.428 0.060 7.089 0 0.310 0.546
## 21 POTP13 ~~ POTP13 0.666 0.071 9.324 0 0.526 0.806
## 22 POTP7 ~~ POTP7 0.294 0.051 5.751 0 0.194 0.394
## 23 POTP8 ~~ POTP8 0.293 0.049 6.018 0 0.198 0.389
## 24 POTP9 ~~ POTP9 0.413 0.054 7.692 0 0.308 0.518
## 25 POTP10 ~~ POTP10 0.479 0.058 8.300 0 0.366 0.593
## 26 POTP11 ~~ POTP11 0.332 0.055 6.076 0 0.225 0.439
## 27 POPCLA ~~ POPCLA 0.532 0.081 6.544 0 0.373 0.691
## 28 POPFED ~~ POPFED 0.516 0.082 6.265 0 0.355 0.678
## 29 POPGEN ~~ POPGEN 0.683 0.090 7.617 0 0.507 0.859
## 30 POPCLA ~~ POPFED 0.385 0.067 5.709 0 0.253 0.517
## 31 POPCLA ~~ POPGEN 0.391 0.065 5.998 0 0.263 0.518
## 32 POPFED ~~ POPGEN 0.495 0.075 6.638 0 0.349 0.642
## 33 POTP1 ~1 3.009 0.054 55.288 0 2.902 3.116
## 34 POTP2 ~1 3.027 0.053 57.238 0 2.923 3.131
## 35 POTP3 ~1 2.846 0.061 46.636 0 2.727 2.966
## 36 POTP4 ~1 3.099 0.059 52.487 0 2.983 3.215
## 37 POTP5 ~1 2.645 0.061 43.320 0 2.525 2.765
## 38 POTP6 ~1 2.689 0.062 43.135 0 2.567 2.811
## 39 POTP12 ~1 2.829 0.063 44.915 0 2.705 2.952
## 40 POTP13 ~1 2.672 0.066 40.690 0 2.543 2.801
## 41 POTP7 ~1 2.383 0.066 35.880 0 2.252 2.513
## 42 POTP8 ~1 2.497 0.063 39.770 0 2.374 2.620
## 43 POTP9 ~1 2.482 0.068 36.377 0 2.348 2.616
## 44 POTP10 ~1 2.251 0.070 32.352 0 2.114 2.387
## 45 POTP11 ~1 2.387 0.070 34.123 0 2.250 2.524
## 46 POPCLA ~1 0.000 0.000 NA NA 0.000 0.000
## 47 POPFED ~1 0.000 0.000 NA NA 0.000 0.000
## 48 POPGEN ~1 0.000 0.000 NA NA 0.000 0.000

```

```
## Standardized residuals
```

```
resid(pop.cfa3.fit, type="standardized")
```

```

## $type
## [1] "standardized"
##
## $cov
##      POTP1 POTP2 POTP3 POTP4 POTP5 POTP6 POTP12 POTP13 POTP7 POTP8
## POTP1  0.000
## POTP2  1.387  0.000
## POTP3 -0.811 -2.472  0.005
## POTP4 -1.239 -0.273  1.574  0.000
## POTP5  0.216  0.807  1.420 -0.098  0.025
## POTP6 -0.329 -1.074  0.509 -0.400  0.932  0.000
## POTP12 -0.223  0.592  0.948  0.005 -1.801 -0.833  0.000
## POTP13 -0.376 -0.392  1.096 -1.073 -1.721 -0.874  3.010  0.000
## POTP7 -0.881 -0.923  1.028 -0.346 -0.447  0.718 -1.100 -0.781 -0.010
## POTP8  0.311 -0.355  0.647  1.358  0.669  0.780 -2.555 -1.671  1.637  0.205
## POTP9 -1.270 -0.133  0.641  0.429  0.871  0.225  1.083  0.284 -1.609  0.065
## POTP10 -0.780 -1.005  1.423 -0.517  0.108 -0.573 -0.034 -0.436  0.434 -2.531
## POTP11  0.301  0.631  0.901  1.482 -0.456 -0.117  1.823 -0.689 -2.887 -1.362
##      POTP9 POTP10 POTP11
## POTP1

```

```

1
2
3   ## POTP2
4   ## POTP3
5   ## POTP4
6   ## POTP5
7   ## POTP6
8   ## POTP12
9   ## POTP13
10  ## POTP7
11  ## POTP8
12  ## POTP9  0.000
13  ## POTP10 -0.392 -0.015
14  ## POTP11  1.069  1.814 -0.003
15  ##
16  ## $mean
17  ## POTP1 POTP2 POTP3 POTP4 POTP5 POTP6 POTP12 POTP13 POTP7 POTP8 POTP9
18  ## 0.000 0.000 -0.611 0.000 0.646 0.000 0.000 -0.520 0.122 -2.482 0.000
19  ## POTP10 POTP11
20  ## -0.584 0.683

```

Modification indices

modindices(pop.cfa3.fit)

```

21
22
23
24  ##          lhs op      rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
25  ## 49 POPCLA == POTP5  1.405  0.132  0.096  0.106  0.106
26  ## 50 POPCLA == POTP6  1.519 -0.140 -0.102 -0.110 -0.110
27  ## 51 POPCLA == POTP12 0.257  0.060  0.044  0.047  0.047
28  ## 52 POPCLA == POTP13 0.242 -0.067 -0.049 -0.050 -0.050
29  ## 53 POPCLA == POTP7  0.605 -0.067 -0.049 -0.050 -0.050
30  ## 54 POPCLA == POTP8  0.122  0.029  0.021  0.023  0.023
31  ## 55 POPCLA == POTP9  0.201 -0.043 -0.031 -0.031 -0.031
32  ## 56 POPCLA == POTP10 0.401 -0.064 -0.047 -0.045 -0.045
33  ## 57 POPCLA == POTP11 1.815  0.123  0.090  0.086  0.086
34  ## 58 POPFED == POTP1  0.580 -0.063 -0.045 -0.056 -0.056
35  ## 59 POPFED == POTP2  0.380 -0.050 -0.036 -0.045 -0.045
36  ## 60 POPFED == POTP3  4.521  0.223  0.160  0.176  0.176
37  ## 61 POPFED == POTP4  0.106 -0.033 -0.024 -0.027 -0.027
38  ## 62 POPFED == POTP7  0.422 -0.097 -0.070 -0.071 -0.071
39  ## 63 POPFED == POTP8  0.406 -0.092 -0.066 -0.071 -0.071
40  ## 64 POPFED == POTP9  1.209  0.180  0.129  0.127  0.127
41  ## 65 POPFED == POTP10 0.398 -0.109 -0.078 -0.075 -0.075
42  ## 66 POPFED == POTP11 0.660  0.129  0.092  0.089  0.089
43  ## 67 POPGEN == POTP1  1.347 -0.068 -0.056 -0.069 -0.069
44  ## 68 POPGEN == POTP2  0.590 -0.044 -0.037 -0.046 -0.046
45  ## 69 POPGEN == POTP3  3.617  0.144  0.119  0.131  0.131
46  ## 70 POPGEN == POTP4  0.430  0.048  0.039  0.045  0.045
47  ## 71 POPGEN == POTP5  0.063  0.036  0.030  0.033  0.033
48  ## 72 POPGEN == POTP6  0.546  0.112  0.092  0.099  0.099
49  ## 73 POPGEN == POTP12 0.054 -0.035 -0.029 -0.031 -0.031
50  ## 74 POPGEN == POTP13 1.634 -0.214 -0.177 -0.181 -0.181
51  ## 75 POTP1  ~ POTP2 14.094  0.081  0.081  0.603  0.603
52  ## 76 POTP1  ~ POTP3  1.288 -0.026 -0.026 -0.125 -0.125
53  ## 77 POTP1  ~ POTP4  3.818 -0.043 -0.043 -0.217 -0.217
54  ## 78 POTP1  ~ POTP5  0.190 -0.008 -0.008 -0.040 -0.040
55  ## 79 POTP1  ~ POTP6  1.471  0.021  0.021  0.122  0.122
56  ## 80 POTP1  ~ POTP12 0.864 -0.019 -0.019 -0.082 -0.082
57
58
59
60

```


1								
2								
3	##	81	POTP1	~~	POTP13	0.000	0.000	0.000
4	##	82	POTP1	~~	POTP7	0.027	-0.003	-0.003
5	##	83	POTP1	~~	POTP8	0.988	0.017	0.017
6	##	84	POTP1	~~	POTP9	4.281	-0.042	-0.042
7	##	85	POTP1	~~	POTP10	0.000	0.000	0.000
8	##	86	POTP1	~~	POTP11	0.002	-0.001	-0.001
9	##	87	POTP2	~~	POTP3	8.506	-0.064	-0.064
10	##	88	POTP2	~~	POTP4	0.209	-0.010	-0.010
11	##	89	POTP2	~~	POTP5	1.734	0.024	0.024
12	##	90	POTP2	~~	POTP6	3.898	-0.034	-0.034
13	##	91	POTP2	~~	POTP12	1.450	0.025	0.025
14	##	92	POTP2	~~	POTP13	0.015	-0.003	-0.003
15	##	93	POTP2	~~	POTP7	0.162	-0.007	-0.007
16	##	94	POTP2	~~	POTP8	0.805	-0.016	-0.016
17	##	95	POTP2	~~	POTP9	0.760	0.018	0.018
18	##	96	POTP2	~~	POTP10	1.110	-0.023	-0.023
19	##	97	POTP2	~~	POTP11	0.573	0.015	0.015
20	##	98	POTP3	~~	POTP4	9.713	0.082	0.082
21	##	99	POTP3	~~	POTP5	0.537	0.019	0.019
22	##	100	POTP3	~~	POTP6	0.094	-0.007	-0.007
23	##	101	POTP3	~~	POTP12	0.171	0.012	0.012
24	##	102	POTP3	~~	POTP13	1.619	0.044	0.044
25	##	103	POTP3	~~	POTP7	1.201	0.028	0.028
26	##	104	POTP3	~~	POTP8	0.773	-0.022	-0.022
27	##	105	POTP3	~~	POTP9	0.000	0.000	0.000
28	##	106	POTP3	~~	POTP10	3.720	0.059	0.059
29	##	107	POTP3	~~	POTP11	0.865	-0.025	-0.025
30	##	108	POTP4	~~	POTP5	0.541	-0.018	-0.018
31	##	109	POTP4	~~	POTP6	0.005	0.002	0.002
32	##	110	POTP4	~~	POTP12	0.023	-0.004	-0.004
33	##	111	POTP4	~~	POTP13	2.251	-0.050	-0.050
34	##	112	POTP4	~~	POTP7	0.920	-0.023	-0.023
35	##	113	POTP4	~~	POTP8	1.888	0.033	0.033
36	##	114	POTP4	~~	POTP9	0.520	0.020	0.020
37	##	115	POTP4	~~	POTP10	0.994	-0.029	-0.029
38	##	116	POTP4	~~	POTP11	1.539	0.032	0.032
39	##	117	POTP5	~~	POTP6	3.640	0.063	0.063
40	##	118	POTP5	~~	POTP12	4.466	-0.067	-0.067
41	##	119	POTP5	~~	POTP13	3.376	-0.067	-0.067
42	##	120	POTP5	~~	POTP7	0.609	-0.020	-0.020
43	##	121	POTP5	~~	POTP8	1.460	0.030	0.030
44	##	122	POTP5	~~	POTP9	0.836	0.026	0.026
45	##	123	POTP5	~~	POTP10	0.190	0.013	0.013
46	##	124	POTP5	~~	POTP11	1.890	-0.037	-0.037
47	##	125	POTP6	~~	POTP12	1.114	-0.034	-0.034
48	##	126	POTP6	~~	POTP13	0.862	-0.033	-0.033
49	##	127	POTP6	~~	POTP7	3.493	0.045	0.045
50	##	128	POTP6	~~	POTP8	2.283	0.035	0.035
51	##	129	POTP6	~~	POTP9	0.516	-0.019	-0.019
52	##	130	POTP6	~~	POTP10	0.977	-0.028	-0.028
53	##	131	POTP6	~~	POTP11	1.550	-0.032	-0.032
54	##	132	POTP12	~~	POTP13	27.646	0.211	0.211
55	##	133	POTP12	~~	POTP7	3.679	-0.055	-0.055
56	##	134	POTP12	~~	POTP8	16.013	-0.112	-0.112
57								
58								
59								
60								


```

1
2
3 ## 135 POTP12 ~~ POTP9 2.841 0.054 0.054 0.129 0.129
4 ## 136 POTP12 ~~ POTP10 0.102 0.011 0.011 0.024 0.024
5 ## 137 POTP12 ~~ POTP11 14.190 0.114 0.114 0.302 0.302
6 ## 138 POTP13 ~~ POTP7 0.030 -0.006 -0.006 -0.013 -0.013
7 ## 139 POTP13 ~~ POTP8 2.166 -0.049 -0.049 -0.112 -0.112
8 ## 140 POTP13 ~~ POTP9 0.656 0.031 0.031 0.060 0.060
9 ## 141 POTP13 ~~ POTP10 0.016 0.005 0.005 0.009 0.009
10 ## 142 POTP13 ~~ POTP11 0.197 -0.016 -0.016 -0.034 -0.034
11 ## 143 POTP7 ~~ POTP8 26.268 0.141 0.141 0.481 0.481
12 ## 144 POTP7 ~~ POTP9 3.634 -0.059 -0.059 -0.169 -0.169
13 ## 145 POTP7 ~~ POTP10 0.504 0.023 0.023 0.061 0.061
14 ## 146 POTP7 ~~ POTP11 10.126 -0.097 -0.097 -0.310 -0.310
15 ## 147 POTP8 ~~ POTP9 0.011 -0.003 -0.003 -0.009 -0.009
16 ## 148 POTP8 ~~ POTP10 10.064 -0.099 -0.099 -0.265 -0.265
17 ## 149 POTP8 ~~ POTP11 3.848 -0.057 -0.057 -0.183 -0.183
18 ## 150 POTP9 ~~ POTP10 0.259 -0.018 -0.018 -0.041 -0.041
19 ## 151 POTP9 ~~ POTP11 2.530 0.052 0.052 0.140 0.140
20 ## 152 POTP10 ~~ POTP11 11.302 0.115 0.115 0.288 0.288

```

```

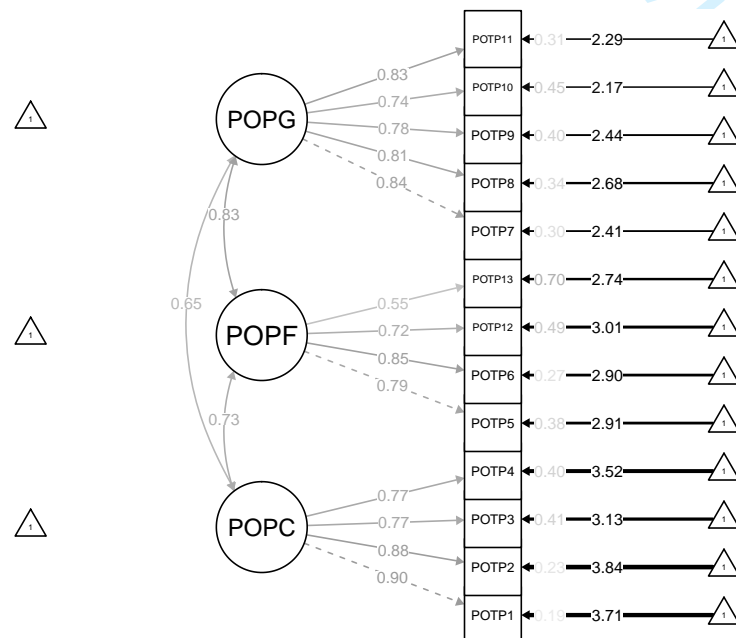
21 ## Visualize the path model

```

```

22 semPaths(pop.cfa3.fit,
23         rotation = 2,
24         layout = "tree2",
25         what = "std",
26         posCol = "black",
27         edge.width = 0.5,
28         style = "Lisrel",
29         fade = T,
30         edge.label.position = 0.55)
31

```



```

52 ## Model specification
53 ## Three factors modified
54 pop.cfa3m <- '
55     # POP Clarity
56
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3      POPCLA =~ POTP1+POTP2+POTP3+POTP4
4
5      # POP Feedback
6      POPFED =~ POTP5+POTP6+POTP12+POTP13
7
8      # POP General Instruction
9      POPGEN =~ POTP7+POTP8+POTP9+POTP10+POTP11
10
11     # Residual covariance
12     POTP1 ~~ POTP2
13     POTP7 ~~ POTP8
14
15     ,
16
17     ## Model estimation
18     pop.cfa3m.fit <- sem(pop.cfa3m, data = pop[,-1],
19                          missing = "FIML",
20                          estimator = "MLR",
21                          se="robust.mlr")
22
23     ## Summary
24     summary(pop.cfa3m.fit,
25             rsquare = TRUE,
26             fit.measures = TRUE,
27             standardized = TRUE)
28
29     ## lavaan 0.6-6 ended normally after 61 iterations
30     ##
31     ##      Estimator                ML
32     ##      Optimization method      NLMINB
33     ##      Number of free parameters      44
34     ##
35     ##      Number of observations      222
36     ##      Number of missing patterns      8
37     ##
38     ## Model Test User Model:
39     ##
40     ##              Standard      Robust
41     ##      Test Statistic      117.654      84.403
42     ##      Degrees of freedom           60           60
43     ##      P-value (Chi-square)         0.000         0.021
44     ##      Scaling correction factor
45     ##      Yuan-Bentler correction (Mplus variant)
46     ##      1.394
47     ##
48     ## Model Test Baseline Model:
49     ##
50     ##              Standard      Robust
51     ##      Test statistic      1961.206      1334.000
52     ##      Degrees of freedom           78           78
53     ##      P-value                 0.000         0.000
54     ##      Scaling correction factor
55     ##
56     ##      1.470
57     ##
58     ## User Model versus Baseline Model:
59     ##
60     ##              Comparative Fit Index (CFI)      0.969      0.981
61     ##      Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)                0.960      0.975

```

```

1
2
3
4   ## Robust Comparative Fit Index (CFI)                0.982
5   ## Robust Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)                  0.976
6   ##
7   ## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
8   ##
9   ## Loglikelihood user model (H0)                    -2959.087  -2959.087
10  ## Scaling correction factor                          1.372
11  ##   for the MLR correction
12  ## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)             -2900.260  -2900.260
13  ## Scaling correction factor                          1.384
14  ##   for the MLR correction
15  ##
16  ## Akaike (AIC)                                     6006.175  6006.175
17  ## Bayesian (BIC)                                   6155.892  6155.892
18  ## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (BIC)              6016.453  6016.453
19  ##
20  ## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
21  ##
22  ## RMSEA                                             0.066    0.043
23  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower            0.048    0.022
24  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper           0.083    0.060
25  ## P-value RMSEA <= 0.05                           0.070    0.737
26  ##
27  ## Robust RMSEA                                     0.051
28  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower            0.021
29  ## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper           0.074
30  ##
31  ## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
32  ##
33  ## SRMR                                             0.034    0.034
34  ##
35  ## Parameter Estimates:
36  ##
37  ## Standard errors                                Sandwich
38  ## Information bread                               Observed
39  ## Observed information based on                   Hessian
40  ##
41  ## Latent Variables:
42  ## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
43  ## POPCLA =~
44  ## POTP1      1.000
45  ## POTP2      0.940  0.056  16.639  0.000  0.684  0.843
46  ## POTP3      1.079  0.095  11.416  0.000  0.738  0.812
47  ## POTP4      1.033  0.081  12.795  0.000  0.707  0.803
48  ## POPFED =~
49  ## POTP5      1.000
50  ## POTP6      1.101  0.078  14.029  0.000  0.716  0.788
51  ## POTP12     0.951  0.103  9.250  0.000  0.788  0.848
52  ## POTP13     0.752  0.124  6.089  0.000  0.681  0.726
53  ## POTP13     0.752  0.124  6.089  0.000  0.539  0.552
54  ## POPGEN =~
55  ## POTP7      1.000
56  ## POTP8      0.914  0.060  15.231  0.000  0.783  0.792
57  ## POTP9      0.914  0.060  15.231  0.000  0.716  0.767
58  ## POTP9      1.018  0.085  12.002  0.000  0.797  0.784
59
60

```

```

1
2
3      ##      POTP10      1.001      0.077      12.922      0.000      0.784      0.757
4      ##      POTP11      1.140      0.086      13.272      0.000      0.893      0.857
5      ##
6      ## Covariances:
7      ##      Estimate      Std.Err      z-value      P(>|z|)      Std.lv      Std.all
8      ##      .POTP1  ~~
9      ##      .POTP2      0.078      0.030      2.633      0.008      0.078      0.394
10     ##      .POTP7  ~~
11     ##      .POTP8      0.140      0.060      2.344      0.019      0.140      0.387
12     ##      POPCLA  ~~
13     ##      POPFED      0.368      0.069      5.345      0.000      0.751      0.751
14     ##      POPGEN      0.361      0.066      5.499      0.000      0.675      0.675
15     ##      POPFED  ~~
16     ##      POPGEN      0.472      0.075      6.285      0.000      0.841      0.841
17     ##
18     ## Intercepts:
19     ##      Estimate      Std.Err      z-value      P(>|z|)      Std.lv      Std.all
20     ##      .POTP1      3.009      0.054      55.287      0.000      3.009      3.711
21     ##      .POTP2      3.027      0.053      57.238      0.000      3.027      3.842
22     ##      .POTP3      2.846      0.061      46.653      0.000      2.846      3.134
23     ##      .POTP4      3.099      0.059      52.487      0.000      3.099      3.523
24     ##      .POTP5      2.645      0.061      43.315      0.000      2.645      2.910
25     ##      .POTP6      2.689      0.062      43.135      0.000      2.689      2.895
26     ##      .POTP12     2.829      0.063      44.915      0.000      2.829      3.014
27     ##      .POTP13     2.672      0.066      40.698      0.000      2.672      2.738
28     ##      .POTP7      2.382      0.066      35.883      0.000      2.382      2.410
29     ##      .POTP8      2.497      0.063      39.782      0.000      2.497      2.676
30     ##      .POTP9      2.482      0.068      36.377      0.000      2.482      2.441
31     ##      .POTP10     2.251      0.070      32.355      0.000      2.251      2.174
32     ##      .POTP11     2.387      0.070      34.126      0.000      2.387      2.291
33     ##      POPCLA      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000
34     ##      POPFED      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000
35     ##      POPGEN      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000      0.000
36     ##
37     ## Variances:
38     ##      Estimate      Std.Err      z-value      P(>|z|)      Std.lv      Std.all
39     ##      .POTP1      0.190      0.035      5.398      0.000      0.190      0.289
40     ##      .POTP2      0.208      0.043      4.839      0.000      0.208      0.335
41     ##      .POTP3      0.281      0.051      5.459      0.000      0.281      0.340
42     ##      .POTP4      0.275      0.036      7.655      0.000      0.275      0.355
43     ##      .POTP5      0.314      0.048      6.597      0.000      0.314      0.379
44     ##      .POTP6      0.242      0.042      5.815      0.000      0.242      0.280
45     ##      .POTP12     0.417      0.059      7.023      0.000      0.417      0.474
46     ##      .POTP13     0.662      0.071      9.356      0.000      0.662      0.695
47     ##      .POTP7      0.364      0.063      5.758      0.000      0.364      0.372
48     ##      .POTP8      0.358      0.066      5.467      0.000      0.358      0.411
49     ##      .POTP9      0.398      0.056      7.081      0.000      0.398      0.385
50     ##      .POTP10     0.458      0.057      8.010      0.000      0.458      0.427
51     ##      .POTP11     0.289      0.048      6.011      0.000      0.289      0.266
52     ##      POPCLA      0.468      0.084      5.561      0.000      1.000      1.000
53     ##      POPFED      0.513      0.083      6.165      0.000      1.000      1.000
54     ##      POPGEN      0.613      0.091      6.749      0.000      1.000      1.000
55     ##
56     ## R-Square:
57
58
59
60

```

```

1
2
3      ##              Estimate
4      ##      POTP1          0.711
5      ##      POTP2          0.665
6      ##      POTP3          0.660
7      ##      POTP4          0.645
8      ##      POTP5          0.621
9      ##      POTP6          0.720
10     ##      POTP12         0.526
11     ##      POTP13         0.305
12     ##      POTP7          0.628
13     ##      POTP8          0.589
14     ##      POTP9          0.615
15     ##      POTP10         0.573
16     ##      POTP11         0.734

```

```
## Parameter estimates
```

```
parameterEstimates(pop.cfa3m.fit)
```

```

20     ##      lhs op      rhs  est  se      z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
21     ## 1 POPCLA == POTP1 1.000 0.000    NA    NA      1.000  1.000
22     ## 2 POPCLA == POTP2 0.940 0.056 16.639 0.000  0.829  1.051
23     ## 3 POPCLA == POTP3 1.079 0.095 11.416 0.000  0.894  1.264
24     ## 4 POPCLA == POTP4 1.033 0.081 12.795 0.000  0.875  1.192
25     ## 5 POPFED == POTP5 1.000 0.000    NA    NA      1.000  1.000
26     ## 6 POPFED == POTP6 1.101 0.078 14.029 0.000  0.947  1.254
27     ## 7 POPFED == POTP12 0.951 0.103  9.250 0.000  0.749  1.152
28     ## 8 POPFED == POTP13 0.752 0.124  6.089 0.000  0.510  0.994
29     ## 9 POPGEN == POTP7 1.000 0.000    NA    NA      1.000  1.000
30     ## 10 POPGEN == POTP8 0.914 0.060 15.231 0.000  0.796  1.032
31     ## 11 POPGEN == POTP9 1.018 0.085 12.002 0.000  0.851  1.184
32     ## 12 POPGEN == POTP10 1.001 0.077 12.922 0.000  0.849  1.153
33     ## 13 POPGEN == POTP11 1.140 0.086 13.272 0.000  0.971  1.308
34     ## 14 POTP1 == POTP2 0.078 0.030  2.633 0.008  0.020  0.137
35     ## 15 POTP7 == POTP8 0.140 0.060  2.344 0.019  0.023  0.257
36     ## 16 POTP1 == POTP1 0.190 0.035  5.398 0.000  0.121  0.259
37     ## 17 POTP2 == POTP2 0.208 0.043  4.839 0.000  0.124  0.292
38     ## 18 POTP3 == POTP3 0.281 0.051  5.459 0.000  0.180  0.382
39     ## 19 POTP4 == POTP4 0.275 0.036  7.655 0.000  0.204  0.345
40     ## 20 POTP5 == POTP5 0.314 0.048  6.597 0.000  0.220  0.407
41     ## 21 POTP6 == POTP6 0.242 0.042  5.815 0.000  0.160  0.323
42     ## 22 POTP12 == POTP12 0.417 0.059  7.023 0.000  0.301  0.533
43     ## 23 POTP13 == POTP13 0.662 0.071  9.356 0.000  0.523  0.801
44     ## 24 POTP7 == POTP7 0.364 0.063  5.758 0.000  0.240  0.487
45     ## 25 POTP8 == POTP8 0.358 0.066  5.467 0.000  0.230  0.486
46     ## 26 POTP9 == POTP9 0.398 0.056  7.081 0.000  0.288  0.509
47     ## 27 POTP10 == POTP10 0.458 0.057  8.010 0.000  0.346  0.570
48     ## 28 POTP11 == POTP11 0.289 0.048  6.011 0.000  0.195  0.383
49     ## 29 POPCLA == POPCLA 0.468 0.084  5.561 0.000  0.303  0.632
50     ## 30 POPFED == POPFED 0.513 0.083  6.165 0.000  0.350  0.676
51     ## 31 POPGEN == POPGEN 0.613 0.091  6.749 0.000  0.435  0.791
52     ## 32 POPCLA == POPFED 0.368 0.069  5.345 0.000  0.233  0.503
53     ## 33 POPCLA == POPGEN 0.361 0.066  5.499 0.000  0.232  0.490
54     ## 34 POPFED == POPGEN 0.472 0.075  6.285 0.000  0.325  0.619
55     ## 35 POTP1 ~1      3.009 0.054 55.287 0.000  2.902  3.116
56     ## 36 POTP2 ~1      3.027 0.053 57.238 0.000  2.923  3.131

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## 37 POTP3 ~1      2.846 0.061 46.653  0.000   2.727   2.966
## 38 POTP4 ~1      3.099 0.059 52.487  0.000   2.983   3.215
## 39 POTP5 ~1      2.645 0.061 43.315  0.000   2.525   2.765
## 40 POTP6 ~1      2.689 0.062 43.135  0.000   2.567   2.811
## 41 POTP12 ~1     2.829 0.063 44.915  0.000   2.705   2.952
## 42 POTP13 ~1     2.672 0.066 40.698  0.000   2.544   2.801
## 43 POTP7 ~1      2.382 0.066 35.883  0.000   2.252   2.513
## 44 POTP8 ~1      2.497 0.063 39.782  0.000   2.374   2.620
## 45 POTP9 ~1      2.482 0.068 36.377  0.000   2.348   2.616
## 46 POTP10 ~1     2.251 0.070 32.355  0.000   2.114   2.387
## 47 POTP11 ~1     2.387 0.070 34.126  0.000   2.250   2.524
## 48 POPCLA ~1     0.000 0.000   NA     NA     0.000   0.000
## 49 POPFED ~1     0.000 0.000   NA     NA     0.000   0.000
## 50 POPGEN ~1     0.000 0.000   NA     NA     0.000   0.000

```

```
## Standardized residuals
```

```
resid(pop.cfa3m.fit, type="standardized")
```

```

## $type
## [1] "standardized"
##
## $cov
##      POTP1 POTP2 POTP3 POTP4 POTP5 POTP6 POTP12 POTP13 POTP7 POTP8
## POTP1  0.000
## POTP2  0.000  0.000
## POTP3 -0.276 -1.676  0.014
## POTP4 -0.166  0.792  0.548  0.000
## POTP5  0.803  1.251  0.870 -0.772  0.025
## POTP6  0.499 -0.321 -0.242 -1.262  1.071  0.000
## POTP12 0.094  0.883  0.298 -0.635 -2.069 -1.174  0.000
## POTP13 -0.102 -0.095  0.605 -1.465 -1.933 -0.858  2.954  0.002
## POTP7  0.141  0.192  0.810 -0.539  0.219  1.453 -0.801 -0.426 -0.013
## POTP8  1.311  0.627  0.394  1.124  1.417  1.589 -2.220 -1.252  0.236  0.350
## POTP9 -1.127  0.048 -0.227 -0.318  0.693 -0.002  0.870  0.094 -0.327  1.017
## POTP10 -0.657 -0.849  0.637 -1.267 -0.159 -0.900 -0.416 -0.666  1.071 -1.447
## POTP11  0.288  0.727 -0.206  0.417 -1.114 -0.863  1.391 -1.108 -1.999 -0.294
##      POTP9 POTP10 POTP11
## POTP1
## POTP2
## POTP3
## POTP4
## POTP5
## POTP6
## POTP12
## POTP13
## POTP7
## POTP8
## POTP9  0.000
## POTP10 -1.313 -0.018
## POTP11  0.155  1.484  0.002
##
## $mean
## POTP1 POTP2 POTP3 POTP4 POTP5 POTP6 POTP12 POTP13 POTP7 POTP8 POTP9
## 0.000 0.000 -0.766 0.000 0.716 0.000 0.000 -0.767 0.324 -2.817 0.000
## POTP10 POTP11

```

-0.553 0.840

Modification indices
 modindices(pop.cfa3m.fit)

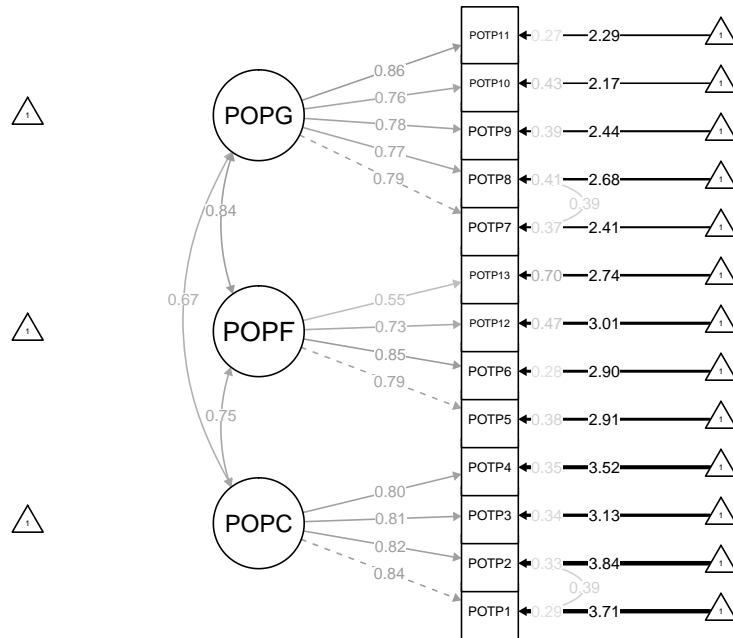
##	lhs	op	rhs	mi	epc	sepc.lv	sepc.all	sepc.nox
## 51	POPCLA	==	POTP5	1.326	0.149	0.102	0.112	0.112
## 52	POPCLA	==	POTP6	0.945	-0.128	-0.088	-0.094	-0.094
## 53	POPCLA	==	POTP12	0.083	0.040	0.027	0.029	0.029
## 54	POPCLA	==	POTP13	0.345	-0.093	-0.063	-0.065	-0.065
## 55	POPCLA	==	POTP7	0.040	-0.019	-0.013	-0.013	-0.013
## 56	POPCLA	==	POTP8	1.420	0.109	0.074	0.080	0.080
## 57	POPCLA	==	POTP9	0.500	-0.080	-0.055	-0.054	-0.054
## 58	POPCLA	==	POTP10	0.950	-0.115	-0.079	-0.076	-0.076
## 59	POPCLA	==	POTP11	0.212	0.050	0.034	0.033	0.033
## 60	POPFED	==	POTP1	0.134	0.031	0.022	0.027	0.027
## 61	POPFED	==	POTP2	0.440	0.055	0.039	0.050	0.050
## 62	POPFED	==	POTP3	0.520	0.088	0.063	0.069	0.069
## 63	POPFED	==	POTP4	4.322	-0.245	-0.175	-0.199	-0.199
## 64	POPFED	==	POTP7	0.343	0.086	0.061	0.062	0.062
## 65	POPFED	==	POTP8	0.332	0.082	0.059	0.063	0.063
## 66	POPFED	==	POTP9	0.456	0.120	0.086	0.085	0.085
## 67	POPFED	==	POTP10	1.834	-0.250	-0.179	-0.173	-0.173
## 68	POPFED	==	POTP11	0.439	-0.118	-0.085	-0.081	-0.081
## 69	POPGEN	==	POTP1	0.065	-0.016	-0.013	-0.015	-0.015
## 70	POPGEN	==	POTP2	0.230	0.030	0.024	0.030	0.030
## 71	POPGEN	==	POTP3	0.235	0.044	0.035	0.038	0.038
## 72	POPGEN	==	POTP4	0.574	-0.067	-0.052	-0.060	-0.060
## 73	POPGEN	==	POTP5	0.020	0.023	0.018	0.020	0.020
## 74	POPGEN	==	POTP6	0.059	0.041	0.032	0.035	0.035
## 75	POPGEN	==	POTP12	0.218	0.077	0.061	0.065	0.065
## 76	POPGEN	==	POTP13	1.623	-0.237	-0.186	-0.190	-0.190
## 77	POTP1	~~	POTP3	0.215	0.010	0.010	0.043	0.043
## 78	POTP1	~~	POTP4	0.461	-0.014	-0.014	-0.062	-0.062
## 79	POTP1	~~	POTP5	0.120	-0.006	-0.006	-0.026	-0.026
## 80	POTP1	~~	POTP6	3.270	0.031	0.031	0.143	0.143
## 81	POTP1	~~	POTP12	0.900	-0.019	-0.019	-0.067	-0.067
## 82	POTP1	~~	POTP13	0.010	0.002	0.002	0.007	0.007
## 83	POTP1	~~	POTP7	0.102	-0.005	-0.005	-0.020	-0.020
## 84	POTP1	~~	POTP8	1.416	0.020	0.020	0.075	0.075
## 85	POTP1	~~	POTP9	4.012	-0.040	-0.040	-0.144	-0.144
## 86	POTP1	~~	POTP10	0.072	0.006	0.006	0.019	0.019
## 87	POTP1	~~	POTP11	0.000	0.000	0.000	-0.001	-0.001
## 88	POTP2	~~	POTP3	3.010	-0.037	-0.037	-0.152	-0.152
## 89	POTP2	~~	POTP4	1.401	0.024	0.024	0.101	0.101
## 90	POTP2	~~	POTP5	2.174	0.027	0.027	0.106	0.106
## 91	POTP2	~~	POTP6	3.053	-0.030	-0.030	-0.134	-0.134
## 92	POTP2	~~	POTP12	1.911	0.028	0.028	0.095	0.095
## 93	POTP2	~~	POTP13	0.005	-0.002	-0.002	-0.005	-0.005
## 94	POTP2	~~	POTP7	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002
## 95	POTP2	~~	POTP8	0.566	-0.013	-0.013	-0.046	-0.046
## 96	POTP2	~~	POTP9	1.257	0.023	0.023	0.078	0.078
## 97	POTP2	~~	POTP10	1.316	-0.024	-0.024	-0.079	-0.079
## 98	POTP2	~~	POTP11	0.454	0.012	0.012	0.051	0.051
## 99	POTP3	~~	POTP4	1.256	0.037	0.037	0.135	0.135

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3	##	100	POTP3	~~	POTP5	0.416	0.016	0.016	0.055	0.055
4	##	101	POTP3	~~	POTP6	0.623	-0.019	-0.019	-0.072	-0.072
5	##	102	POTP3	~~	POTP12	0.039	0.006	0.006	0.016	0.016
6	##	103	POTP3	~~	POTP13	1.689	0.044	0.044	0.102	0.102
7	##	104	POTP3	~~	POTP7	2.139	0.034	0.034	0.107	0.107
8	##	105	POTP3	~~	POTP8	1.684	-0.030	-0.030	-0.094	-0.094
9	##	106	POTP3	~~	POTP9	0.113	-0.009	-0.009	-0.028	-0.028
10	##	107	POTP3	~~	POTP10	3.851	0.057	0.057	0.160	0.160
11	##	108	POTP3	~~	POTP11	1.996	-0.036	-0.036	-0.126	-0.126
12	##	109	POTP4	~~	POTP5	0.930	-0.024	-0.024	-0.081	-0.081
13	##	110	POTP4	~~	POTP6	0.081	-0.007	-0.007	-0.026	-0.026
14	##	111	POTP4	~~	POTP12	0.170	-0.011	-0.011	-0.033	-0.033
15	##	112	POTP4	~~	POTP13	3.324	-0.060	-0.060	-0.141	-0.141
16	##	113	POTP4	~~	POTP7	2.595	-0.037	-0.037	-0.117	-0.117
17	##	114	POTP4	~~	POTP8	3.330	0.041	0.041	0.131	0.131
18	##	115	POTP4	~~	POTP9	0.255	0.014	0.014	0.041	0.041
19	##	116	POTP4	~~	POTP10	2.214	-0.043	-0.043	-0.120	-0.120
20	##	117	POTP4	~~	POTP11	1.955	0.035	0.035	0.123	0.123
21	##	118	POTP5	~~	POTP6	5.517	0.077	0.077	0.280	0.280
22	##	119	POTP5	~~	POTP12	5.636	-0.076	-0.076	-0.210	-0.210
23	##	120	POTP5	~~	POTP13	3.518	-0.068	-0.068	-0.150	-0.150
24	##	121	POTP5	~~	POTP7	0.641	-0.019	-0.019	-0.058	-0.058
25	##	122	POTP5	~~	POTP8	3.012	0.041	0.041	0.123	0.123
26	##	123	POTP5	~~	POTP9	0.785	0.026	0.026	0.072	0.072
27	##	124	POTP5	~~	POTP10	0.114	0.010	0.010	0.027	0.027
28	##	125	POTP5	~~	POTP11	3.224	-0.048	-0.048	-0.159	-0.159
29	##	126	POTP6	~~	POTP12	1.619	-0.041	-0.041	-0.131	-0.131
30	##	127	POTP6	~~	POTP13	0.824	-0.032	-0.032	-0.080	-0.080
31	##	128	POTP6	~~	POTP7	2.996	0.040	0.040	0.134	0.134
32	##	129	POTP6	~~	POTP8	1.821	0.030	0.030	0.103	0.103
33	##	130	POTP6	~~	POTP9	0.329	-0.016	-0.016	-0.050	-0.050
34	##	131	POTP6	~~	POTP10	0.916	-0.027	-0.027	-0.083	-0.083
35	##	132	POTP6	~~	POTP11	1.963	-0.036	-0.036	-0.134	-0.134
36	##	133	POTP12	~~	POTP13	26.707	0.206	0.206	0.391	0.391
37	##	134	POTP12	~~	POTP7	0.288	-0.014	-0.014	-0.037	-0.037
38	##	135	POTP12	~~	POTP8	10.111	-0.084	-0.084	-0.218	-0.218
39	##	136	POTP12	~~	POTP9	1.068	0.033	0.033	0.081	0.081
40	##	137	POTP12	~~	POTP10	0.137	-0.013	-0.013	-0.029	-0.029
41	##	138	POTP12	~~	POTP11	9.981	0.093	0.093	0.268	0.268
42	##	139	POTP13	~~	POTP7	0.143	0.012	0.012	0.025	0.025
43	##	140	POTP13	~~	POTP8	1.577	-0.040	-0.040	-0.083	-0.083
44	##	141	POTP13	~~	POTP9	0.409	0.025	0.025	0.048	0.048
45	##	142	POTP13	~~	POTP10	0.005	-0.003	-0.003	-0.005	-0.005
46	##	143	POTP13	~~	POTP11	0.708	-0.030	-0.030	-0.068	-0.068
47	##	144	POTP7	~~	POTP9	0.764	-0.025	-0.025	-0.066	-0.066
48	##	145	POTP7	~~	POTP10	6.030	0.074	0.074	0.181	0.181
49	##	146	POTP7	~~	POTP11	2.813	-0.047	-0.047	-0.144	-0.144
50	##	147	POTP8	~~	POTP9	2.164	0.041	0.041	0.108	0.108
51	##	148	POTP8	~~	POTP10	6.326	-0.073	-0.073	-0.181	-0.181
52	##	149	POTP8	~~	POTP11	0.014	0.003	0.003	0.010	0.010
53	##	150	POTP9	~~	POTP10	1.840	-0.049	-0.049	-0.115	-0.115
54	##	151	POTP9	~~	POTP11	0.030	0.006	0.006	0.018	0.018
55	##	152	POTP10	~~	POTP11	5.491	0.083	0.083	0.229	0.229
56										
57										
58										
59										
60										


```

1
2
3
4 ## Visualize the path model
5 semPaths(pop.cfa3m.fit,
6         rotation = 2,
7         layout = "tree2",
8         what = "std",
9         posCol = "black",
10        edge.width = 0.5,
11        style = "Lisrel",
12        fade = T,
13        edge.label.position = 0.55)

```



```

34
35 ## Model comparison
36 anova(pop.cfa3.fit, pop.cfa3m.fit)
37
38 ## Scaled Chi-Squared Difference Test (method = "satorra.bentler.2001")
39 ##
40 ## lavaan NOTE:
41 ## The "Chisq" column contains standard test statistics, not the
42 ## robust test that should be reported per model. A robust difference
43 ## test is a function of two standard (not robust) statistics.
44 ##
45 ##
46 ##
47 ##
48 ##
49 ##
50 ## EFA
51 ## Eigenvalues and scree plot
52 eval.pop <- eigen(pop.cor)$values
53 eval.pop
54
55 ## [1] 7.1001620 1.3557023 0.9821296 0.5967497 0.5159998 0.4804131 0.4077296
56 ## [8] 0.3747611 0.3049298 0.2722088 0.2424113 0.2065299 0.1602731

```

```

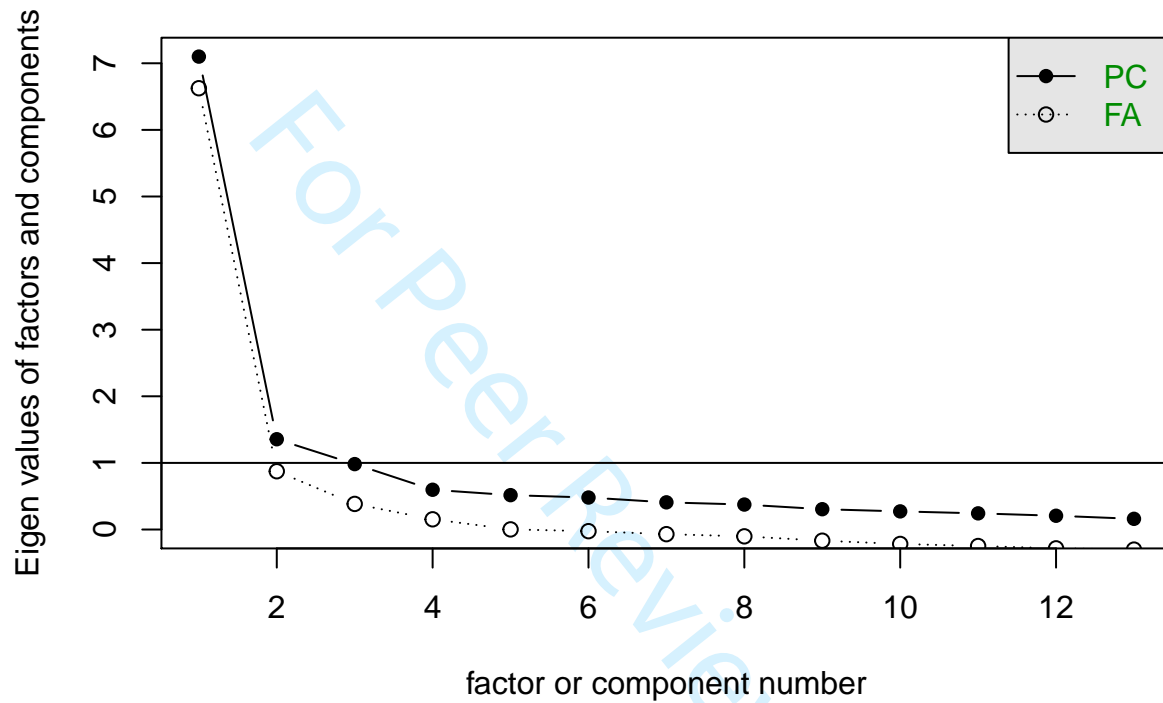
# Ratio of eigenvalues
(eval.pop /sum(eval.pop )*100)[1:4]

## [1] 54.616630 10.428479 7.554843 4.590382

## Screeplot
scree(pop.cor, factors = TRUE)

```

Scree plot



```

## EFA with oblimin rotation
pop.efa <- fa(pop.cor, nfactors = 3,
  rotate = "oblimin",
  fm = "ml")

# Factor loadings
pop.efa$loadings

```

```

##
## Loadings:
##      ML1      ML2      ML3
## POTP1          0.937
## POTP2          0.890
## POTP3          0.663
## POTP4          0.747
## POTP5  0.384  0.252  0.216
## POTP6  0.447  0.172  0.292
## POTP7  0.891
## POTP8  0.895          -0.149
## POTP9  0.664          0.201
## POTP10 0.669          0.118
## POTP11 0.639          0.220

```

```

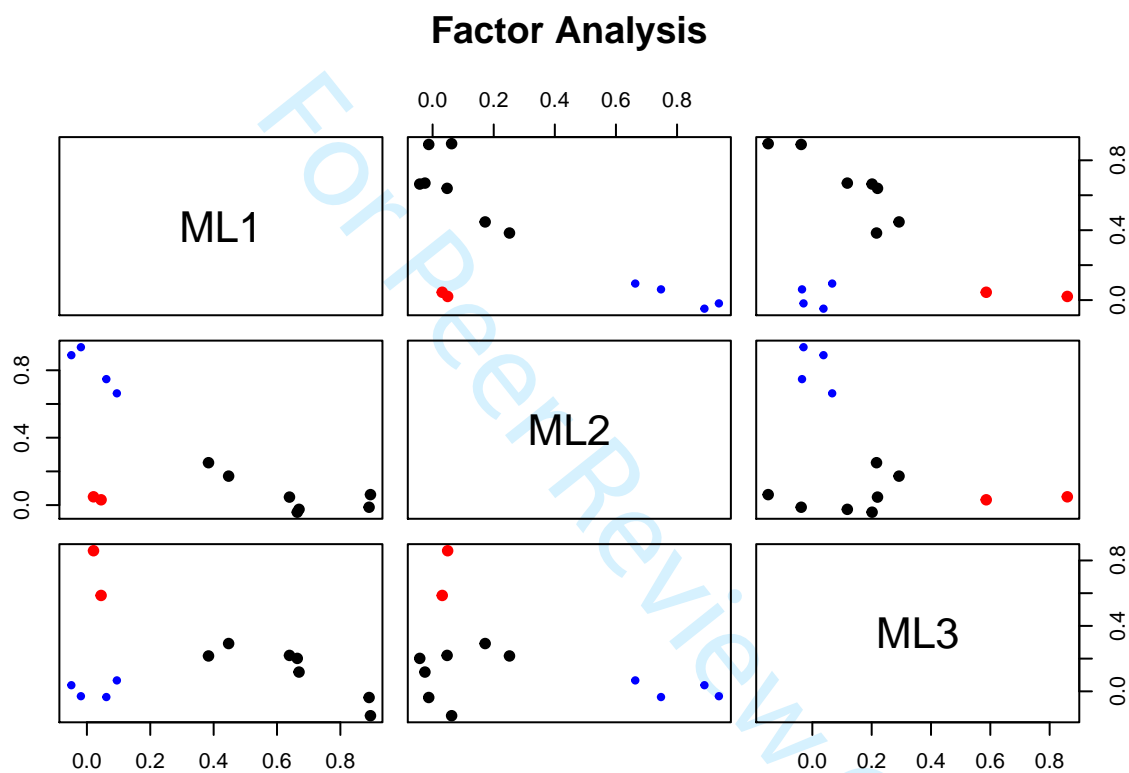
1
2
3  ## P0TP12          0.860
4  ## P0TP13          0.586
5  ##
6  ##               ML1   ML2   ML3
7  ## SS loadings    3.257 2.773 1.349
8  ## Proportion Var 0.251 0.213 0.104
9  ## Cumulative Var 0.251 0.464 0.568

```

```

10
11 # Factor plot
12 factor.plot(pop.efa)

```

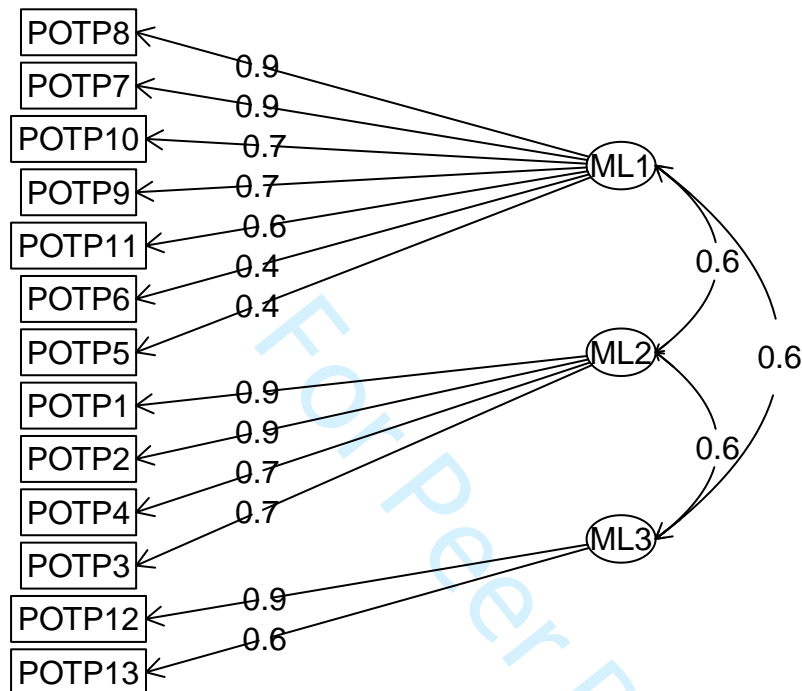


```

33 # Factor diagram
34 fa.diagram(pop.efa)

```

Factor Analysis



Conclusion Accept the model with robust ML estimation, three POP factors (POPFED, POPCLA, and POPGEN), and two residual covariances. Model pop.cfa3m is the final model.

```
## Extract the factor scores
```

```
pop.sf <- lavPredict(pop.cfa3m.fit)
```

```
head(pop.sf, 5)
```

```
##          POPCLA      POPFED      POPGEN
## [1,] -0.40870916 -0.3781949 -0.37726481
## [2,]  0.04469573  0.1678385  0.44953973
## [3,]  0.06474838  0.2943419  0.48244946
## [4,] -0.06414635 -0.2455269 -1.00380215
## [5,]  0.81852216  0.4895920  0.09800701
```

```
## Check by correlating with the sum scores
```

```
## Define the sum scores
```

```
pop.sum1 <- pop$POTP1+pop$POTP2+pop$POTP3+pop$POTP4
```

```
pop.sum2 <- pop$POTP5+pop$POTP6+pop$POTP12+pop$POTP13
```

```
pop.sum3 <- pop$POTP7+pop$POTP8+pop$POTP9+pop$POTP10+pop$POTP11
```

```
pop.temp <- data.frame(pop.sum1, pop.sum2, pop.sum3,
                      pop.sf)
```

```
## Correlation
```

```
cor(pop.temp, use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
```

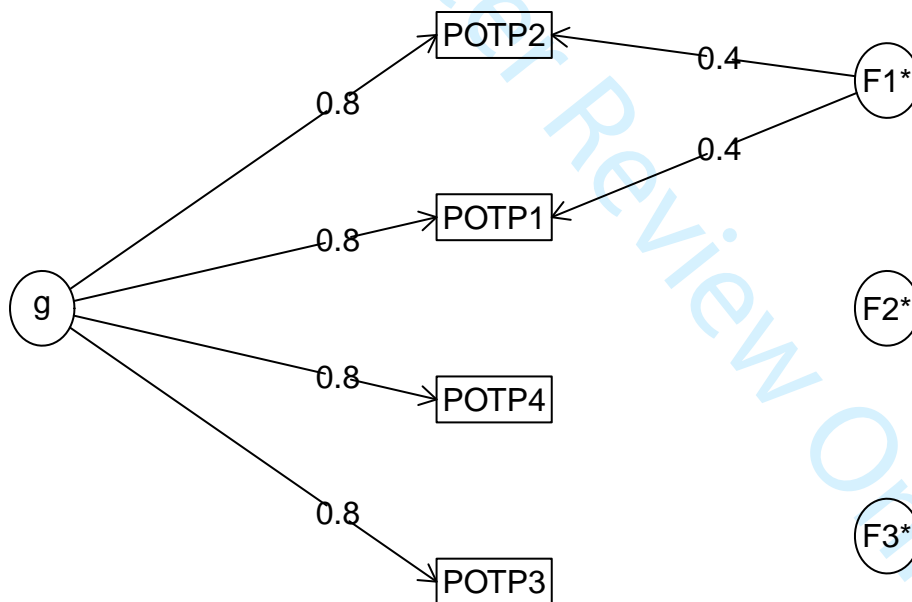
```
##          pop.sum1  pop.sum2  pop.sum3  POPCLA  POPFED  POPGEN
## pop.sum1  1.0000000  0.6329501  0.5930620  0.9914576  0.7470451  0.6658430
## pop.sum2  0.6329501  1.0000000  0.7020772  0.7142560  0.9525428  0.7890814
```

```

1
2
3 ## pop.sum3 0.5930620 0.7020772 1.0000000 0.6693661 0.8364650 0.9859751
4 ## POPCLA 0.9914576 0.7142560 0.6693661 1.0000000 0.8233117 0.7433041
5 ## POPFED 0.7470451 0.9525428 0.8364650 0.8233117 1.0000000 0.9071078
6 ## POPGEN 0.6658430 0.7890814 0.9859751 0.7433041 0.9071078 1.0000000
7
8 ## Add the new factor score to the dataset
9 covid19otlc.tpe$POPCLA <- lavPredict(pop.cfa3m.fit)[,c("POPCLA")]
10 covid19otlc.tpe$POPFED <- lavPredict(pop.cfa3m.fit)[,c("POPFED")]
11 covid19otlc.tpe$POPGEN <- lavPredict(pop.cfa3m.fit)[,c("POPGEN")]
12
13 #####
14 ## Reliability coefficients (subscales)
15 omega(covid19otlc.tpe[, c("POTP1", "POTP2",
16 "POTP3", "POTP4")])

```

Omega



```

44 ## Omega
45 ## Call: omegah(m = m, nfactors = nfactors, fm = fm, key = key, flip = flip,
46 ##   digits = digits, title = title, sl = sl, labels = labels,
47 ##   plot = plot, n.obs = n.obs, rotate = rotate, Phi = Phi, option = option,
48 ##   covar = covar)
49 ## Alpha: 0.9
50 ## G.6: 0.88
51 ## Omega Hierarchical: 0.86
52 ## Omega H asymptotic: 0.94
53 ## Omega Total 0.92
54 ##
55 ## Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
56 ##      g  F1*  F2*  F3*  h2  u2  p2

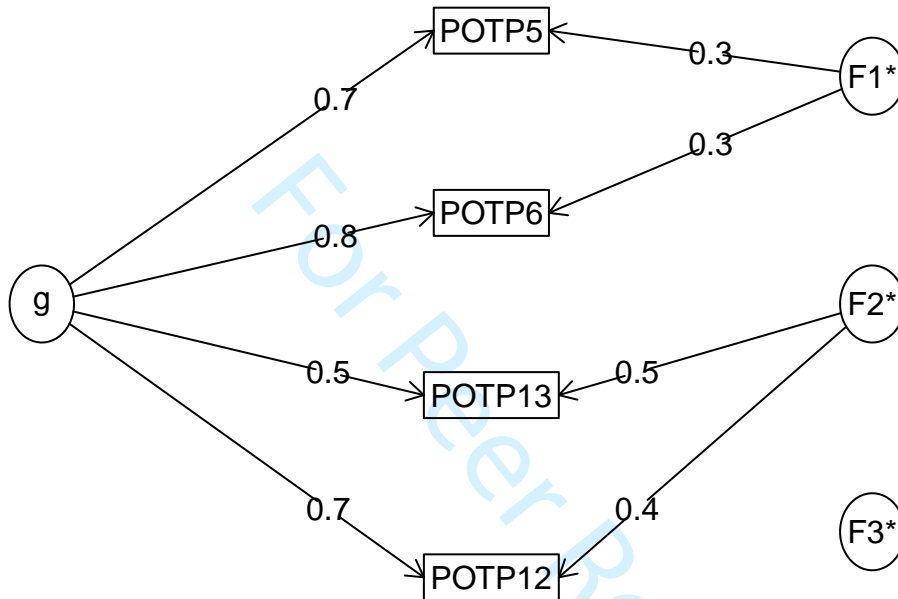
```

```

1
2
3      ## POTP1 0.82 0.41          0.84 0.16 0.79
4      ## POTP2 0.79 0.42          0.82 0.18 0.77
5      ## POTP3 0.82              0.69 0.31 0.97
6      ## POTP4 0.83              0.69 0.31 0.99
7      ##
8      ## With eigenvalues of:
9      ##   g  F1*  F2*  F3*
10     ## 2.65 0.35 0.00 0.04
11     ##
12     ## general/max 7.68   max/min =   81.8
13     ## mean percent general = 0.88   with sd = 0.12 and cv of 0.13
14     ## Explained Common Variance of the general factor = 0.87
15     ##
16     ## The degrees of freedom are -3 and the fit is 0
17     ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 0 with prob < NA
18     ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0
19     ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is NA
20     ##
21     ## Compare this with the adequacy of just a general factor and no group factors
22     ## The degrees of freedom for just the general factor are 2 and the fit is 0.19
23     ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 41.74 with prob < 8.6e-10
24     ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.07
25     ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.12
26     ##
27     ## RMSEA index = 0.299 and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.225 0.382
28     ## BIC = 30.93
29     ##
30     ## Measures of factor score adequacy
31     ##
32     ## Correlation of scores with factors
33     ## Multiple R square of scores with factors
34     ## Minimum correlation of factor score estimates
35     ##
36     ## Total, General and Subset omega for each subset
37     ##
38     ## Omega total for total scores and subscales
39     ## Omega general for total scores and subscales
40     ## Omega group for total scores and subscales
41
42     omega(covid19otlc.tpe[, c("POTP12", "POTP13",
43                             "POTP5", "POTP6")])

```

Omega



```

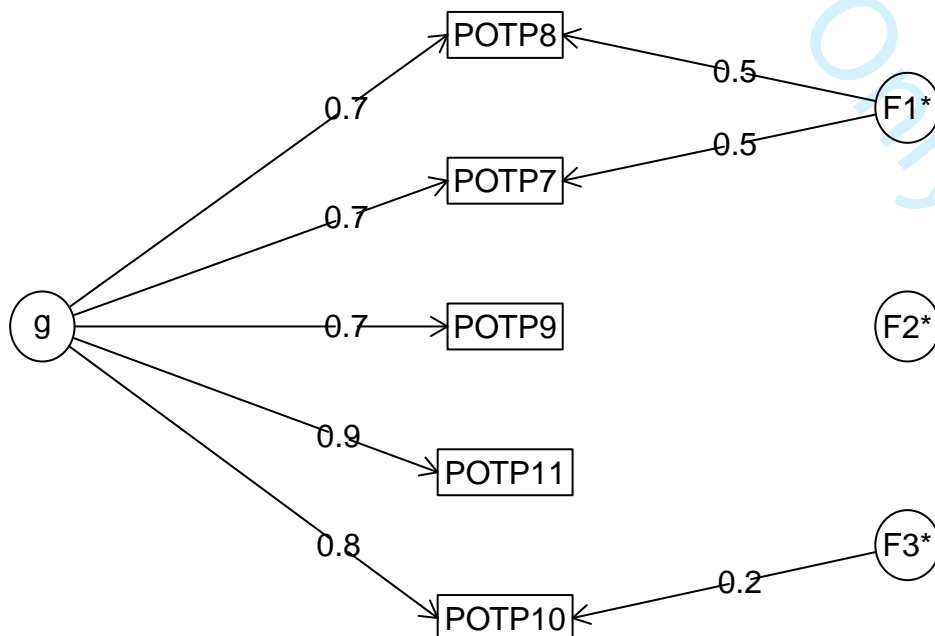
30 ## Omega
31 ## Call: omegah(m = m, nfactors = nfactors, fm = fm, key = key, flip = flip,
32 ##   digits = digits, title = title, sl = sl, labels = labels,
33 ##   plot = plot, n.obs = n.obs, rotate = rotate, Phi = Phi, option = option,
34 ##   covar = covar)
35 ## Alpha:           0.82
36 ## G.6:             0.8
37 ## Omega Hierarchical: 0.74
38 ## Omega H asymptotic: 0.86
39 ## Omega Total      0.87
40 ##
41 ## Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
42 ##      g    F1*   F2*   F3*   h2   u2   p2
43 ## POTP12 0.70     0.43     0.67 0.33 0.73
44 ## POTP13 0.54     0.48     0.52 0.48 0.56
45 ## POTP5  0.74 0.34     0.66 0.34 0.82
46 ## POTP6  0.81 0.30     0.74 0.26 0.88
47 ##
48 ## With eigenvalues of:
49 ##      g  F1*  F2*  F3*
50 ## 1.97 0.21 0.41 0.00
51 ##
52 ## general/max 4.79  max/min = 193.6
53 ## mean percent general = 0.75  with sd = 0.14 and cv of 0.19
54 ## Explained Common Variance of the general factor = 0.76
55 ##
56 ## The degrees of freedom are -3  and the fit is 0
  
```

```

1
2
3  ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 0 with prob < NA
4  ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0
5  ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is NA
6  ##
7  ## Compare this with the adequacy of just a general factor and no group factors
8  ## The degrees of freedom for just the general factor are 2 and the fit is 0.15
9  ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 32.7 with prob < 7.9e-08
10 ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.09
11 ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.16
12 ##
13 ## RMSEA index = 0.263 and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.189 0.347
14 ## BIC = 21.9
15 ##
16 ## Measures of factor score adequacy
17 ##
18 ## Correlation of scores with factors          g   F1*   F2*   F3*
19 ## Multiple R square of scores with factors    0.88 0.43 0.62 0.07
20 ## Minimum correlation of factor score estimates 0.54 -0.64 -0.22 -0.99
21 ##
22 ## Total, General and Subset omega for each subset
23 ##
24 ## Omega total for total scores and subscales 0.87 0.83 0.74 NA
25 ## Omega general for total scores and subscales 0.74 0.70 0.48 NA
26 ## Omega group for total scores and subscales 0.12 0.12 0.26 NA
27
28 omega(covid19otlc.tpe[, c("POTP7", "POTP8",
29                          "POTP9", "POTP10",
30                          "POTP11")])

```

Omega




```

1
2
3  ## Omega
4  ## Call: omegah(m = m, nfactors = nfactors, fm = fm, key = key, flip = flip,
5  ##     digits = digits, title = title, sl = sl, labels = labels,
6  ##     plot = plot, n.obs = n.obs, rotate = rotate, Phi = Phi, option = option,
7  ##     covar = covar)
8  ## Alpha:                0.9
9  ## G.6:                  0.89
10 ## Omega Hierarchical:   0.85
11 ## Omega H asymptotic:  0.91
12 ## Omega Total          0.93
13 ##
14 ## Schmid Leiman Factor loadings greater than 0.2
15 ##      g   F1*  F2*   F3*   h2  u2  p2
16 ## POTP7 0.74 0.50           0.82 0.18 0.67
17 ## POTP8 0.71 0.51           0.80 0.20 0.64
18 ## POTP9 0.75           0.59 0.41 0.95
19 ## POTP10 0.78           0.24 0.67 0.33 0.90
20 ## POTP11 0.90           0.81 0.19 1.00
21 ##
22 ## With eigenvalues of:
23 ##      g   F1*  F2*  F3*
24 ## 3.03 0.53 0.00 0.12
25 ##
26 ## general/max 5.69   max/min = 514.27
27 ## mean percent general = 0.83   with sd = 0.17 and cv of 0.2
28 ## Explained Common Variance of the general factor = 0.82
29 ##
30 ## The degrees of freedom are -2 and the fit is 0
31 ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 0 with prob < NA
32 ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0
33 ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is NA
34 ##
35 ## Compare this with the adequacy of just a general factor and no group factors
36 ## The degrees of freedom for just the general factor are 5 and the fit is 0.29
37 ## The number of observations was 222 with Chi Square = 63.18 with prob < 2.7e-12
38 ## The root mean square of the residuals is 0.08
39 ## The df corrected root mean square of the residuals is 0.12
40 ##
41 ## RMSEA index = 0.229 and the 10 % confidence intervals are 0.181 0.282
42 ## BIC = 36.17
43 ##
44 ## Measures of factor score adequacy
45 ##
46 ##      g   F1*  F2*  F3*
47 ## Correlation of scores with factors 0.94 0.78 0.03 0.57
48 ## Multiple R square of scores with factors 0.89 0.61 0.00 0.33
49 ## Minimum correlation of factor score estimates 0.79 0.21 -1.00 -0.34
50 ##
51 ## Total, General and Subset omega for each subset
52 ##      g   F1*  F2*  F3*
53 ## Omega total for total scores and subscales 0.93 0.88 NA 0.84
54 ## Omega general for total scores and subscales 0.85 0.69 NA 0.84
55 ## Omega group for total scores and subscales 0.08 0.19 NA 0.01
56
57
58
59
60

```

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#####

For Peer Review Only

Initial Latent Profile Analysis

These analyses are to identify a baseline model which forms the basis for all subsequent LPAs.

```
## Select the relevant variables
```

```
covid19otlc.tpe.lpa <- data.frame(covid19otlc.tpe$gTPACK,
                                covid19otlc.tpe$gPIS,
                                covid19otlc.tpe$PISCO1,
                                covid19otlc.tpe$PISCO2,
                                covid19otlc.tpe$POPGEN,
                                covid19otlc.tpe$POPCLA,
                                covid19otlc.tpe$POPFED)
```

```
colnames(covid19otlc.tpe.lpa) <- c("gTPACK", "gPIS",
                                   "PISCO1", "PISCO2",
                                   "POPGEN", "POPCLA",
                                   "POPFED")
```

```
## Check the data
```

```
head(covid19otlc.tpe.lpa, 5)
```

```
##      gTPACK      gPIS PISCO1 PISCO2      POPGEN      POPCLA      POPFED
## 1 -0.5516057 -1.5310263      0      1 -0.37726481 -0.40870916 -0.3781949
## 2  0.9724480 -1.3388278      0      1  0.44953973  0.04469573  0.1678385
## 3  0.3589668  0.3055426      2      2  0.48244946  0.06474838  0.2943419
## 4 -2.0989683  1.0020314      3      2 -1.00380215 -0.06414635 -0.2455269
## 5  0.4081004 -0.1668300      1      3  0.09800701  0.81852216  0.4895920
```

```
## Perform LPAs with different assumptions
```

```
covid19otlc.tpe.lpa %>%
  single_imputation() %>%
  scale() %>%
  estimate_profiles(1:6,
                   package = "MplusAutomation",
                   variances = c("varying"),
                   covariances = c("zero")) %>%
  compare_solutions(statistics = c("AIC", "BIC", "Entropy",
                                   "BLRT_p", "AWE",
                                   "CLC", "KIC"))
```

```
## Warning:
```

```
## One or more analyses resulted in warnings! Examine these analyses carefully: model_2_class_4, model_1
```

```
## Warning:
```

```
## One or more analyses resulted in warnings! Examine these analyses carefully: model_2_class_4, model_1
```

```
## Warning: The solution with the maximum number of classes under consideration was
## considered to be the best solution according to one or more fit indices. Examine
## your results with care and consider estimating more classes.
```

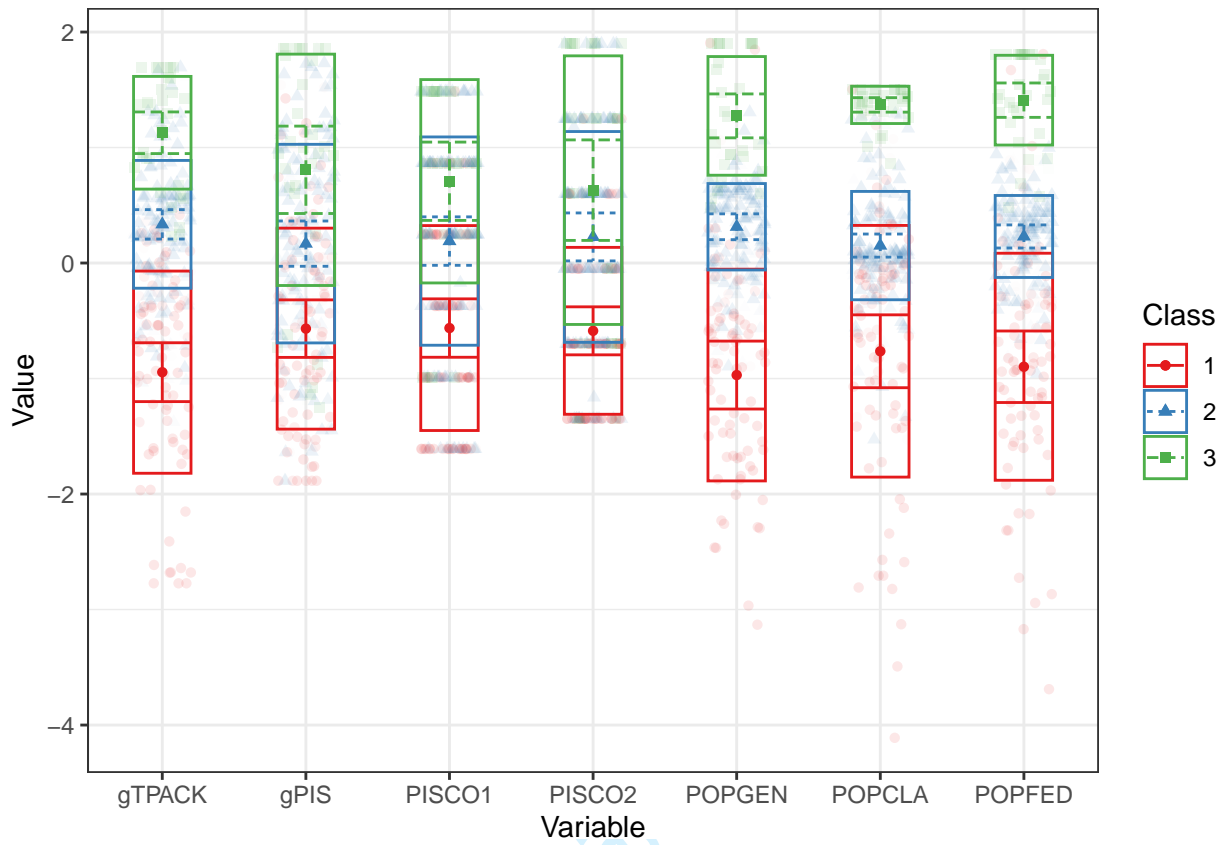
```
## Compare tidyLPA solutions:
```

```
##
## Model Classes AIC      BIC      Entropy BLRT_p AWE      CLC      KIC
## 2      1      4431.046 4478.683 1.000      4594.321 4405.046 4448.046
## 2      2      3959.046 4057.724 0.857      4299.687 3902.760 3991.046
## 2      3      3676.034 3825.752 0.921      4193.628 3589.876 3723.034
```

```

1
2
3      ## 2      4      3529.132 3729.890 0.919    0      4223.810 3412.970 3591.132
4      ## 2      5      3399.824 3651.622 0.949    0      4271.522 3253.722 3476.824
5      ## 2      6      3324.282 3627.120 0.938    0      4373.083 3148.158 3416.282
6      ## Warnings
7      ##
8      ##
9      ##
10     ## Warning
11     ##
12     ## Warning
13     ##
14     ## Best model according to AIC is Model 2 with 6 classes.
15     ## Best model according to BIC is Model 2 with 6 classes.
16     ## Best model according to Entropy is Model NA with NA classes.
17     ## Best model according to BLRT_p is Model NA with NA classes.
18     ## Best model according to AWE is Model 2 with 3 classes.
19     ## Best model according to CLC is Model 2 with 6 classes.
20     ## Best model according to KIC is Model 2 with 6 classes.
21     ##
22     ## An analytic hierarchy process, based on the fit indices AIC, AWE, BIC, CLC, and KIC (Akogul & Erisog
23
24     ## Final profile solution
25     lpa.final <- covid19otlc.tpe.lpa %>%
26       single_imputation() %>%
27       scale() %>%
28       estimate_profiles(3,
29         package = "Mplus",
30         variances = c("varying"),
31         covariances = c("zero"))
32
33     ## Extract the parameter estimates
34     get_estimates(lpa.final)
35
36     ## # A tibble: 42 x 8
37     ##   Category Parameter Estimate se p Class Model Classes
38     ##   <chr> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl> <int>
39     ## 1 Means gTPACK -0.945 0.13 0 1 2 3
40     ## 2 Means gPIS -0.568 0.127 0 1 2 3
41     ## 3 Means PISCO1 -0.563 0.129 0 1 2 3
42     ## 4 Means PISCO2 -0.587 0.106 0 1 2 3
43     ## 5 Means POPGEN -0.97 0.15 0 1 2 3
44     ## 6 Means POPCLA -0.764 0.161 0 1 2 3
45     ## 7 Means POPFED -0.898 0.158 0 1 2 3
46     ## 8 Variances gTPACK 0.766 0.11 0 1 2 3
47     ## 9 Variances gPIS 0.757 0.107 0 1 2 3
48     ## 10 Variances PISCO1 0.787 0.088 0 1 2 3
49     ## # ... with 32 more rows
50
51     ## Plot the profiles
52     lpa.final %>%
53       plot_profiles()
54
55
56
57
58
59
60

```



Review Only

Correlation matrix including all variables submitted to LPA (Participant level)

Complete set of variables including profile indicators and covariates

```
#####
## Select the data
all.var <- c("gTPACK", "gPIS", "PISCO1", "PISCO2",
            "POPGEN", "POPCLA", "POPFED",
            "AGE", "FEMALE", "TEACHEXP",
            "OTLEXP", "OTLPREP", "OTLDAYS",
            "OTLSHIFT", "INSTDEC")
# Subset the data
final <- covid19otlc.tpe[all.var]
head(final, 5)

##          gTPACK      gPIS PISCO1 PISCO2      POPGEN      POPCLA      POPFED AGE
## 1 -0.5516057 -1.5310263      0      1 -0.37726481 -0.40870916 -0.3781949 40
## 2  0.9724480 -1.3388278      0      1  0.44953973  0.04469573  0.1678385 64
## 3  0.3589668  0.3055426      2      2  0.48244946  0.06474838  0.2943419 31
## 4 -2.0989683  1.0020314      3      2 -1.00380215 -0.06414635 -0.2455269 37
## 5  0.4081004 -0.1668300      1      3  0.09800701  0.81852216  0.4895920 37
##   FEMALE TEACHEXP OTLEXP OTLPREP OTLDAYS OTLSHIFT INSTDEC
## 1      0         5      0      0      1      2      2
## 2      1        23      1      0      1      2      2
## 3      1         7      0      0      1      2      1
## 4      1         7      0      0      0      2      2
## 5      1         7      0      2      1      2      2
#####
## Correlation matrix
## APA format
apa.cor.table(final, filename="Table_FINAL.doc", table.number=5)

##
##
## Table 5
##
## Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals
##
##
## Variable      M      SD      1          2          3          4
## 1. gTPACK      0.00  0.80
##
## 2. gPIS       -0.00  1.18  .36**
##                [.24, .47]
##
## 3. PISCO1      2.60  1.62  .34**      .71**
##                [.22, .45]  [.64, .77]
##
## 4. PISCO2      2.08  1.54  .37**      .72**      .68**
##                [.25, .48]  [.65, .78]  [.60, .74]
##
```

1									
2									
3	##	5. POPGEN	-0.00	0.75	.66**	.35**	.32**	.33**	
4	##				[.58, .73]	[.23, .46]	[.19, .43]	[.21, .45]	
5	##								
6	##	6. POPCLA	0.00	0.65	.62**	.36**	.34**	.28**	
7	##				[.53, .69]	[.24, .47]	[.22, .45]	[.15, .39]	
8	##								
9	##	7. POPFED	-0.00	0.68	.65**	.36**	.33**	.33**	
10	##				[.56, .72]	[.24, .47]	[.21, .44]	[.21, .44]	
11	##								
12	##	8. AGE	43.46	10.65	-.01	-.07	-.08	-.10	
13	##				[-.15, .12]	[-.20, .06]	[-.21, .05]	[-.23, .04]	
14	##								
15	##	9. FEMALE	0.69	0.46	-.11	.05	-.01	-.01	
16	##				[-.24, .02]	[-.08, .18]	[-.14, .12]	[-.14, .12]	
17	##								
18	##	10. TEACHEXP	15.27	10.11	.02	-.02	.01	-.01	
19	##				[-.12, .15]	[-.15, .11]	[-.12, .14]	[-.14, .13]	
20	##								
21	##	11. OTLEXP	0.26	0.44	.29**	.01	.04	.07	
22	##				[.16, .40]	[-.12, .15]	[-.10, .17]	[-.06, .20]	
23	##								
24	##	12. OTLPREP	4.29	11.12	.10	.15*	.12	.17*	
25	##				[-.03, .23]	[.02, .28]	[-.02, .25]	[.03, .30]	
26	##								
27	##	13. OTLDAYS	1.63	1.24	.14*	.03	.03	.07	
28	##				[.01, .27]	[-.10, .17]	[-.11, .16]	[-.06, .21]	
29	##								
30	##	14. OTLSHIFT	1.63	0.57	.09	-.02	.07	-.09	
31	##				[-.04, .22]	[-.15, .11]	[-.06, .20]	[-.22, .05]	
32	##								
33	##	15. INSTDEC	1.61	0.63	.08	.10	.04	.03	
34	##				[-.05, .22]	[-.03, .23]	[-.09, .18]	[-.11, .16]	
35	##								
36	##	5	6	7	8	9	10		
37	##								
38	##								
39	##								
40	##								
41	##								
42	##								
43	##								
44	##								
45	##								
46	##								
47	##								
48	##								
49	##								
50	##								
51	##	.74**							
52	##	[.68, .80]							
53	##								
54	##	.91**	.82**						
55	##	[.88, .93]	[.78, .86]						
56	##								
57									
58									
59									
60									

1							
2							
3	##	.03	-.12	-.04			
4	##	[-.10, .16]	[-.24, .02]	[-.17, .09]			
5	##						
6	##	.02	.05	.11	-.11		
7	##	[-.11, .15]	[-.08, .18]	[-.02, .24]	[-.24, .03]		
8	##						
9	##	.02	-.09	-.01	.73**	.02	
10	##	[-.11, .16]	[-.22, .04]	[-.14, .12]	[.66, .79]	[-.11, .15]	
11	##						
12	##	.19**	.15*	.12	.03	-.21**	.08
13	##	[.06, .32]	[.02, .28]	[-.01, .25]	[-.10, .16]	[-.34, -.08]	[-.05, .21]
14	##						
15	##	.07	.09	.06	.01	-.15*	.03
16	##	[-.07, .20]	[-.05, .22]	[-.07, .20]	[-.13, .15]	[-.28, -.01]	[-.10, .17]
17	##						
18	##	.09	.00	.05	-.00	.06	.06
19	##	[-.05, .22]	[-.13, .14]	[-.09, .18]	[-.14, .13]	[-.07, .19]	[-.08, .19]
20	##						
21	##	.01	.15*	.09	.02	.03	.05
22	##	[-.12, .14]	[.02, .28]	[-.04, .22]	[-.11, .15]	[-.10, .16]	[-.08, .18]
23	##						
24	##	.04	.09	.11	.04	.21**	.01
25	##	[-.10, .17]	[-.05, .22]	[-.02, .24]	[-.09, .18]	[.08, .33]	[-.12, .15]
26	##						
27	##	11	12	13	14		
28	##						
29	##						
30	##						
31	##						
32	##						
33	##						
34	##						
35	##						
36	##						
37	##						
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56	##						
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58							
59							
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```

1
2
3 ##
4 ##
5 ##
6 ## .15*
7 ## [.01, .28]
8 ##
9 ## .05 .25**
10 ## [-.09, .18] [.12, .37]
11 ##
12 ## -.04 -.19** -.13
13 ## [-.17, .10] [-.32, -.06] [-.26, .01]
14 ##
15 ## -.02 -.05 .02 .19**
16 ## [-.16, .11] [-.18, .09] [-.12, .15] [.05, .31]
17 ##
18 ##
19 ## Note. M and SD are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively.
20 ## Values in square brackets indicate the 95% confidence interval.
21 ## The confidence interval is a plausible range of population correlations
22 ## that could have caused the sample correlation (Cumming, 2014).
23 ## * indicates p < .05. ** indicates p < .01.
24 ##

```

```

25 ## Extract the Pearson correlation matrix
26 final.cor <- cor(final, method = "pearson",
27 use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
28 final.cor
29

```

```

30 ##          gTPACK      gPIS      PISCO1      PISCO2      POPGEN
31 ## gTPACK      1.00000000  0.36378376  0.342599667  0.373471844  0.657551951
32 ## gPIS        0.36378376  1.00000000  0.713564097  0.723394309  0.346819967
33 ## PISCO1      0.34259967  0.71356410  1.000000000  0.678503848  0.318422560
34 ## PISCO2      0.37347184  0.72339431  0.678503848  1.000000000  0.333110206
35 ## POPGEN      0.65755195  0.34681997  0.318422560  0.333110206  1.000000000
36 ## POPCLA      0.61935365  0.36031817  0.342974996  0.275622496  0.743304080
37 ## POPFED      0.64509609  0.35978583  0.332187312  0.331718273  0.907107761
38 ## AGE         -0.01397439 -0.07022982 -0.083566288 -0.095108474  0.031235062
39 ## FEMALE      -0.11448192  0.05152851 -0.009629224 -0.009066709  0.021010420
40 ## TEACHEXP    0.01505928 -0.01804544  0.008443395 -0.007285794  0.024202183
41 ## OTLEXP      0.28523085  0.01409912  0.036466801  0.071658274  0.194533036
42 ## OTLPREP     0.10255272  0.15228867  0.116061334  0.167847174  0.068322620
43 ## OTLDAYS     0.14459727  0.03320870  0.028603255  0.074731418  0.086197301
44 ## OTLSHIFT    0.09448201 -0.02005882  0.070607647 -0.086651632  0.007595381
45 ## INSTDEC     0.08366321  0.10225464  0.042048702  0.027601752  0.038758841
46 ##          POPCLA      POPFED      AGE      FEMALE      TEACHEXP
47 ## gTPACK      0.619353648  0.645096087 -0.013974389 -0.114481917  0.015059277
48 ## gPIS        0.360318173  0.359785831 -0.070229824  0.051528509 -0.018045443
49 ## PISCO1      0.342974996  0.332187312 -0.083566288 -0.009629224  0.008443395
50 ## PISCO2      0.275622496  0.331718273 -0.095108474 -0.009066709 -0.007285794
51 ## POPGEN      0.743304080  0.907107761  0.031235062  0.021010420  0.024202183
52 ## POPCLA      1.000000000  0.823311673 -0.116027081  0.050320030 -0.090952768
53 ## POPFED      0.823311673  1.000000000 -0.042948382  0.113935021 -0.008990708
54 ## AGE         -0.116027081 -0.042948382  1.000000000 -0.107016958  0.728463774
55 ## FEMALE      0.050320030  0.113935021 -0.107016958  1.000000000  0.021706925
56 ## TEACHEXP   -0.090952768 -0.008990708  0.728463774  0.021706925  1.000000000
57
58
59

```

```

1
2
3      ## OTLEXP      0.150956935  0.124640703  0.030373818 -0.213627397  0.080517596
4      ## OTLPREP     0.085158187  0.063777109  0.010993065 -0.149837931  0.032852959
5      ## OTLDAYS     0.001710276  0.045011585 -0.003229284  0.061152369  0.056407702
6      ## OTLSHIFT    0.153779937  0.088270726  0.018498793  0.029401356  0.049744250
7      ## INSTDEC     0.089537145  0.113681906  0.041903106  0.209552786  0.012983900
8      ##           OTLEXP      OTLPREP      OTLDAYS      OTLSHIFT      INSTDEC
9      ## gTPACK      0.28523085  0.10255272  0.144597274  0.094482015  0.08366321
10     ## gPIS        0.01409912  0.15228867  0.033208701 -0.020058820  0.10225464
11     ## PISCO1      0.03646680  0.11606133  0.028603255  0.070607647  0.04204870
12     ## PISCO2      0.07165827  0.16784717  0.074731418 -0.086651632  0.02760175
13     ## POPGEN      0.19453304  0.06832262  0.086197301  0.007595381  0.03875884
14     ## POPCLA      0.15095694  0.08515819  0.001710276  0.153779937  0.08953714
15     ## POPFED      0.12464070  0.06377711  0.045011585  0.088270726  0.11368191
16     ## AGE         0.03037382  0.01099307 -0.003229284  0.018498793  0.04190311
17     ## FEMALE     -0.21362740 -0.14983793  0.061152369  0.029401356  0.20955279
18     ## TEACHEXP    0.08051760  0.03285296  0.056407702  0.049744250  0.01298390
19     ## OTLEXP      1.00000000  0.14969646  0.047868357 -0.035304724 -0.02252669
20     ## OTLPREP     0.14969646  1.00000000  0.248670442 -0.191591921 -0.04946236
21     ## OTLDAYS     0.04786836  0.24867044  1.000000000 -0.126775001  0.01865658
22     ## OTLSHIFT   -0.03530472 -0.19159192 -0.126775001  1.000000000  0.18682486
23     ## INSTDEC    -0.02252669 -0.04946236  0.018656584  0.186824865  1.00000000

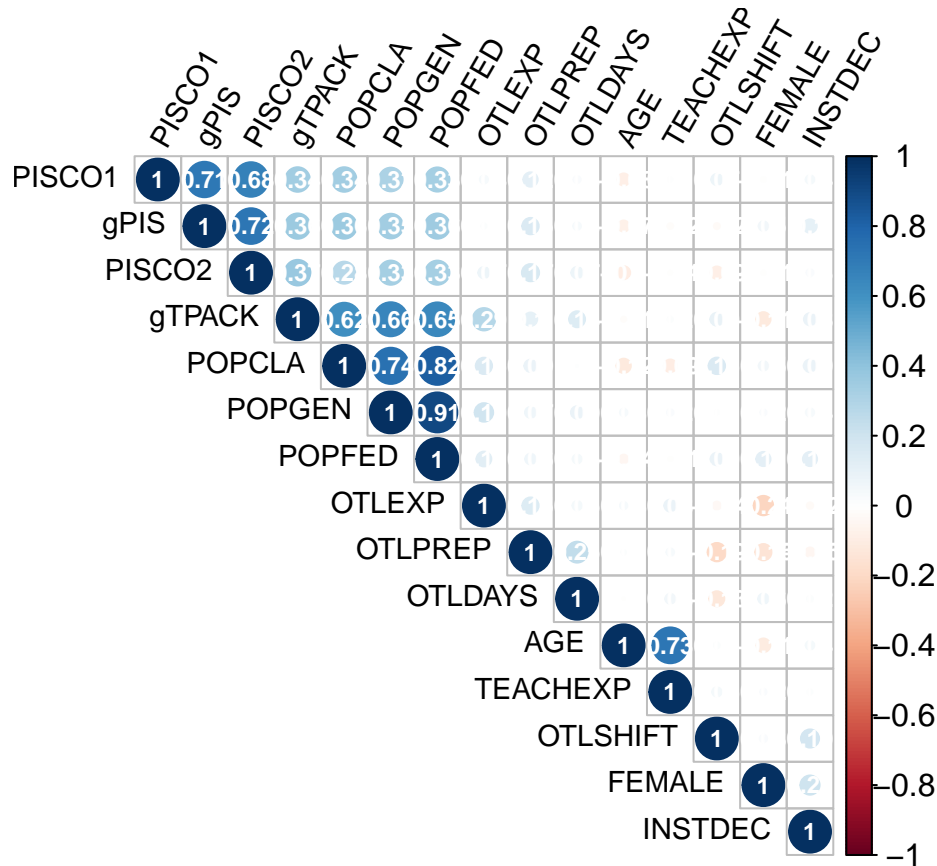
```

```
## Correlogram
```

```

corrplot(final.cor, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
          tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
          addCoef.col = "white",
          number.cex = 0.75,
          cl.cex = 1,
          tl.cex = 0.9)

```



#####

Profile indicators

#####

```
## Select the data
pro.var <- c("gTPACK", "gPIS", "PISCO1", "PISCO2",
            "POPGEN", "POPCLA", "POPFED")
# Subset the data
final.pro <- covid19otlc.tpe[pro.var]
head(final.pro, 5)
```

##	gTPACK	gPIS	PISCO1	PISCO2	POPGEN	POPCLA	POPFED
## 1	-0.5516057	-1.5310263	0	1	-0.37726481	-0.40870916	-0.3781949
## 2	0.9724480	-1.3388278	0	1	0.44953973	0.04469573	0.1678385
## 3	0.3589668	0.3055426	2	2	0.48244946	0.06474838	0.2943419
## 4	-2.0989683	1.0020314	3	2	-1.00380215	-0.06414635	-0.2455269
## 5	0.4081004	-0.1668300	1	3	0.09800701	0.81852216	0.4895920

#####

```
## Correlation matrix
## APA format
apa.cor.table(final.pro, filename="Table_PROFILE.doc", table.number=6)
```

```
##
##
```

Table 6

##

Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals

##

##

##	Variable	M	SD	1	2	3	4	5
##	1. gTPACK	0.00	0.80					
##	2. gPIS	-0.00	1.18	.36**				
##				[.24, .47]				
##	3. PISCO1	2.60	1.62	.34**	.71**			
##				[.22, .45]	[.64, .77]			
##	4. PISCO2	2.08	1.54	.37**	.72**	.68**		
##				[.25, .48]	[.65, .78]	[.60, .74]		
##	5. POPGEN	-0.00	0.75	.66**	.35**	.32**	.33**	
##				[.58, .73]	[.23, .46]	[.19, .43]	[.21, .45]	
##	6. POPCLA	0.00	0.65	.62**	.36**	.34**	.28**	.74**
##				[.53, .69]	[.24, .47]	[.22, .45]	[.15, .39]	[.68, .80]
##	7. POPFED	-0.00	0.68	.65**	.36**	.33**	.33**	.91**
##				[.56, .72]	[.24, .47]	[.21, .44]	[.21, .44]	[.88, .93]

##

##

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##

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6

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

##

.82**

[.78, .86]

##

##

Note. M and SD are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively.

Values in square brackets indicate the 95% confidence interval.

The confidence interval is a plausible range of population correlations

that could have caused the sample correlation (Cumming, 2014).

* indicates $p < .05$. ** indicates $p < .01$.

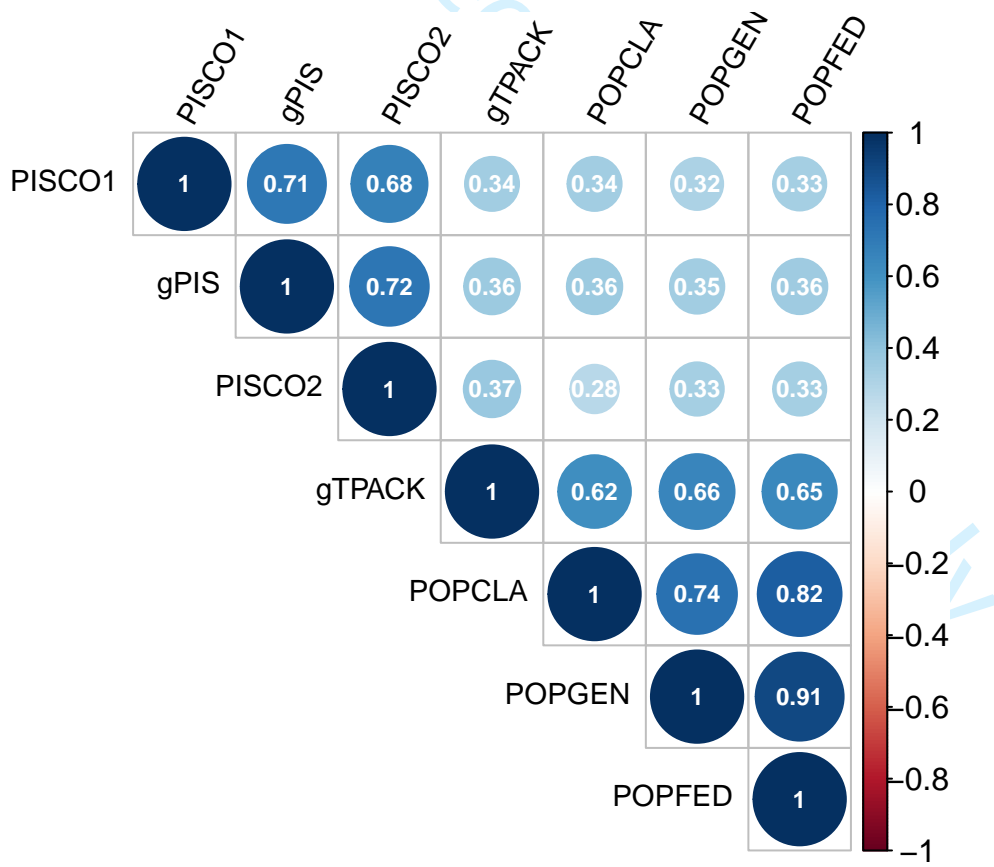
##

##

```

1  ## Extract the Pearson correlation matrix
2  final.pro.cor <- cor(final.pro, method = "pearson",
3  use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
4  final.pro.cor
5
6  ##
7  ##          gTPACK      gPIS      PISCO1      PISCO2      POPGEN      POPCLA      POPFED
8  ## gTPACK  1.0000000  0.3637838  0.3425997  0.3734718  0.6575520  0.6193536  0.6450961
9  ## gPIS    0.3637838  1.0000000  0.7135641  0.7233943  0.3468200  0.3603182  0.3597858
10 ## PISCO1  0.3425997  0.7135641  1.0000000  0.6785038  0.3184226  0.3429750  0.3321873
11 ## PISCO2  0.3734718  0.7233943  0.6785038  1.0000000  0.3331102  0.2756225  0.3317183
12 ## POPGEN  0.6575520  0.3468200  0.3184226  0.3331102  1.0000000  0.7433041  0.9071078
13 ## POPCLA  0.6193536  0.3603182  0.3429750  0.2756225  0.7433041  1.0000000  0.8233117
14 ## POPFED  0.6450961  0.3597858  0.3321873  0.3317183  0.9071078  0.8233117  1.0000000
15
16  ## Correlogram
17  corrpplot(final.pro.cor, type = "upper", order = "hclust",
18  tl.col = "black", tl.srt = 60,
19  addCoef.col = "white",
20  number.cex = 0.75,
21  cl.cex = 1,
22  tl.cex = 0.9)
23

```



#####

Extract the data for Mplus

```

1
2
3
4
5
6  ## Save the data file
7  # csv-file
8  write.csv2(covid19otlc.tpe, file = "COVID19OTLC-TPE-LPA.csv",
9            row.names = FALSE)
10
11 # dat-file
12 write.table(covid19otlc.tpe, file = "COVID19OTLC-TPE-LPA.dat",
13            sep = "\t", dec = ".", na = "-999",
14            col.names = FALSE, row.names = FALSE)
15
16 # Variable (column) names
17 colnames(covid19otlc.tpe)
18
19 ## [1] "COUNTRYID" "COHORTID" "PERSONID" "UNPERSID" "REGIONID"
20 ## [6] "EDUCATION" "AGE" "FEMALE" "TEACHEXP" "SUBJECT"
21 ## [11] "ONTEACHEXP" "OTLEXP" "ONTEACHPER" "OTLPREP" "OPLAT"
22 ## [16] "OTLSHIFT" "OTLDAYS" "INSTDEC" "TCK1" "TCK2"
23 ## [21] "TPK1" "TPK2" "TPK3" "TPK4" "TPCK1"
24 ## [26] "TPCK2" "TPCK3" "TPCK4" "POTP1" "POTP2"
25 ## [31] "POTP3" "POTP4" "POTP5" "POTP6" "POTP7"
26 ## [36] "POTP8" "POTP9" "POTP10" "POTP11" "POTP12"
27 ## [41] "POTP13" "PIS1" "PIS2" "PIS3" "PIS4"
28 ## [46] "PIS5" "PIS6" "PISCO1" "PISCO2" "GII"
29 ## [51] "GII21" "GII22" "GII23" "GII31" "GII73"
30 ## [56] "SELF" "TEAM" "PORGIN" "STRATIO" "PREPICT"
31 ## [61] "PRACICT" "PDICT" "COOP" "WELS" "PDI"
32 ## [66] "IDV" "MAS" "UAI" "LTO" "IVR"
33 ## [71] "EUROPE" "gTPACK" "gPIS" "POPCLA" "POPFED"
34 ## [76] "POPGEN"
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```

R session info

```
sessionInfo()
```

```
## R version 4.0.2 (2020-06-22)
## Platform: x86_64-apple-darwin17.0 (64-bit)
## Running under: macOS Catalina 10.15.5
##
## Matrix products: default
## BLAS: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRblas.dylib
## LAPACK: /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.0/Resources/lib/libRlapack.dylib
##
## locale:
## [1] en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8/C/en_US.UTF-8/en_US.UTF-8
##
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats graphics grDevices utils datasets methods base
##
## other attached packages:
## [1] dplyr_1.0.0 tidyLPA_1.0.7
## [3] polycor_0.7-10 PerformanceAnalytics_2.0.4
## [5] xts_0.12-0 zoo_1.8-8
## [7] apaTables_2.0.5 ggrepel_0.8.2
## [9] ggpubr_0.4.0 ggplot2_3.3.2
## [11] corrplot_0.84 semPlot_1.1.2
## [13] psych_1.9.12.31 lavaan_0.6-6
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
## [1] readxl_1.3.1 backports_1.1.8 Hmisc_4.4-0
## [4] BDgraph_2.62 plyr_1.8.6 igraph_1.2.5
## [7] GPARotation_2014.11-1 splines_4.0.2 MplusAutomation_0.7-3
## [10] digest_0.6.25 htmltools_0.5.0 matrixcalc_1.0-3
## [13] fansi_0.4.1 magrittr_1.5 Rsolnp_1.16
## [16] checkmate_2.0.0 lisrelToR_0.1.4 cluster_2.1.0
## [19] openxlsx_4.1.5 jpeg_0.1-8.1 sem_3.1-11
## [22] colorspace_1.4-1 haven_2.3.1 xfun_0.15
## [25] crayon_1.3.4 lme4_1.1-23 regsem_1.5.2
## [28] survival_3.1-12 glue_1.4.1 gtable_0.3.0
## [31] mi_1.0 car_3.0-8 abind_1.4-5
## [34] scales_1.1.1 rstatix_0.6.0 Rcpp_1.0.4.6
## [37] xtable_1.8-4 htmlTable_2.0.0 tmvnsim_1.0-2
## [40] mclust_5.4.6 foreign_0.8-80 Formula_1.2-3
## [43] stats4_4.0.2 truncnorm_1.0-8 htmlwidgets_1.5.1
## [46] httr_1.4.1 RColorBrewer_1.1-2 acepack_1.4.1
## [49] ellipsis_0.3.1 farver_2.0.3 pkgconfig_2.0.3
## [52] XML_3.99-0.3 nnet_7.3-14 kutils_1.70
## [55] utf8_1.1.4 labeling_0.3 tidyselect_1.1.0
## [58] rlang_0.4.6 reshape2_1.4.4 munsell_0.5.0
## [61] cellranger_1.1.0 tools_4.0.2 cli_2.0.2
## [64] gsubfn_0.7 generics_0.0.2 broom_0.5.6
## [67] fdrtool_1.2.15 evaluate_0.14 stringr_1.4.0
## [70] arm_1.11-1 yaml_2.2.1 knitr_1.29
## [73] zip_2.0.4 pander_0.6.3 purrr_0.3.4
```

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## [76]	glasso_1.11	pbapply_1.4-2	nlme_3.1-148
## [79]	whisker_0.4	compiler_4.0.2	rstudioapi_0.11
## [82]	curl_4.3	png_0.1-7	ggsignif_0.6.0
## [85]	mix_1.0-10	huge_1.3.4.1	tibble_3.0.1
## [88]	statmod_1.4.34	pbivnorm_0.6.0	stringi_1.4.6
## [91]	qgraph_1.6.5	rockchalk_1.8.144	forcats_0.5.0
## [94]	lattice_0.20-41	texreg_1.37.4	Matrix_1.2-18
## [97]	nloptr_1.2.2.1	vctr_0.3.1	pillar_1.4.4
## [100]	lifecycle_0.2.0	OpenMx_2.17.4	data.table_1.12.8
## [103]	corpcor_1.6.9	R6_2.4.1	latticeExtra_0.6-29
## [106]	gridExtra_2.3	rio_0.5.16	codetools_0.2-16
## [109]	assertthat_0.2.1	boot_1.3-25	MASS_7.3-51.6
## [112]	gtools_3.8.2	proto_1.0.0	rjson_0.2.20
## [115]	withr_2.2.0	mnormt_2.0.0	parallel_4.0.2
## [118]	hms_0.5.3	quadprog_1.5-8	grid_4.0.2
## [121]	rpart_4.1-15	tidyr_1.1.0	coda_0.19-3
## [124]	minqa_1.2.4	rmarkdown_2.3	carData_3.0-4
## [127]	d3Network_0.5.2.1	base64enc_0.1-3	

Supplementary Material S2

Ready, set, go! Profiling readiness for online teaching

Contents

Mplus sample code of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles	... S2
Mplus sample code of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles and covariates using the direct-inclusion approach	... S4
Mplus sample code of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles and covariates using the indirect auxiliary-variables approach (R3STEP)	... S7
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Results of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles and covariates using the direct-inclusion approach	... S12
Item-Level Descriptive Statistics and Correlations	... S14

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S2

Mplus sample code of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles

```

1
2
3
4
5     TITLE:    COVID-19 Readiness Survey
6             Latent profile analysis
7
8
9     DATA:    FILE IS COVID19OTLC-TPE-LPA.dat;
10            FORMAT IS FREE;
11
12    VARIABLE:
13            NAMES ARE
14                COUNTRYID COHORTID PERSONID UNPERSID REGIONID
15                EDUCATION AGE FEMALE TEACHEXP SUBJECT
16                ONTEACHEXP OTLEXP ONTEACHPER OTLPREP OPLAT
17                OTLSHIFT OTLDAYS INSTDEC
18                TCK1 TCK2
19                TPK1 TPK2 TPK3 TPK4
20                TPCK1 TPCK2 TPCK3 TPCK4
21                POTP1-POTP13
22                PIS1-PIS6 PISCO1 PISCO2
23                GII GII21 GII22 GII23 GII31 GII73
24                SELF TEAM PORGIN STRATIO PREPICT
25                PRACICT PDICT COOP WELS
26                PDI IDV MAS UAI LTO IVR
27                gTPACK gPIS POPCLA POPFED POPGEN;
28
29
30
31    MISSING ARE ALL(-999);
32    ! Indicate how missing values are coded
33
34
35    IDVARIABLE = UNPERSID;
36    ! Teacher ID to appear in the output files
37
38
39    CLUSTER = COUNTRYID;
40    ! Clustering of teacher data in countries
41
42
43    USEVARIABLES ARE
44    gTPACK gPIS PISCO1 PISCO2 POPCLA POPFED POPGEN;
45    ! Specify the profile indicators
46
47
48    CLASSES = c(4);
49    ! Number of classes to be extracted
50
51
52    DEFINE:
53    CENTER PISCO1 PISCO2 (grandmean);
54    ! Grandmean-centering of selected variables
55
56
57    ANALYSIS:
58    TYPE = MIXTURE COMPLEX;
59    ESTIMATOR = MLR;
60    PROCESSORS = 8 (STARTS);
61    H1ITERATIONS = 100000;

```

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S3

```
1
2
3     STARTS = 2000 100;
4
5
```

```
6 MODEL:
```

```
7     %OVERALL%
```

```
9     %c#1%
```

```
10    ! Means freely estimated
```

```
11    [gTPACK-POPGEN];
```

```
13    ! Allow for variances
```

```
14    gTPACK-POPGEN;
```

```
18    %c#2%
```

```
19    ! Means freely estimated
```

```
20    [gTPACK-POPGEN];
```

```
22    ! Allow for variances
```

```
23    gTPACK-POPGEN;
```

```
26    %c#3%
```

```
27    ! Means freely estimated
```

```
28    [gTPACK-POPGEN];
```

```
30    ! Allow for variances
```

```
31    gTPACK-POPGEN;
```

```
34    %c#4%
```

```
35    ! Means freely estimated
```

```
36    [gTPACK-POPGEN];
```

```
38    ! Allow for variances
```

```
39    gTPACK-POPGEN;
```

```
42 OUTPUT:
```

```
43     STDYX;
```

```
44     CINTERVAL;
```

```
45     TECH1;
```

```
46     TECH7;
```

```
47     TECH11;
```

```
48     TECH14;
```

```
49     SVALUES;
```

```
52 SAVEDATA:
```

```
53     file is LPA4v-CPROB.dat ;
```

```
54     save is cprob;
```

```
55     format is free;
```

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S4

**Mplus sample code of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles and
covariates using the direct-inclusion approach**

```

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8 TITLE: COVID-19 Readiness Survey
9 Latent profile analysis with covariates
10 Direct inclusion approach
11
12 DATA: FILE IS COVID19OTLC-TPE-LPA.dat;
13 FORMAT IS FREE;
14
15 VARIABLE:
16 NAMES ARE
17 COUNTRYID COHORTID PERSONID UNPERSID REGIONID
18 EDUCATION AGE FEMALE TEACHEXP SUBJECT
19 ONTEACHEXP OTLEXP ONTEACHER OTLPREP OPLAT
20 OTLSHIFT OTLDAYS INSTDEC
21 TCK1 TCK2
22 TPK1 TPK2 TPK3 TPK4
23 TPCK1 TPCK2 TPCK3 TPCK4
24 POTP1-POTP13
25 PIS1-PIS6 PISCO1 PISCO2
26 GII GII21 GII22 GII23 GII31 GII73
27 SELF TEAM PORGIN STRATIO PREPICKT
28 PRACICT PDICT COOP WELS
29 PDI IDV MAS UAI LTO IVR
30 gTPACK gPIS POPCLA POPFED POPGEN;
31
32 MISSING ARE ALL(-999);
33 ! Indicate how missing values are coded
34
35 IDVARIABLE = UNPERSID;
36 ! Teacher ID to appear in the output files
37
38 CLUSTER = COUNTRYID;
39 ! Clustering of teacher data in countries
40
41 USEVARIABLES ARE
42 gTPACK gPIS PISCO1 PISCO2 POPCLA POPFED POPGEN
43 AGE FEMALE TEACHEXP
44 OTLEXP OTLPREP OTLDAYS OTLSHIFT INSTDEC;
45 ! Specify the profile indicators and covariates
46
47 CLASSES = c(4);
48 ! Number of classes to be extracted
49
50 DEFINE:
51 CENTER PISCO1 PISCO2 (grandmean);
52 ! Grandmean-centering of selected variables
53
54
55
56
57
58
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```

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S5

ANALYSIS:

```
TYPE = MIXTURE COMPLEX;  
ESTIMATOR = MLR;  
PROCESSORS = 8 (STARTS);  
H1ITERATIONS = 100000;  
STARTS = 2000 100;
```

MODEL:

```
%OVERALL%  
! Regression model  
c#1-c#3 ON  
    AGE  
    FEMALE  
    TEACHEXP  
    OTLEXP  
    OTLPREP  
    OTLDAYS  
    OTLSHIFT  
    INSTDEC;  
  
%c#1%  
! Means freely estimated  
[gTPACK-POPGEN];  
  
! Allow for variances  
gTPACK-POPGEN;  
  
%c#2%  
! Means freely estimated  
[gTPACK-POPGEN];  
  
! Allow for variances  
gTPACK-POPGEN;  
  
%c#3%  
! Means freely estimated  
[gTPACK-POPGEN];  
  
! Allow for variances  
gTPACK-POPGEN;  
  
%c#4%  
! Means freely estimated  
[gTPACK-POPGEN];  
  
! Allow for variances  
gTPACK-POPGEN;
```

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

OUTPUT:

STDYX;
CINTERVAL;
TECH1;
TECH7;
TECH11;
TECH14;
SVALUES;

For Peer Review Only

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S7

Mplus sample code of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles and covariates using the indirect auxiliary-variables approach (R3STEP)

```

1
2
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6
7
8 TITLE: COVID-19 Readiness Survey
9 Latent profile analysis with covariates
10 R3STEP approach
11
12 DATA: FILE IS COVID19OTLC-TPE-LPA.dat;
13 FORMAT IS FREE;
14
15 VARIABLE:
16 NAMES ARE
17 COUNTRYID COHORTID PERSONID UNPERSID REGIONID
18 EDUCATION AGE FEMALE TEACHEXP SUBJECT
19 ONTEACHEXP OTLEXP ONTEACHPER OTLPREP OPLAT
20 OTLSHIFT OTLDAYS INSTDEC
21 TCK1 TCK2
22 TPK1 TPK2 TPK3 TPK4
23 TPCK1 TPCK2 TPCK3 TPCK4
24 POTP1-POTP13
25 PIS1-PIS6 PISCO1 PISCO2
26 GII GII21 GII22 GII23 GII31 GII73
27 SELF TEAM PORGIN STRATIO PREPICT
28 PRACICT PDICT COOP WELS
29 PDI IDV MAS UAI LTO IVR
30 gTPACK gPIS POPCLA POPFED POPGEN;
31
32 MISSING ARE ALL(-999);
33 ! Indicate how missing values are coded
34
35 IDVARIABLE = UNPERSID;
36 ! Teacher ID to appear in the output files
37
38 CLUSTER = COUNTRYID;
39 ! Clustering of teacher data in countries
40
41 USEVARIABLES ARE
42 gTPACK gPIS PISCO1 PISCO2 POPCLA POPFED POPGEN
43 AGE FEMALE TEACHEXP
44 OTLEXP OTLPREP OTLDAYS OTLSHIFT INSTDEC;
45 ! Specify the profile indicators and covariates
46
47 CLASSES = c(4);
48 ! Number of classes to be extracted
49
50 AUXILIARY ARE
51 AGE(r3step)
52 FEMALE(r3step)
53 TEACHEXP(r3step)
54 OTLEXP(r3step)
55
56
57
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59
60

```

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S8

```
1
2
3           OTLPREP(r3step)
4           OTLDAYS(r3step)
5           OTLSHIFT(r3step)
6           INSTDEC(r3step);
7       ! Specify the covariates as auxiliary variables
8
9
10
11  DEFINE:
12       CENTER PISCO1 PISCO2(grandmean);
13       ! Grandmean-centering of selected variables
14
15
16
17  ANALYSIS:
18       TYPE = MIXTURE COMPLEX;
19       ESTIMATOR = MLR;
20       PROCESSORS = 8 (STARTS);
21       H1ITERATIONS = 100000;
22       STARTS = 2000 100;
23
24
25
26  MODEL:
27       %OVERALL%
28
29       %c#1%
30       ! Means freely estimated
31       [gTPACK-POPGEN];
32
33       ! Allow for variances
34       gTPACK-POPGEN;
35
36
37
38       %c#2%
39       ! Means freely estimated
40       [gTPACK-POPGEN];
41
42       ! Allow for variances
43       gTPACK-POPGEN;
44
45
46       %c#3%
47       ! Means freely estimated
48       [gTPACK-POPGEN];
49
50       ! Allow for variances
51       gTPACK-POPGEN;
52
53
54       %c#4%
55       ! Means freely estimated
56       [gTPACK-POPGEN];
57
58       ! Allow for variances
59       gTPACK-POPGEN;
60
```


SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S9

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OUTPUT:

STDYX;

CINTERVAL;

TECH1;

TECH7;

TECH11;

TECH14;

SVALUES;

For Peer Review Only

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S10

Results of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles and covariates using the indirect-inclusion approach with covariates as auxiliary variables (R3STEP)

*Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1** vs. **PROFILE 4** as the outcome variable*

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	-0.028	0.014	0.972	0.038
FEMALE	0.146	0.297	1.157	0.623
TEACHEXP	0.036	0.022	1.036	0.102
OTLEXP	-2.399	0.420	0.091	0.000
OTLPREP	-0.070	0.072	0.932	0.331
OTLDAYS	-0.297	0.253	0.743	0.239
OTLSHIFT	-0.099	0.612	0.906	0.872
INSTDEC	-0.651	0.356	0.522	0.067

*Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 2** vs. **PROFILE 4** as the outcome variable*

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	0.030	0.021	1.031	0.147
FEMALE	-1.069	0.278	0.343	0.000
TEACHEXP	-0.006	0.021	0.994	0.763
OTLEXP	-1.726	0.544	0.178	0.002
OTLPREP	-0.174	0.114	0.840	0.128
OTLDAYS	0.018	0.232	1.018	0.938
OTLSHIFT	-0.042	0.578	0.959	0.943
INSTDEC	-0.251	0.291	0.778	0.387

*Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 3** vs. **PROFILE 4** as the outcome variable*

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	0.014	0.024	1.014	0.558
FEMALE	-0.689	0.569	0.502	0.226
TEACHEXP	0.005	0.024	1.005	0.835
OTLEXP	-0.996	0.294	0.369	0.001
OTLPREP	-0.046	0.023	0.955	0.040
OTLDAYS	0.256	0.122	1.292	0.035
OTLSHIFT	-0.475	0.505	0.622	0.347
INSTDEC	-0.021	0.264	0.979	0.936

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S11

1
2
3 *Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 3** vs. **PROFILE 2** as the*
4 *outcome variable*
5

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	-0.016	0.012	0.984	0.180
FEMALE	0.381	0.412	1.464	0.355
TEACHEXP	0.011	0.016	1.011	0.476
OTLEXP	0.730	0.392	2.075	0.062
OTLPREP	0.128	0.107	1.136	0.234
OTLDAYS	0.238	0.252	1.269	0.344
OTLSHIFT	-0.433	0.231	0.648	0.061
INSTDEC	0.230	0.299	1.259	0.442

19
20
21 *Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1** vs. **PROFILE 2** as the*
22 *outcome variable*
23

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	-0.059	0.017	0.943	0.001
FEMALE	1.216	0.324	3.372	0.000
TEACHEXP	0.042	0.014	1.043	0.003
OTLEXP	-0.674	0.382	0.510	0.078
OTLPREP	0.104	0.111	1.110	0.347
OTLDAYS	-0.316	0.149	0.729	0.035
OTLSHIFT	-0.057	0.441	0.945	0.897
INSTDEC	-0.399	0.193	0.671	0.039

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39 *Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1** vs. **PROFILE 3** as the*
40 *outcome variable*
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<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	-0.042	0.021	0.959	0.039
FEMALE	0.835	0.470	2.304	0.076
TEACHEXP	0.030	0.014	1.031	0.030
OTLEXP	-1.403	0.217	0.246	0.000
OTLPREP	-0.024	0.052	0.976	0.648
OTLDAYS	-0.554	0.285	0.575	0.052
OTLSHIFT	0.377	0.373	1.457	0.312
INSTDEC	-0.630	0.404	0.533	0.119

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S12

Results of the Latent Profile Analysis (LPA) with four profiles and covariates using the direct-inclusion approach

*Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1** vs. **PROFILE 4** as the outcome variable*

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	-0.030	0.013	0.971	0.020
FEMALE	0.088	0.297	1.092	0.767
TEACHEXP	0.030	0.022	1.030	0.164
OTLEXP	-2.518	0.520	0.081	0.000
OTLPREP	-0.092	0.076	0.912	0.221
OTLDAYS	-0.365	0.227	0.694	0.108
OTLSHIFT	-0.278	0.639	0.757	0.663
INSTDEC	-0.567	0.305	0.567	0.063

*Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 2** vs. **PROFILE 4** as the outcome variable*

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	0.024	0.024	1.025	0.308
FEMALE	-1.045	0.318	0.352	0.001
TEACHEXP	-0.002	0.020	0.998	0.904
OTLEXP	-1.498	0.673	0.224	0.026
OTLPREP	-0.158	0.090	0.854	0.080
OTLDAYS	0.020	0.189	1.020	0.916
OTLSHIFT	0.011	0.624	1.011	0.986
INSTDEC	-0.243	0.311	0.784	0.435

*Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 3** vs. **PROFILE 4** as the outcome variable*

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	0.016	0.022	1.016	0.465
FEMALE	-0.689	0.536	0.502	0.199
TEACHEXP	0.007	0.024	1.007	0.760
OTLEXP	-1.082	0.297	0.339	0.000
OTLPREP	-0.043	0.021	0.958	0.038
OTLDAYS	0.260	0.145	1.296	0.074
OTLSHIFT	-0.495	0.512	0.610	0.334
INSTDEC	-0.044	0.242	0.957	0.857

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S13

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2
3 *Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 3** vs. **PROFILE 2** as the*
4 *outcome variable*
5

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	-0.009	0.015	0.991	0.566
FEMALE	0.356	0.406	1.427	0.381
TEACHEXP	0.010	0.013	1.010	0.447
OTLEXP	0.416	0.477	1.516	0.382
OTLPREP	0.115	0.080	1.122	0.153
OTLDAYS	0.240	0.217	1.271	0.269
OTLSHIFT	-0.506	0.282	0.603	0.073
INSTDEC	0.199	0.256	1.221	0.437

19
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21 *Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1** vs. **PROFILE 2** as the*
22 *outcome variable*
23

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	-0.054	0.018	0.947	0.003
FEMALE	1.133	0.377	3.105	0.003
TEACHEXP	0.032	0.015	1.033	0.029
OTLEXP	-1.020	0.465	0.361	0.028
OTLPREP	0.065	0.082	1.068	0.426
OTLDAYS	-0.385	0.167	0.680	0.021
OTLSHIFT	-0.289	0.397	0.749	0.467
INSTDEC	-0.325	0.192	0.723	0.092

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39 *Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1** vs. **PROFILE 3** as the*
40 *outcome variable*
41

<i>Variable</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>SE</i>	<i>OR</i>	<i>p</i>
AGE	-0.045	0.016	0.956	0.004
FEMALE	0.777	0.462	2.175	0.092
TEACHEXP	0.023	0.018	1.023	0.212
OTLEXP	-1.436	0.404	0.238	0.000
OTLPREP	-0.050	0.056	0.952	0.379
OTLDAYS	-0.625	0.304	0.535	0.040
OTLSHIFT	0.217	0.293	1.242	0.460
INSTDEC	-0.524	0.287	0.592	0.068

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Item-Level Descriptive Statistics and Correlations

Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals of the items measuring TPACK self-efficacy

Variable	M	SD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1. TCK1	2.70	1.04									
2. TCK2	2.73	1.14	.66**								
			[.58, .73]								
3. TPK1	2.69	1.01	.66**	.72**							
			[.58, .73]	[.65, .78]							
4. TPK2	2.53	1.09	.67**	.73**	.74**						
			[.59, .74]	[.67, .79]	[.67, .79]						
5. TPK3	2.15	1.07	.53**	.55**	.55**	.59**					
			[.42, .61]	[.45, .64]	[.45, .64]	[.50, .67]					
6. TPK4	2.26	1.06	.41**	.46**	.50**	.55**	.67**				
			[.29, .51]	[.35, .56]	[.39, .59]	[.46, .64]	[.60, .74]				
7. TPCK1	2.27	1.07	.53**	.65**	.66**	.61**	.64**	.60**			
			[.43, .62]	[.57, .72]	[.58, .73]	[.51, .68]	[.55, .71]	[.51, .68]			
8. TPCK2	2.09	1.12	.53**	.59**	.52**	.59**	.56**	.52**	.67**		
			[.43, .62]	[.50, .67]	[.41, .61]	[.50, .67]	[.46, .64]	[.42, .61]	[.59, .74]		
9. TPCK3	2.47	1.12	.56**	.61**	.57**	.66**	.47**	.49**	.58**	.55**	
			[.46, .64]	[.52, .68]	[.48, .66]	[.58, .73]	[.36, .56]	[.38, .58]	[.48, .66]	[.45, .64]	
10. TPCK4	2.30	1.08	.68**	.60**	.63**	.66**	.56**	.49**	.59**	.53**	.62**
			[.60, .74]	[.50, .68]	[.54, .70]	[.58, .73]	[.46, .65]	[.38, .59]	[.50, .67]	[.43, .62]	[.53, .69]

Note. M and SD are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively. Values in square brackets indicate the 95 % confidence interval for each correlation. * p < .05. ** p < .01.

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S15

Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals of the items measuring *institutional support*

Variable	<i>M</i>	<i>SD</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. PIS1	2.40	1.50							
2. PIS2	2.86	1.44	.73**						
			[.67, .79]						
3. PIS3	2.38	1.42	.79**	.78**					
			[.74, .84]	[.73, .83]					
4. PIS4	2.73	1.48	.70**	.75**	.74**				
			[.62, .76]	[.68, .80]	[.68, .80]				
5. PIS5	2.41	1.49	.64**	.69**	.72**	.74**			
			[.56, .71]	[.61, .75]	[.65, .78]	[.68, .80]			
6. PIS6	2.36	1.56	.74**	.78**	.81**	.78**	.79**		
			[.68, .80]	[.72, .82]	[.76, .85]	[.72, .83]	[.73, .83]		
7. PISCO1	2.60	1.62	.54**	.61**	.58**	.70**	.64**	.69**	
			[.43, .62]	[.52, .69]	[.49, .66]	[.63, .76]	[.55, .71]	[.61, .75]	
8. PISCO2	2.08	1.54	.56**	.58**	.67**	.64**	.69**	.68**	.68**
			[.46, .64]	[.49, .66]	[.59, .74]	[.56, .71]	[.61, .75]	[.61, .75]	[.60, .74]

Note. *M* and *SD* are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively. Values in square brackets indicate the 95 % confidence interval for each correlation. * $p < .05$. ** $p < .01$.

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals of items measuring *perceived online teaching presence*

Variable	M	SD	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1. POTP1	3.01	0.81												
2. POTP2	3.03	0.79	.81**											
			[.76, .85]											
3. POTP3	2.85	0.91	.68**	.64**										
			[.60, .75]	[.55, .71]										
4. POTP4	3.10	0.88	.67**	.67**	.67**									
			[.60, .74]	[.59, .74]	[.59, .74]									
5. POTP5	2.64	0.91	.53**	.54**	.52**	.44**								
			[.43, .62]	[.44, .63]	[.42, .61]	[.33, .54]								
6. POTP6	2.69	0.93	.55**	.50**	.51**	.47**	.70**							
			[.46, .64]	[.40, .60]	[.41, .60]	[.36, .56]	[.62, .76]							
7. POTP7	2.38	0.99	.46**	.44**	.48**	.40**	.53**	.62**						
			[.35, .56]	[.33, .54]	[.37, .57]	[.28, .51]	[.43, .62]	[.53, .70]						
8. POTP8	2.5	0.93	.48**	.44**	.44**	.45**	.55**	.60**	.76**					
			[.37, .58]	[.33, .54]	[.33, .54]	[.34, .55]	[.45, .64]	[.51, .68]	[.70, .81]					
9. POTP9	2.48	1.02	.40**	.43**	.42**	.41**	.55**	.56**	.61**	.63**				
			[.28, .50]	[.32, .53]	[.31, .52]	[.29, .51]	[.45, .63]	[.46, .64]	[.53, .69]	[.54, .70]				
10. POTP10	2.25	1.04	.41**	.38**	.45**	.35**	.50**	.51**	.64**	.54**	.56**			
			[.29, .51]	[.26, .49]	[.33, .55]	[.22, .46]	[.39, .59]	[.40, .60]	[.55, .71]	[.43, .62]	[.47, .65]			

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

S17

11. POTP11	2.38	1.05	.50**	.50**	.46**	.48**	.54**	.59**	.65**	.65**	.67**	.69**		
			[.39, .59]	[.39, .59]	[.35, .56]	[.37, .58]	[.44, .63]	[.50, .67]	[.57, .72]	[.56, .72]	[.60, .74]	[.61, .75]		
12. POTP12	2.83	0.94	.46**	.49**	.46**	.41**	.52**	.60**	.45**	.39**	.52**	.44**	.58**	
			[.35, .56]	[.38, .58]	[.35, .56]	[.29, .51]	[.42, .61]	[.50, .67]	[.34, .55]	[.27, .50]	[.41, .61]	[.33, .54]	[.49, .66]	
13. POTP13	2.67	0.98	.34**	.33**	.37**	.25**	.38**	.45**	.35**	.31**	.37**	.32**	.35**	.58**
			[.22, .45]	[.21, .44]	[.25, .48]	[.12, .37]	[.26, .49]	[.34, .55]	[.23, .46]	[.18, .42]	[.25, .48]	[.19, .43]	[.23, .46]	[.48, .66]

Note. *M* and *SD* are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively. Values in square brackets indicate the 95 % confidence interval for each correlation. * $p < .05$. ** $p < .01$.

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

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Supplementary Material S3

Correlation Matrix

Means, standard deviations, and correlations with confidence intervals

Variable	<i>M</i>	<i>SD</i>	1	2	3
1. gTPACK	0.00	0.80			
2. gPIS	0.00	1.18	.36**		
			[.24, .47]		
3. PISCO1	2.60	1.62	.34**	.71**	
			[.22, .45]	[.64, .77]	
4. PISCO2	2.08	1.54	.37**	.72**	.68**
			[.25, .48]	[.65, .78]	[.60, .74]
5. POPGEN	0.00	0.75	.66**	.35**	.32**
			[.58, .73]	[.23, .46]	[.19, .43]
6. POPCLA	0.00	0.65	.62**	.36**	.34**
			[.53, .69]	[.24, .47]	[.22, .45]
7. POPFED	0.00	0.68	.65**	.36**	.33**
			[.56, .72]	[.24, .47]	[.21, .44]
8. AGE	43.46	10.65	-.01	-.07	-.08
			[-.15, .12]	[-.20, .06]	[-.21, .05]
9. FEMALE	0.69	0.46	-.11	.05	-.01
			[-.24, .02]	[-.08, .18]	[-.14, .12]
10. TEACHEXP	15.27	10.11	.02	-.02	.01
			[-.12, .15]	[-.15, .11]	[-.12, .14]
11. OTLEXP	0.26	0.44	.29**	.01	.04
			[.16, .40]	[-.12, .15]	[-.10, .17]
12. OTLPREP	4.29	11.12	.10	.15*	.12
			[-.03, .23]	[.02, .28]	[-.02, .25]
13. OTLDAYS	1.63	1.24	.14*	.03	.03
			[.01, .27]	[-.10, .17]	[-.11, .16]
14. OTLSHIFT	1.63	0.57	.09	-.02	.07
			[-.04, .22]	[-.15, .11]	[-.06, .20]
15. INSTDEC	1.61	0.63	.08	.10	.04
			[-.05, .22]	[-.03, .23]	[-.09, .18]

Note. *M* and *SD* are used to represent mean and standard deviation, respectively. Values *i*

11	12	13	14
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.15*			
[.01, .28]			
.05	.25**		
[-.09, .18]	[.12, .37]		
-.04	-.19**	-.13	
[-.17, .10]	[-.32, -.06]	[-.26, .01]	
-.02	-.05	.02	.19**
[-.16, .11]	[-.18, .09]	[-.12, .15]	[.05, .31]

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Supplementary Material S3

Codebook

Variable	Description
AGE	Age in years
FEMALE	Gender with women as the reference
TEACHEXP	Teaching experience in general
OTLEXP	Online teaching experience before the COVID-19 pandemic
OTLPREP	Online teaching preparation
OTLSHIFT	Online teaching shift
OTLDAYS	Days into online teaching after the beginning of COVID-19
INSTDEC	Institutional decision for online teaching and learning
PISCO1	Perceived institutional support due to the COVID-19 pandemic
PISCO2	Perceived institutional support due to the COVID-19 pandemic
gTPACK	General TPACK self-efficacy (factor score)
gPIS	General perceived institutional support (factor score)
POPCLA	Online presence: Instructional clarity (factor score)

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2	POPFED	Online presence: Feedback and assessment (factor
3		score)
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5	POPCOG	Online presence: Cognitive activation (factor score)
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Item

What is your age?

How do you identify your gender?

How many years have you been teaching?

Have you been teaching online, before COVID-19?

How many days were you given to prepare your subjects/classes to go online?

As a result of COVID-19, did you have to shift your face-to-face subjects/classes to an online platform?

How much time has passed since you had to transition your subjects/classes online?

To what extent did your institution decide that you need to transition your face-to-face subjects/classes to an online platform?

If your institution has asked you to transition your teaching from face-to-face to online, have you been provided with the following... [Additional technical support has been provided to transition face-to-face teaching to online because of COVID-19.]

If your institution has asked you to transition your teaching from face-to-face to online, have you been provided with the following... [Additional pedagogical support has been provided to transition face-to-face teaching to online because of COVID-19.]

Factor score based on items TCK1-TPCK4

Factor score based on items PIS1-PIS6

Factor score based on items POTP1-POTP4

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2 Factor score based on items POTP5-POTP6,
3 POTP12-POTP13

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5 Factor score based on items POTP7-POTP11
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Levels	Construct/Domain
Numeric in years	Background
1=Female, 0=Male, NA=prefer not to say or missing	Background
Numeric in years	Background
1=Yes, 0=No	OTL
Numeric in days	OTL
0=No, none of it. 1=Some of my teaching, 2=Yes, all of it.	OTL
0=Less than 1 week, 1=1-2 weeks, 2=2-4 weeks, 3=1-2 months, 4=2-4	OTL
months, 5=4-6 months, 6=Over half a year ago.	
0=It was not mandatory, 1=It was expected, 2=It was mandatory	OTL
0=completely disagree, 1=disagree, 2=disagree more than agree,	Institutional support
3=agree more than disagree, 4=agree, 5=completely agree	
0=completely disagree, 1=disagree, 2=disagree more than agree,	Institutional support
3=agree more than disagree, 4=agree, 5=completely agree	
Numeric (factor score)	TPACK
Numeric (factor score)	Institutional support
Numeric (factor score)	Online presence

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Numeric (factor score)

Online presence

Numeric (factor score)

Online presence

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Level	Source
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Participant Primary

Participant Primary

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Latent Profile Analysis

Summary

Model	k	LL	Npar	SCF	AIC	BIC
Total sample (N=222)						
One profile	1	-2139.006	14	1.0201	4306.012	4353.649
Two profiles	2	-1888.273	29	1.1282	3834.547	3933.224
Three profiles	3	-1731.877	44	0.8431	3551.753	3701.471
Four profiles	4	-1642.848	59	0.8146	3403.695	3604.453
Five profiles	5	-1549.075	74	0.9864	3246.150	3497.948
Six profiles	6	-1482.811	89	0.8325	3143.622	3446.460

Suggestion:

Accept the model with 4 profiles.

Reasoning:

Although the model with three profiles is statistically preferred with respect to some indic

aBIC	Entropy	p(VLMR-LRT)	p(LMR-LRT)
4309.282	1.000	-	-
3841.321	0.857	0.3061	0.309
3562.031	0.921	0.0461	0.0474
3417.477	0.924	0.2398	0.2413
3263.436	0.935	1.0000	1.0000
3164.412	0.926	1.0000	1.0000

cators, the four-profile model adds a substantively meanir

Notes

Baseline model

Two groups: $n_1=82$ (low), $n_2=140$ (high)

Three groups: $n_1=115$, $n_2=77$, $n_3=30$

Smallest group: 13.6 %; groups distinguishable; one group not captured by the three profiles

Smallest group: 4.7 %; some groups very similar

Smallest group: 4.4 %; some groups very similar

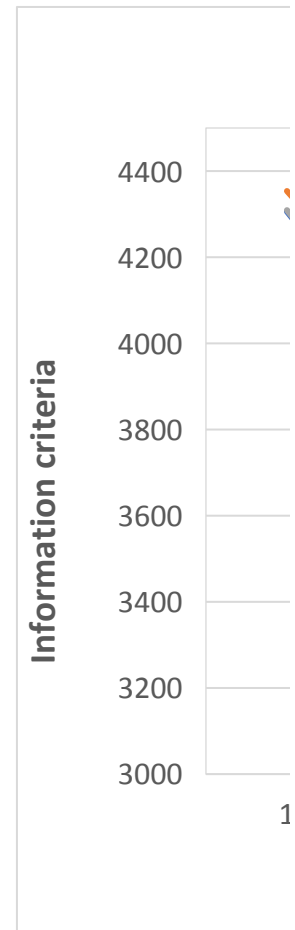
ngful profile of substantial size.

Elbow Plot

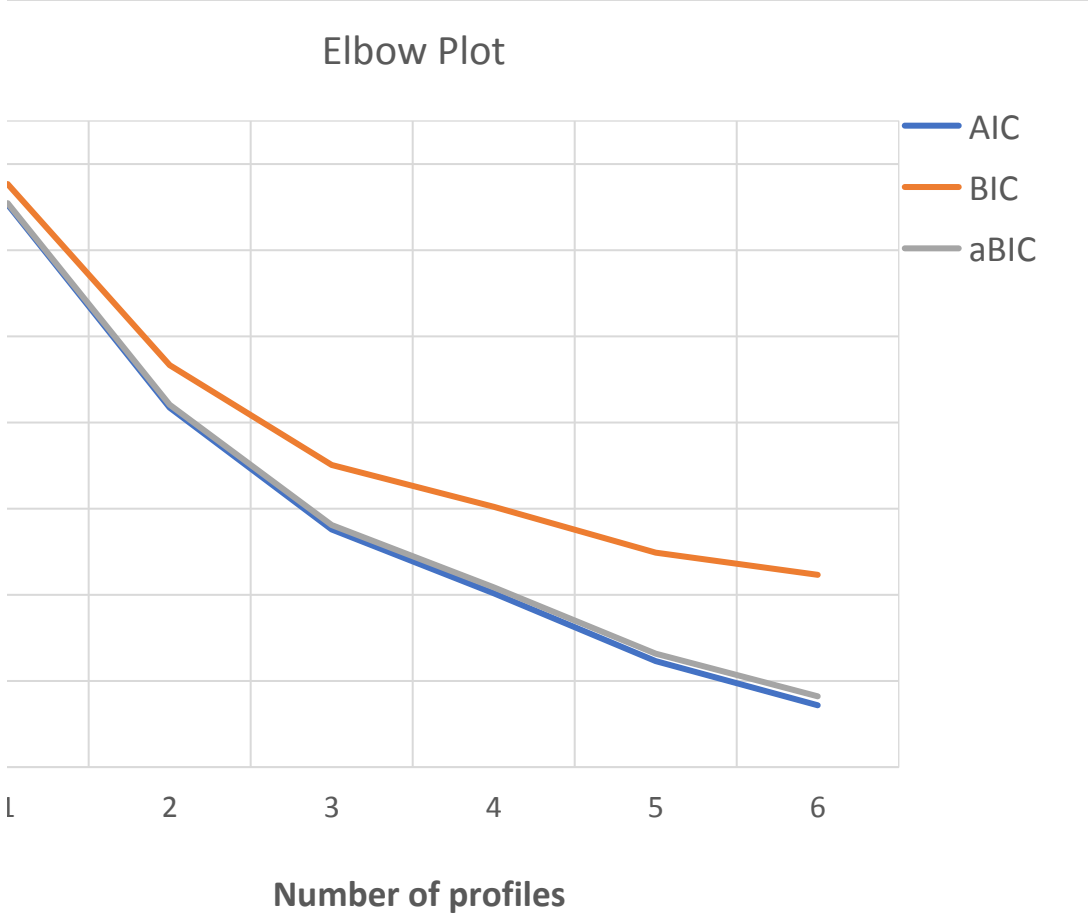
Number of profiles	AIC	BIC	aBIC
1	4306.012	4353.649	4309.282
2	3834.547	3933.224	3841.321
3	3551.753	3701.471	3562.031
4	3403.695	3604.453	3417.477
5	3246.150	3497.948	3263.436
6	3143.622	3446.460	3164.412

Notes:

The plot suggests a solution with 3 or 4 profiles.



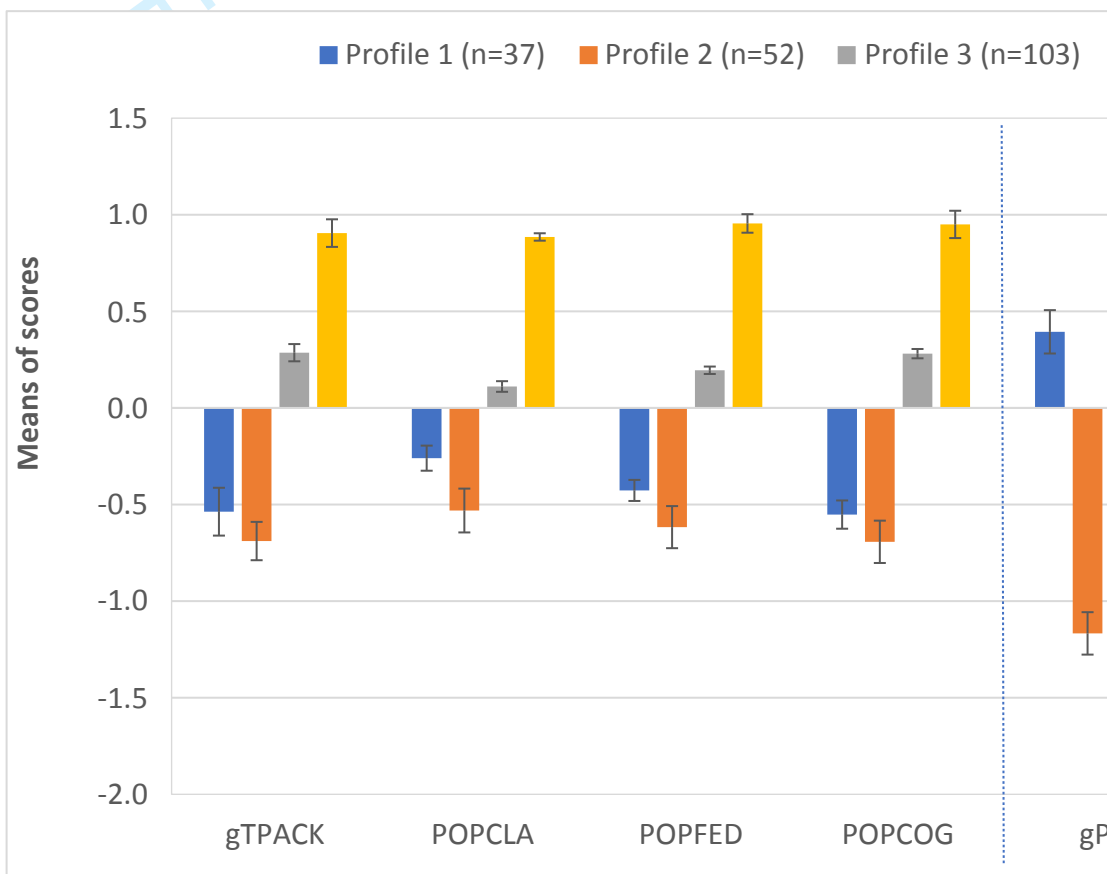
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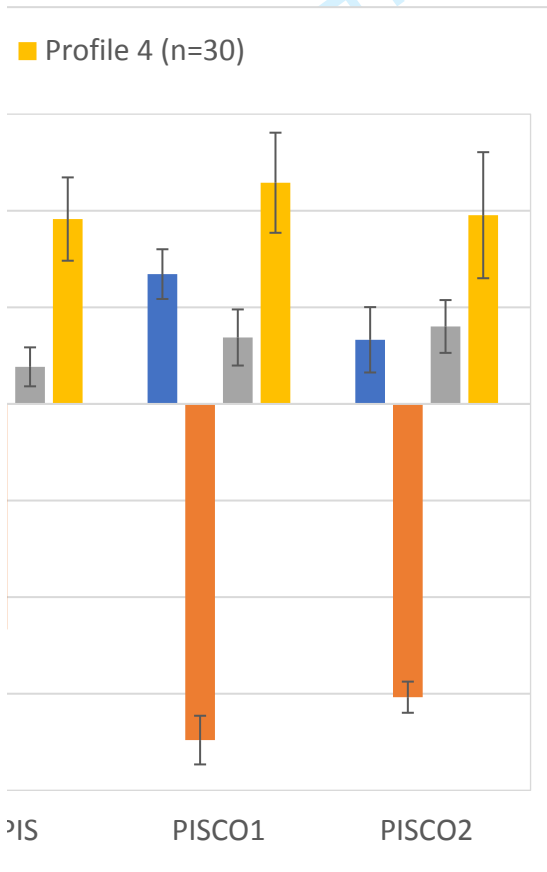
under

	Profile 1 (n=37)	Profile 2 (n=52)	Profile 3 (n=103)	Profile 4 (n=30)	
Means					Variances
gTPACK	-0.537	-0.689	0.286	0.905	gTPACK
POPCLA	-0.26	-0.531	0.111	0.885	POPCLA
POPFED	-0.427	-0.617	0.195	0.955	POPFED
POPCOG	-0.552	-0.693	0.281	0.95	POPCOG
gPIS	0.394	-1.167	0.192	0.957	gPIS
PISCO1	0.672	-1.74	0.344	1.145	PISCO1
PISCO2	0.332	-1.518	0.401	0.977	PISCO2



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Profile 1	Profile 2	Profile 3	Profile 4	SE	Profile 1
0.567	0.512	0.205	0.153	gTPACK	0.12379145
0.156	0.669	0.078	0.011	POPCLA	0.0649324
0.11	0.617	0.038	0.069	POPFED	0.05452498
0.198	0.624	0.06	0.15	POPCOG	0.07315293
0.466	0.627	1.047	1.395	gPIS	0.11222564
0.613	0.825	2.172	2.014	PISCO1	0.12871506
1.059	0.338	1.924	3.193	PISCO2	0.16917926



	Profile 2	Profile 3	Profile 4	Size	Profile 1	Profile 2
	0.09922779	0.04461268	0.07141428	N	37	52
	0.11342568	0.02751875	0.01914854	[%]	16.67%	23.42%
	0.10892835	0.0192076	0.04795832			
	0.10954451	0.02413554	0.07071068			
	0.10980752	0.10082187	0.21563859			
	0.12595787	0.14521494	0.25910101			
	0.08062258	0.13667338	0.32624122			

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Profile 3	Profile 4
103	30
46.40%	13.51%

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Predictors of profile membership at the participant level

PROFILE 4 as the reference

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1 vs. PROFILE 4**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	-0.028	0.014	0.972	0.038	Yes
FEMALE	0.146	0.297	1.157	0.623	No
TEACHEXP	0.036	0.022	1.036	0.102	No
OTLEXP	-2.399	0.420	0.091	0.000	Yes
OTLPREP	-0.070	0.072	0.932	0.331	No
OTLDAYS	-0.297	0.253	0.743	0.239	No
OTLSHIFT	-0.099	0.612	0.906	0.872	No
INSTDEC	-0.651	0.356	0.522	0.067	Yes

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 2 vs. PROFILE 4**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	0.030	0.021	1.031	0.147	No
FEMALE	-1.069	0.278	0.343	0.000	Yes
TEACHEXP	-0.006	0.021	0.994	0.763	No
OTLEXP	-1.726	0.544	0.178	0.002	Yes
OTLPREP	-0.174	0.114	0.840	0.128	No
OTLDAYS	0.018	0.232	1.018	0.938	No
OTLSHIFT	-0.042	0.578	0.959	0.943	No
INSTDEC	-0.251	0.291	0.778	0.387	No

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 3 vs. PROFILE 4**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	0.014	0.024	1.014	0.558	No
FEMALE	-0.689	0.569	0.502	0.226	No
TEACHEXP	0.005	0.024	1.005	0.835	No
OTLEXP	-0.996	0.294	0.369	0.001	Yes
OTLPREP	-0.046	0.023	0.955	0.040	Yes
OTLDAYS	0.256	0.122	1.292	0.035	Yes
OTLSHIFT	-0.475	0.505	0.622	0.347	No
INSTDEC	-0.021	0.264	0.979	0.936	No

PROFILE 2 as the reference

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 3 vs. PROFILE 2**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	-0.016	0.012	0.984	0.180	No
FEMALE	0.381	0.412	1.464	0.355	No
TEACHEXP	0.011	0.016	1.011	0.476	No
OTLEXP	0.730	0.392	2.075	0.062	Yes

OTLPREP	0.128	0.107	1.136	0.234	No
OTLDAYS	0.238	0.252	1.269	0.344	No
OTLSHIFT	-0.433	0.231	0.648	0.061	Yes
INSTDEC	0.230	0.299	1.259	0.442	No

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1 vs. PROFI**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	-0.059	0.017	0.943	0.001	Yes
FEMALE	1.216	0.324	3.372	0.000	Yes
TEACHEXP	0.042	0.014	1.043	0.003	Yes
OTLEXP	-0.674	0.382	0.510	0.078	Yes
OTLPREP	0.104	0.111	1.110	0.347	No
OTLDAYS	-0.316	0.149	0.729	0.035	Yes
OTLSHIFT	-0.057	0.441	0.945	0.897	No
INSTDEC	-0.399	0.193	0.671	0.039	Yes

PROFILE 3 as the reference

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1 vs. PROFI**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	-0.042	0.021	0.959	0.039	Yes
FEMALE	0.835	0.470	2.304	0.076	Yes
TEACHEXP	0.030	0.014	1.031	0.030	Yes
OTLEXP	-1.403	0.217	0.246	0.000	Yes
OTLPREP	-0.024	0.052	0.976	0.648	No
OTLDAYS	-0.554	0.285	0.575	0.052	Yes
OTLSHIFT	0.377	0.373	1.457	0.312	No
INSTDEC	-0.630	0.404	0.533	0.119	No

4-Profile Solution: Indirect-Inclusion Approach (R3STEP) Multinomial logistic regression

FILE 4 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

Older participants were less likely to be assigned to profile 1.

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The more experience with OTL participants had, the less likely they were assigned to profile 1.

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The more enforced the transition to OTL was, the less likely participants were assigned to profile

FILE 4 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

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Men were more likely to be assigned to profile 2.

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The more experience with OTL participants had, the less likely they were assigned to profile 2.

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FILE 4 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

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The more experience with OTL participants had, the less likely they were assigned to profile 3.

The more experience with OTL participants had, the less likely they were assigned to profile 3.

Participants who had spent more days with OTL since the transition were more likely to be assigned

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FILE 2 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

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The more experience with OTL participants had, the more likely they were assigned to profile 3.

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4 Teachers who had to shift only some of their teaching to OTL were more likely to be in profile 3.
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8 **FILE 2** as the outcome variable

9 **Interpretation**

10 Younger teachers were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

11 Female teachers were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

12 Teachers who had more teaching experience were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

13 Teachers who had less experience with OTL were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

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15 Teachers who had been into OTL since the transition more days were less likely to be assigned to

16 -

17 Teachers for whom the transition was not mandatory were more likely to be assigned to profile 1

22 **FILE 3** as the outcome variable

23 **Interpretation**

24 Younger teachers were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

25 Female teachers were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

26 The more experienced teachers were, the more likely they were assigned to profile 1.

27 Teachers who had less experience with OTL were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

28 Teachers who had been into OTL since the transition more days were less likely to be assigned to

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30 Teachers for whom the transition was not mandatory were more likely to be assigned to profile 1

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Predictors of profile membership at the participant level

PROFILE 4 as the reference

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1 vs. PROFILE 4**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	-0.030	0.013	0.971	0.020	Yes
FEMALE	0.088	0.297	1.092	0.767	No
TEACHEXP	0.030	0.022	1.030	0.164	No
OTLEXP	-2.518	0.520	0.081	0.000	Yes
OTLPREP	-0.092	0.076	0.912	0.221	No
OTLDAYS	-0.365	0.227	0.694	0.108	No
OTLSHIFT	-0.278	0.639	0.757	0.663	No
INSTDEC	-0.567	0.305	0.567	0.063	Yes

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 2 vs. PROFILE 4**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	0.024	0.024	1.025	0.308	No
FEMALE	-1.045	0.318	0.352	0.001	Yes
TEACHEXP	-0.002	0.020	0.998	0.904	No
OTLEXP	-1.498	0.673	0.224	0.026	Yes
OTLPREP	-0.158	0.090	0.854	0.080	Yes
OTLDAYS	0.020	0.189	1.020	0.916	No
OTLSHIFT	0.011	0.624	1.011	0.986	No
INSTDEC	-0.243	0.311	0.784	0.435	No

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 3 vs. PROFILE 4**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	0.016	0.022	1.016	0.465	No
FEMALE	-0.689	0.536	0.502	0.199	No
TEACHEXP	0.007	0.024	1.007	0.760	No
OTLEXP	-1.082	0.297	0.339	0.000	Yes
OTLPREP	-0.043	0.021	0.958	0.038	Yes
OTLDAYS	0.260	0.145	1.296	0.074	Yes
OTLSHIFT	-0.495	0.512	0.610	0.334	No
INSTDEC	-0.044	0.242	0.957	0.857	No

PROFILE 2 as the reference

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 3 vs. PROFILE 2**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	-0.009	0.015	0.991	0.566	No
FEMALE	0.356	0.406	1.427	0.381	No
TEACHEXP	0.010	0.013	1.010	0.447	No
OTLEXP	0.416	0.477	1.516	0.382	No

OTLPREP	0.115	0.080	1.122	0.153	No
OTLDAYS	0.240	0.217	1.271	0.269	No
OTLSHIFT	-0.506	0.282	0.603	0.073	Yes
INSTDEC	0.199	0.256	1.221	0.437	No

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1 vs. PROI**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	-0.054	0.018	0.947	0.003	Yes
FEMALE	1.133	0.377	3.105	0.003	Yes
TEACHEXP	0.032	0.015	1.033	0.029	Yes
OTLEXP	-1.020	0.465	0.361	0.028	Yes
OTLPREP	0.065	0.082	1.068	0.426	No
OTLDAYS	-0.385	0.167	0.680	0.021	Yes
OTLSHIFT	-0.289	0.397	0.749	0.467	No
INSTDEC	-0.325	0.192	0.723	0.092	Yes

PROFILE 3 as the reference

Logistic regression: Probability of being assigned to **PROFILE 1 vs. PROI**

Variable	B	SE	OR	p	Predictor
AGE	-0.045	0.016	0.956	0.004	Yes
FEMALE	0.777	0.462	2.175	0.092	Yes
TEACHEXP	0.023	0.018	1.023	0.212	No
OTLEXP	-1.436	0.404	0.238	0.000	Yes
OTLPREP	-0.050	0.056	0.952	0.379	No
OTLDAYS	-0.625	0.304	0.535	0.040	Yes
OTLSHIFT	0.217	0.293	1.242	0.460	No
INSTDEC	-0.524	0.287	0.592	0.068	Yes

4-Profile Solution: Direct-Inclusion Approach

Multinomial logistic regression

FILE 4 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

Older participants were less likely to be assigned to profile 1.

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The more experience with OTL participants had, the less likely they were assigned to profile 1.

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The more enforced the transition to OTL was, the less likely participants were assigned to profile 1.

FILE 4 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

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Men were more likely to be assigned to profile 2.

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The more experience with OTL participants had, the less likely they were assigned to profile 2.

The more preparation time participants had been given for OTL, the less likely they were assigned to profile 2.

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FILE 4 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

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The more experience with OTL participants had, the less likely they were assigned to profile 2.

The more experience with OTL participants had, the less likely they were assigned to profile 2.

Participants who had spent more days with OTL since the transition were more likely to be assigned to profile 2.

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FILE 2 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

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4 Teachers who had to shift only some of their teaching to OTL were more likely to be in p
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FILE 2 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

11 Younger teachers were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

12 Female teachers were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

13 Teachers who had more teaching experience were more likely to be assigned to profile 1

14 Teachers who had less experience with OTL were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

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16 Teachers who had been into OTL since the transition more days were less likely to be ass

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18 Teachers for whom the transition was not mandatory were more likely to be assigned to

FILE 3 as the outcome variable

Interpretation

29 Younger teachers were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

30 Female teachers were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

31 -

32 Teachers who had less experience with OTL were more likely to be assigned to profile 1.

33 Teachers who had been into OTL since the transition more days were less likely to be ass

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35 Teachers for whom the transition was not mandatory were more likely to be assigned to

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profile 1.

to profile 1.



profile 2.

be assigned to profile 2.



profile 3.

profile 3.

be assigned to profile 3.



For Peer Review Only

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profile 3.



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For Peer Review Only